

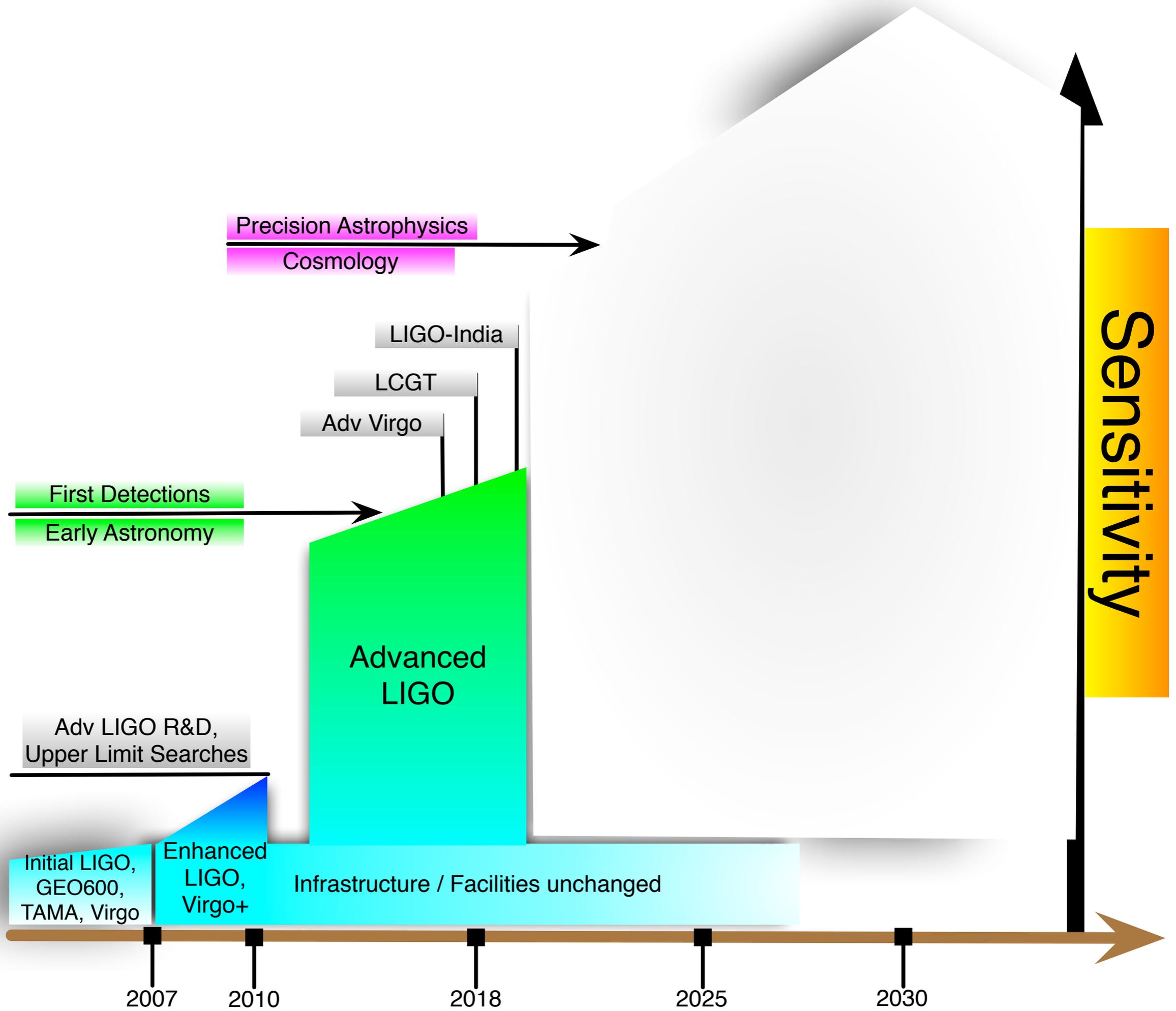
# LIGO III: Blue Concept

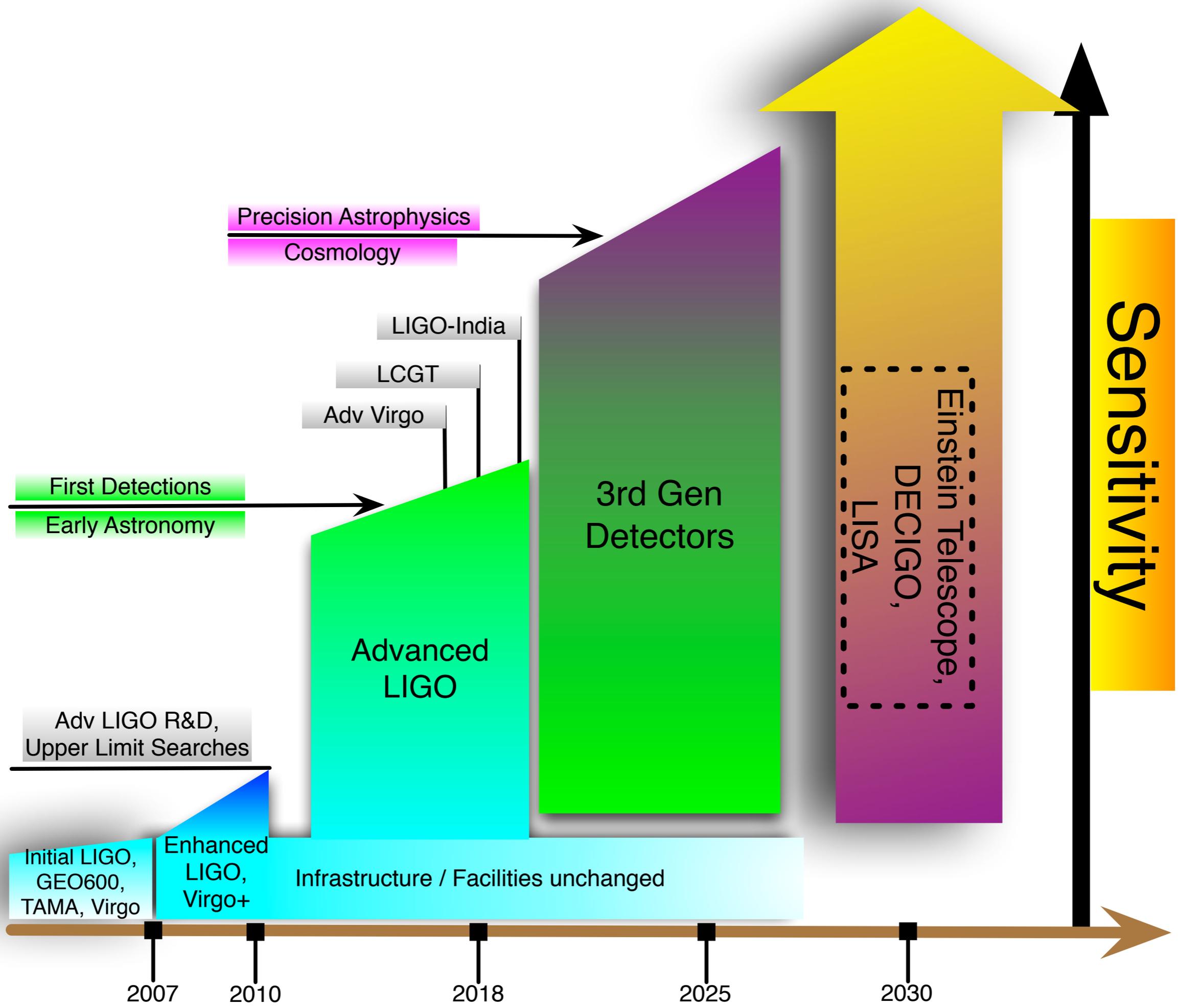


*Where do we come from?  
What are we?  
Where are we going?  
