

LIGO Laboratory / LIGO Scientific Collaboration

LIGO- E1100295

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October 31, 2011

aLIGO LHO BSC 6 BSC-ISI (Unit # 2),

Phase I (post-assembly, before storage)

E1100295 - V3

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Introduction

The BSC-ISI testing is performed in three phases:
1) BSC-ISI, Pre-integration Testing, Phase I (post-assembly)
2) BSC-ISI, Pre-integration Testing, Phase II: Tests done after Transport (and possible storage), during mating phase with Suspensions, before insertion.
3) BSC-ISI, Integration Phase Testing: Procedure and results related to the commissioning in the chamber.

This document presents the series of tests (Phase I) performed on the ISI-BSC6 (ETMY) in the Staging building before its move to the End Station (Teststand). Tests started on August 5. Due to lots of issues with cabling and sensors, tests were stopped and finished on October 27, 2011. The testing procedure document E1000486-v3 was used. Some tests have been waived.

The ISI-BSC6 was moved from the Staging building to EY on October 31, 2011. The ISI left the staging building in a working state.

All results are posted on the SVN at: https://svn.ligo.caltech.edu/svn/seismic/BSC-ISI/X1/Data/BSC6/

The following type of document can be found in the SVN:

- Excel spreadsheet (.xls)
- Data location
- Figures location
- Masses distribution scheme (ppt)



I. Pre-Assembly Testing

Step 1 - CPS Test and calibration – E1100369

CPS sensors are tested (calibration and noise test) at MIT before being cleaned and baked at LHO. During testing, the initial set of CPSs (12) was changed due to flux issue.

The list of installed sensors used for testing (phase I) are reported in step II.3.

All data related to the CPS testing can be found in the SVN at /svn/seismic/ Common\Data\aLIGO BSC ISI CPS\

Test result:

Passed: X Failed:

Step 2 - GS13 – Inspection/Assembly – E1000058 – E1100740

GS13 are tested and podded at LLO before being shipped to LHO. The first set of GS13s was replaced due to wrong screws (length) installed on the electrical feedthroughs. All the data related to GS-13 post podding testing can be found in the SVN at : /svn/seismic/Common/Data/aLIGO GS13 TestData/GeoTech TestResults PDFs/

The list of installed sensors used for testing (phase I) are reported in step II.3.

E1000058 spreadsheet provides the status of each individual GS-13 at LLO site for HAM-ISI and BSC-ISI. E1100740 shows the installation location of the geophones.

Test result:

Test result:

Passed: X Failed:

Step 3 - L4C – Inspection/Assembly – E1000136 – E1100740

L4C are tested and podded at LLO before being shipped to LHO. During testing, two pods were replaced (1 non-working pressure sensor and 1 pod non vacuum compatible)

The list of installed sensors used for testing (phase I) are reported in step II.3.

All the data related to L4C post podding testing can be found in the SVN at : svn/seismic/Common/Data/aLIGO L4C TestData/TestResults PDFs/

E1000136 spreadsheet provides the status of each individual GS-13 at LLO site for HAM-ISI and BSC-ISI. E1100740 shows the installation location of the geophones.

> Passed: X Failed:

5



Step 4 - T240 – Inspection/Assembly - E1100326 – E1100740

T240 are tested and podded at LLO before being shipped to LHO.

All T240s were replaced during testing to be fixed and retrofitted. On the initial set, two of the three pressure sensors were not working.

Before retrofitting the T240 pods, if the seismometer were unplugged when the interface chassis was not turned off, the surge created by the inductance of the cable could damaged the pressure sensors. Surge protectors are now added on the seismometer pressure sensors.

The list of installed sensors used for testing (phase I) are reported in step II.3.

All the data related to T240 post podding testing can be found in the **SVN at :** seismic/Common/Data/aLIGO_T240_TestData/AsReceived_TestResults_PDFs.

E1100326 spreadsheet provides the status of each individual T240 at LLO site for BSC-ISI. E1100740 shows the installation location of the geophones.

Test result:

Passed: X Fa

Failed: ____

Step 5 - Actuators - T0900564 - T1100234 - E1100741

The list of installed sensors used for testing (phase I) are reported in step II.2

Large actuator data can be found at: T0900564. Actuator inventory is made at Section II – Step 2. Small actuator data can be found at: T1100234. Actuator inventory is made at Section II – Step 2.

Details of the actuators testing are given in the table below.

	Stag	e 0-1	Stag	ge 1-2
Corner	Н	V	Н	V
1	Actuator Serial #:	Actuator Serial #:	Actuator Serial #:	Actuator Serial #: S050
	L051	L034	S054	Operator Name:
	Operator Name:	Operator Name:	Operator Name:	Gordon, Matt
	Gordon, Matt	Hartmann Donna	Gordon, Matt	Date: 9/15/2010 Time:
	Date: 9/24/2009 Time:	Date: 9/23/2009 Time:	Date: 9/15/2010 Time:	10:06 AM
	8:35 AM	10:57 AM	1:27 PM	Actuator Coil
	Actuator Coil	Actuator Coil	Actuator Coil	Resistance: 10.29
	Resistance: 6.38	Resistance: 6.43	Resistance: 10.36	Ohms, PASS
	Ohms, PASS	Ohms, PASS	Ohms, PASS	Ambient Temperature:
	Ambient Temperature:	Ambient Temperature:	Ambient Temperature:	78.8 F
	68.8 F	72.9 F	78.8 F	Hi Pot Test Results:
	Hi Pot Test Results:	Hi Pot Test Results:	Hi Pot Test Results:	1000 MOhms, PASS
	1000 MOhms, PASS	1000 MOhms, PASS	1000 MOhms, PASS	X Travel Limit (inches):
	X Travel Limit	X Travel Limit	X Travel Limit	0.674
	(inches): 0.520	(inches): 0.527	(inches): 0.657	Y Travel Limit (inches):
	Y Travel Limit	Y Travel Limit	Y Travel Limit	0.205
	(inches): 0.205	(inches): 0.205	(inches): 0.205	Z Travel Limit (inches):
	Z Travel Limit	Z Travel Limit	Z Travel Limit	0.512
	(inches): 0.506	(inches): 0.505	(inches): 0.515	



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2	Actuator Serial #:	Actuator Serial #:	Actuator Serial #:	Actuator Serial #: S056
	L047	L048	S053	Operator Name:
	Operator Name:	Operator Name:	Operator Name:	Gordon, Matt
	Gordon, Matt	Gordon, Matt	Gordon, Matt	Date: 9/15/2010 Time:
	Date: 9/24/2009 Time