-- Paul Gauguin*

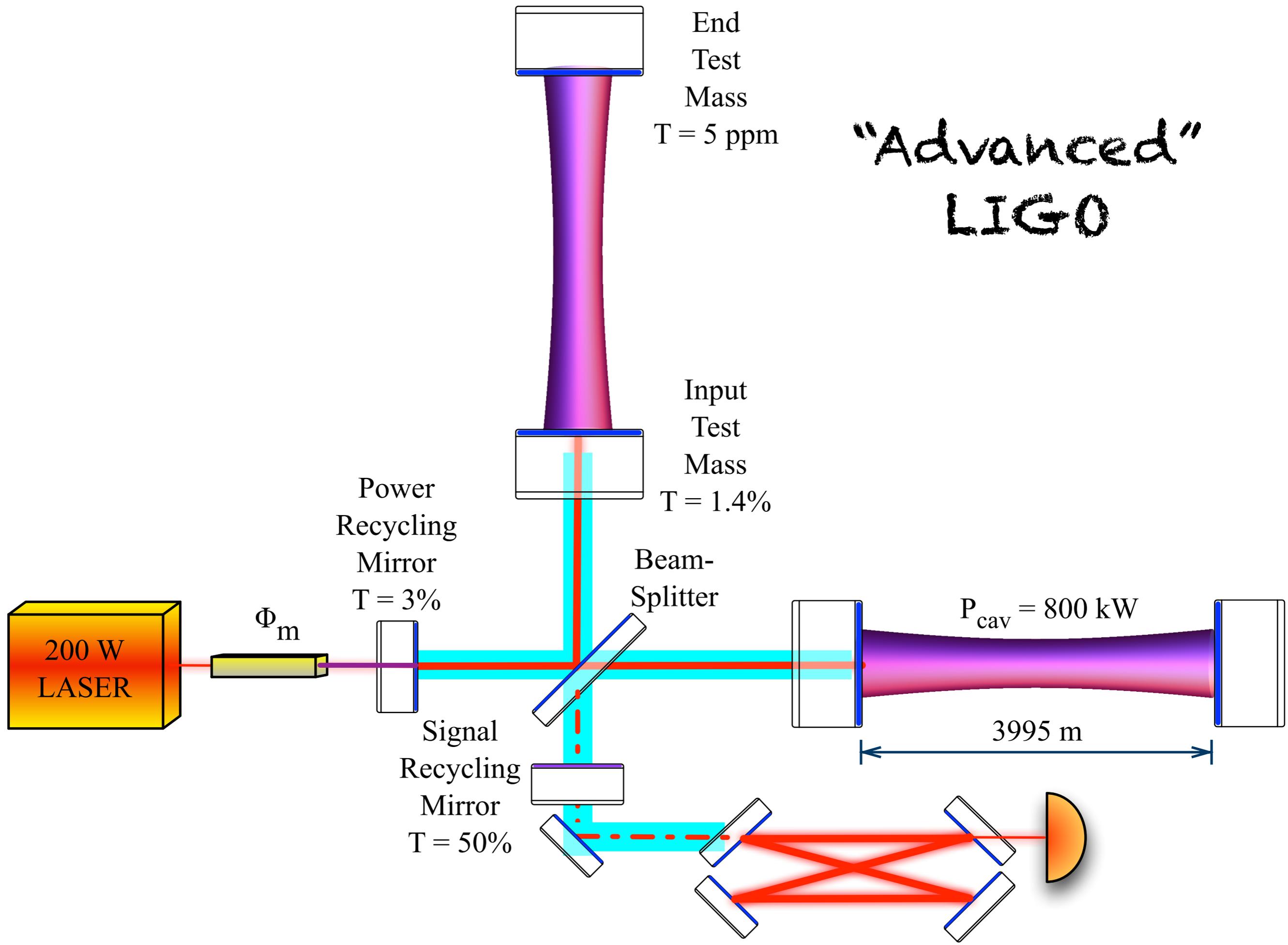
Rana Adhikari for the Blue Team

G1200573-v1





# "Advanced" LIGO



End Test Mass  
 $T = 5 \text{ ppm}$

Input Test Mass  
 $T = 1.4\%$

Power Recycling Mirror  
 $T = 3\%$

Beam-Splitter

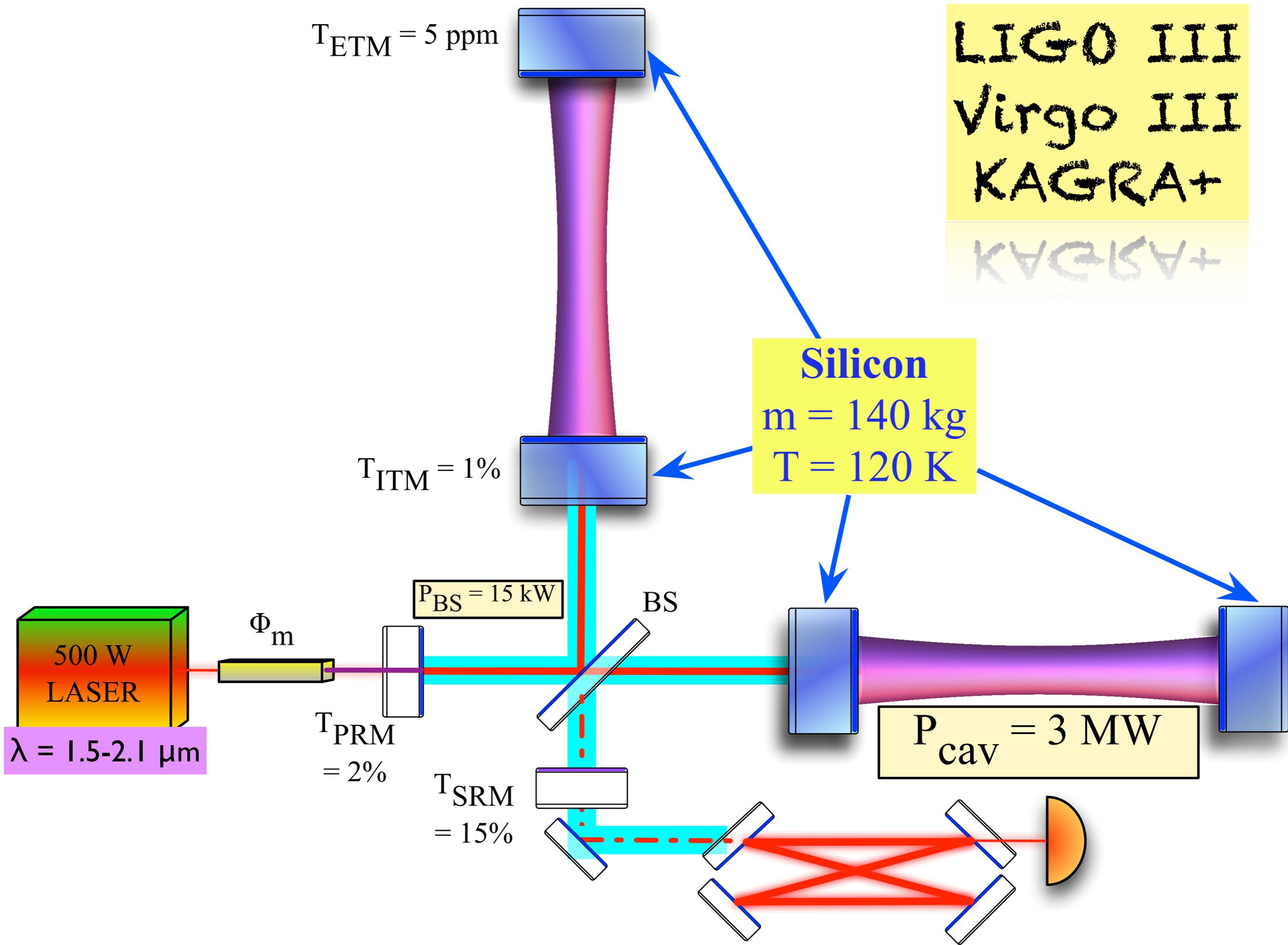
$P_{\text{cav}} = 800 \text{ kW}$

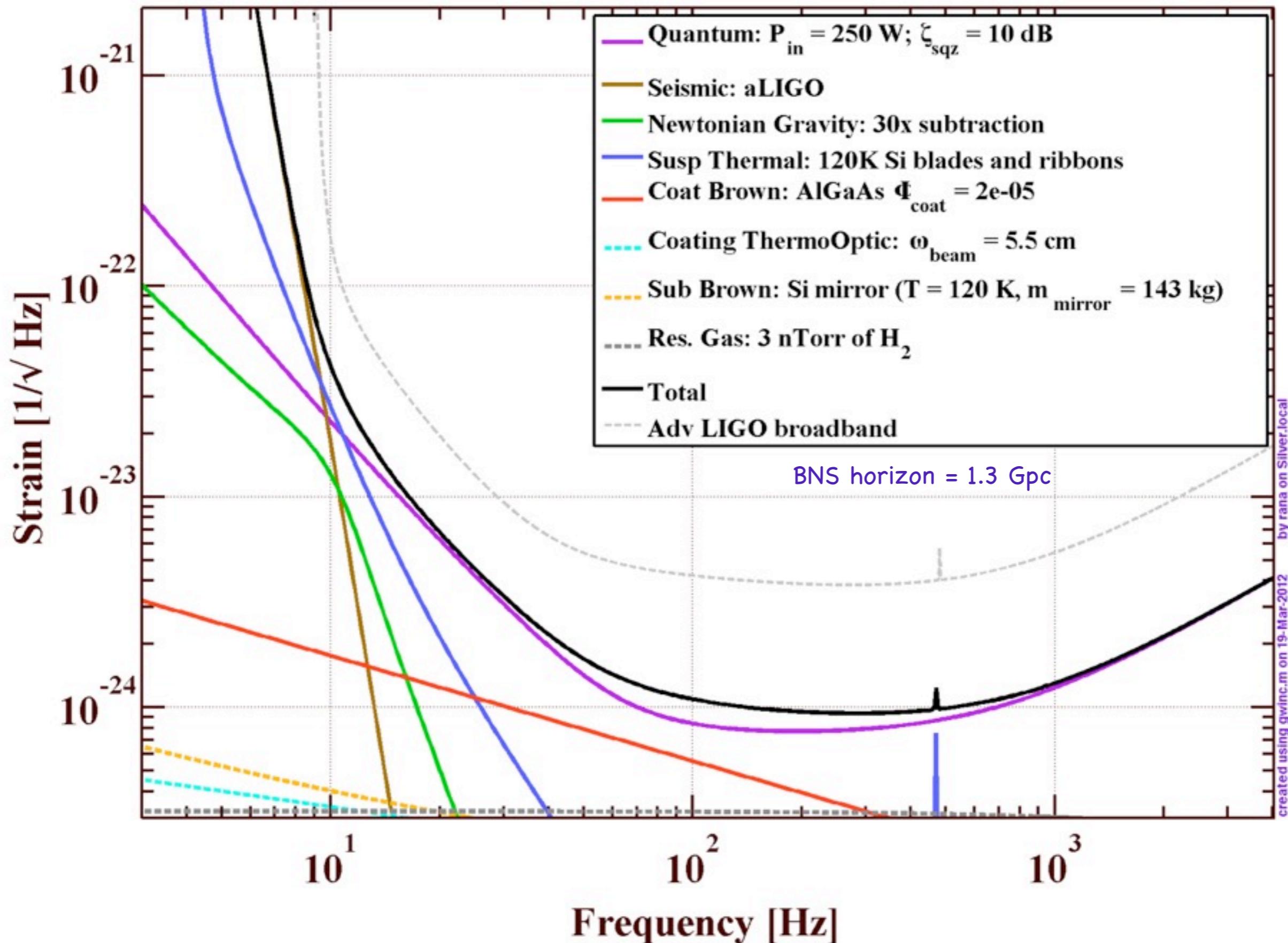
3995 m

Signal Recycling Mirror  
 $T = 50\%$

200 W LASER

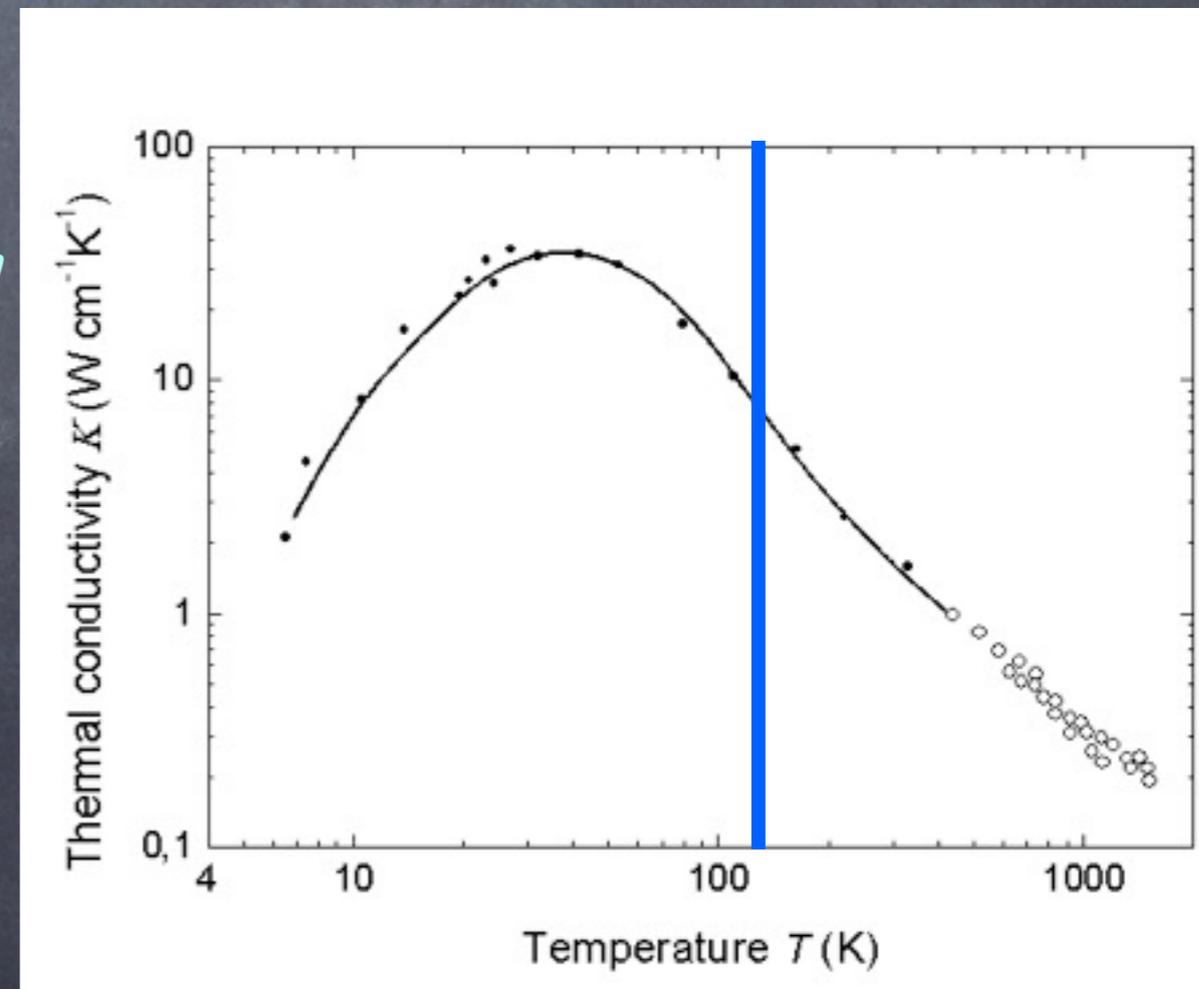
$\Phi_m$





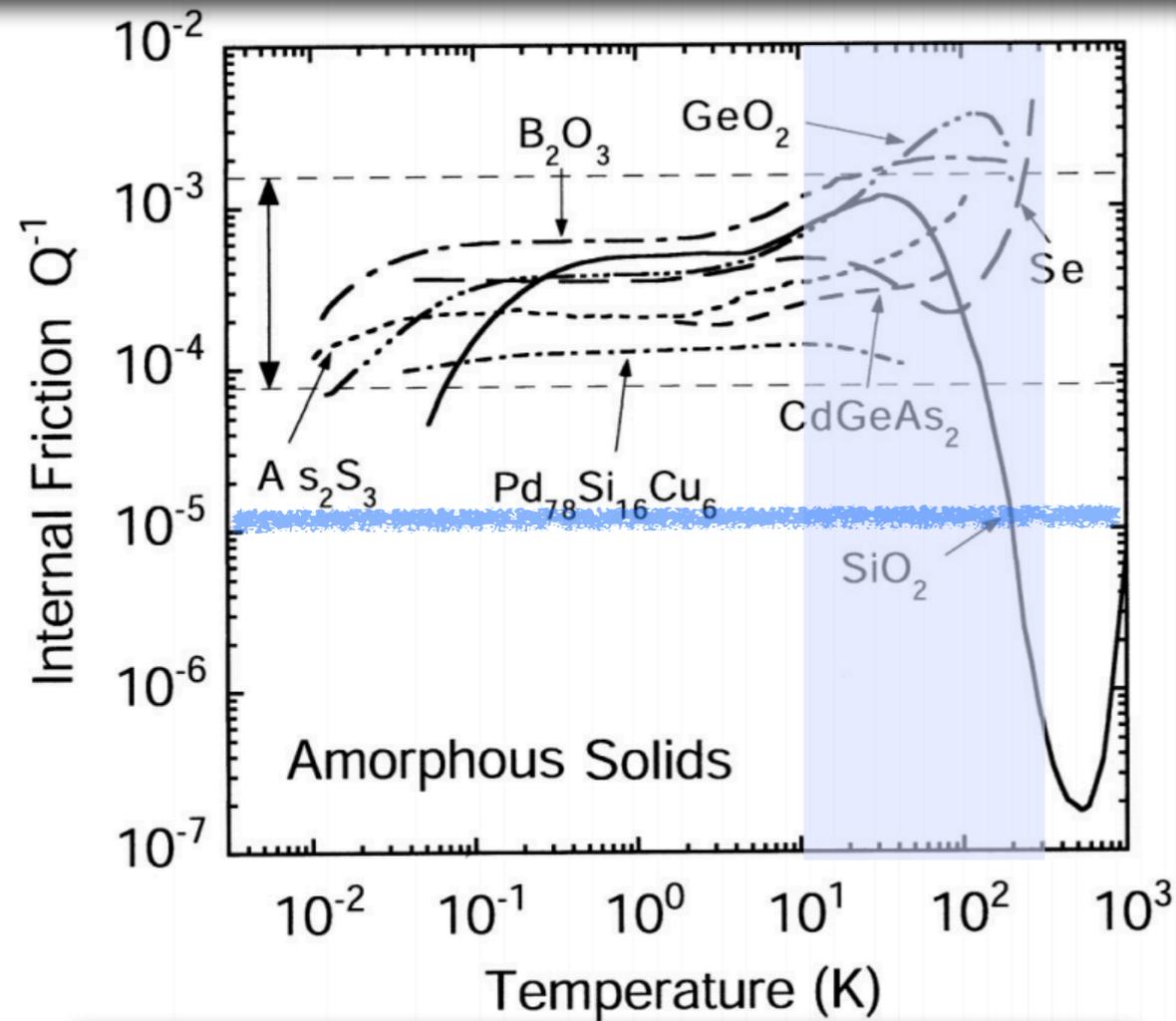
# Design Elements

- FD Squeezing Input is the winner
- Coatings: AlGaAs, AlGaP, AlGaN, AlGaSb,...
- Quad SUS w/ Si ribbons on last stage
- 120–160 kg mass: Si @ 119–121 K
- Si: High power (3 MW in arms)
- 1555–2222 nm laser;  $P = 444$  W
- 10–30x Newtonian Noise sub.



# Why Crystal Mirror Coatings?

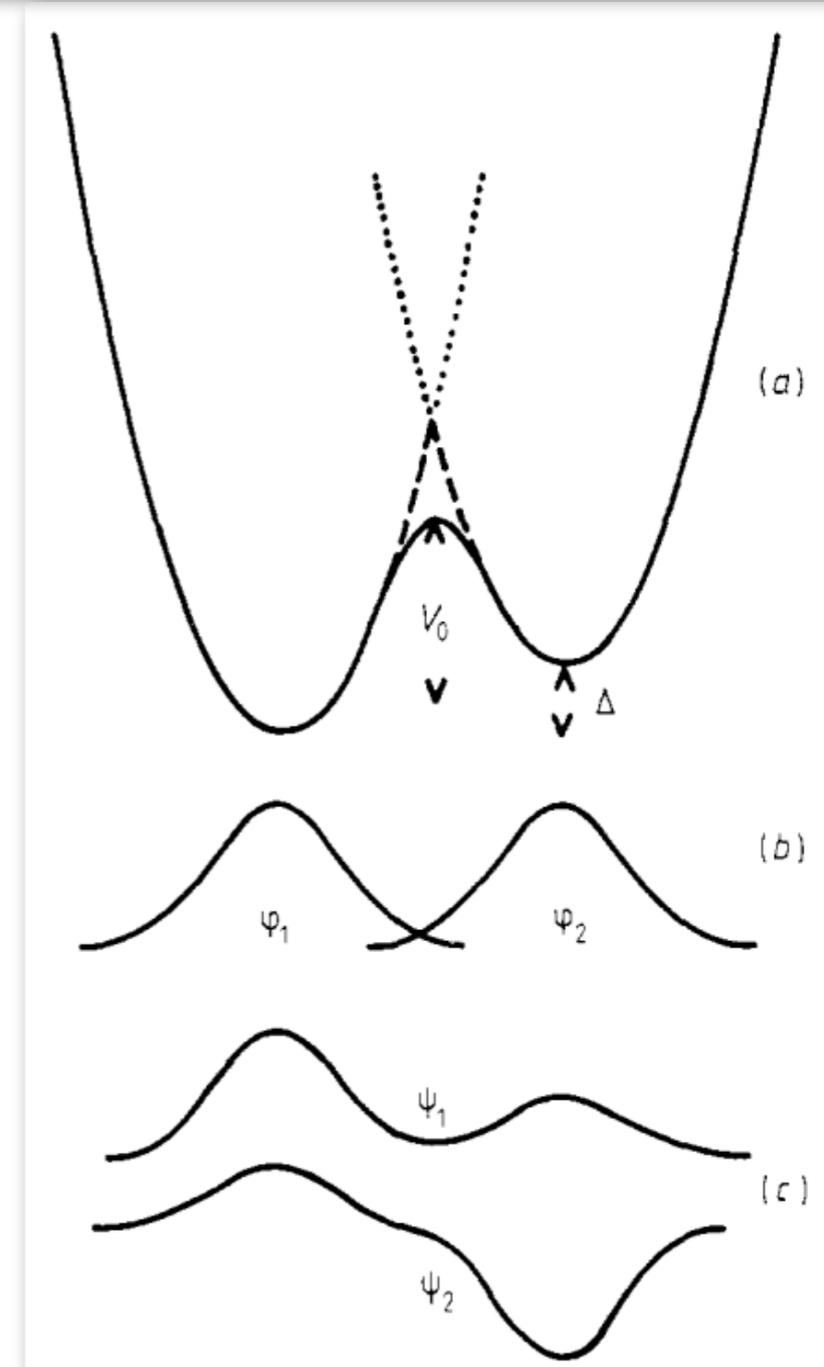
*Why a ratio of  $10^4$  in dissipation?*



*R.O. Pohl, et al., Rev. Mod. Phys. (2002)*

- Nearly all high quality optical coatings use amorphous oxides.
- Nearly all amorphous materials have a (low Q) large internal friction.

*2-level tunneling model*



*W.A. Phillips, Rep. Prog. Phys. (1987)*

# Xylophone Concept is totally Wrong

- Xylophone Concept:

(Cold / Low Power / Low f)

(Hot / High Power /  
High f)

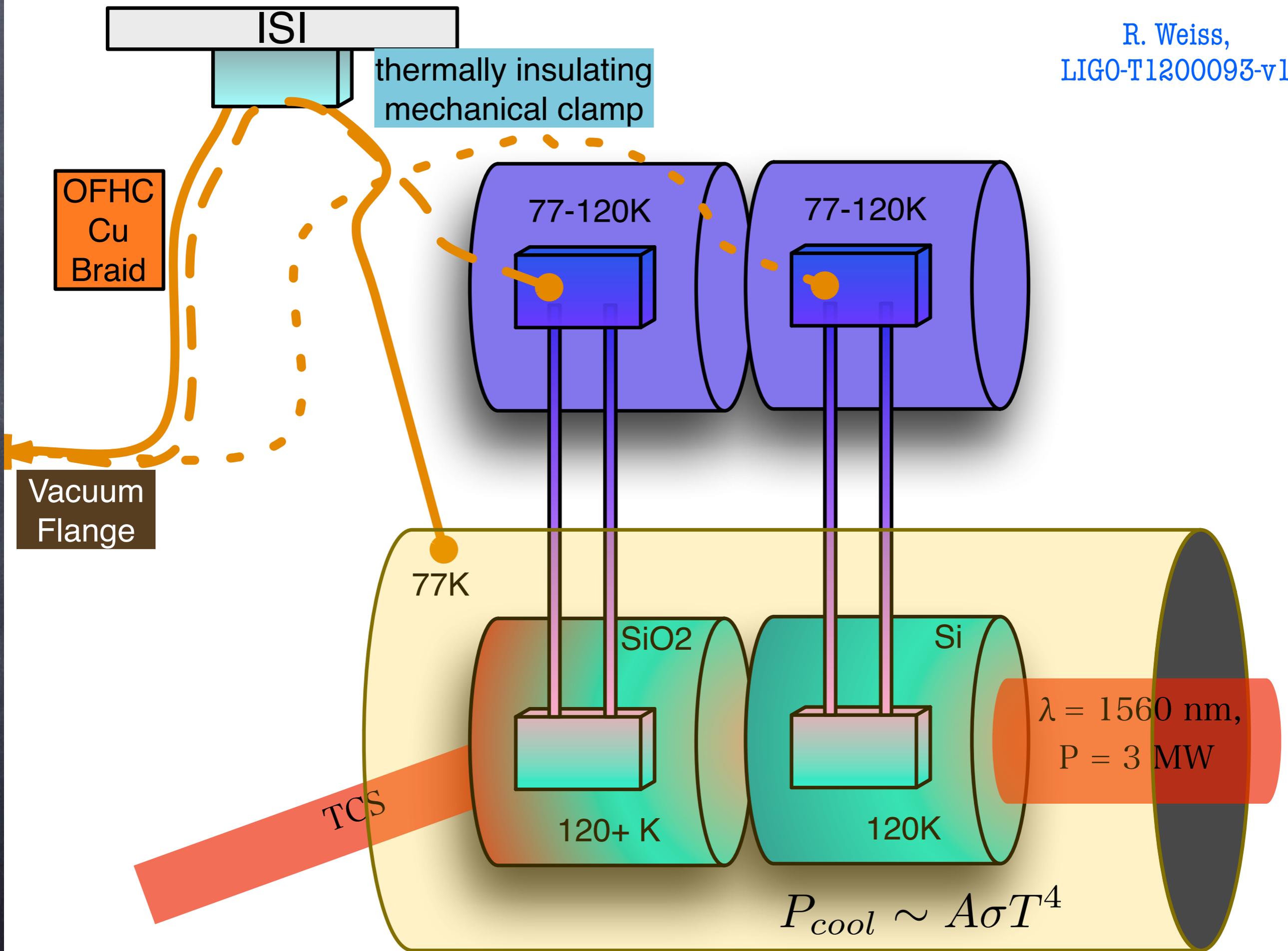
Low Radiation  
Pressure

Low Shot Noise

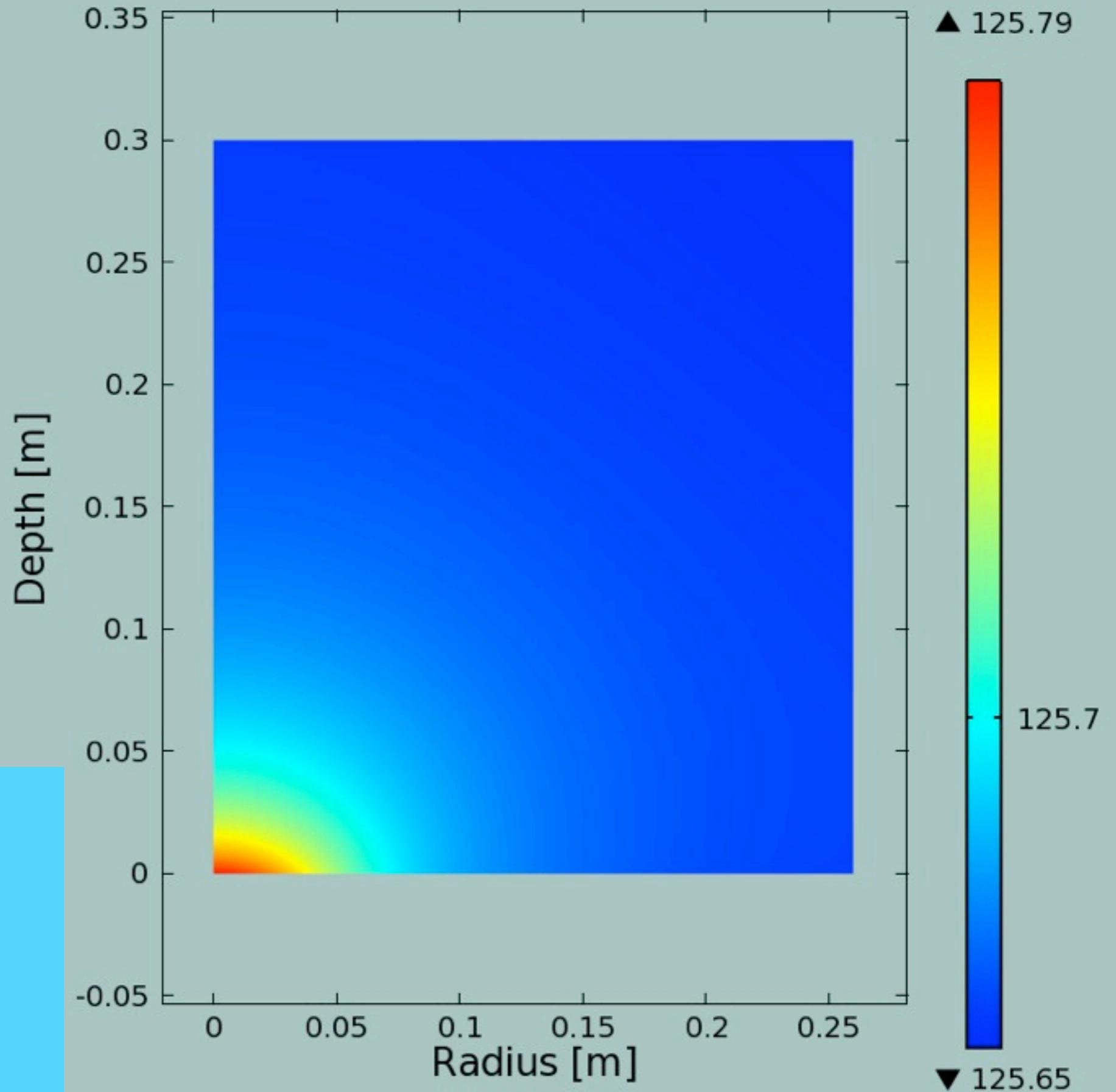
- THE REAL high power limit is thermal distortion: limited by thermal conductivity (k)

**150 KG SILICON:  
- SIGG/SIDLES: OK  
- PI: NOT SO BAD  
- RPN: USUAL**

- $k_{\text{silica}} = 1.4$   
 $k_{\text{silicon}} @ 120 \text{ K} = 500$



Temperature in Si ETM w/ 10 W Absorption



**Radiative  
Cooling Only  
i.e. no fiber  
cooling reqd**

# Juicy Research Opportunities

- Develop Si ribbons & blades
- Need reliable Absorption meas. @ 1500–2000 nm @ 120 K
- AlGaX coatings on Silicon are unproven
- Develop a 500 W laser at 1500–2000 nm
- Cryogenics for 77–130 K
- Si: High power (3 MW in arms)
- 30x Newtonian Noise subtraction

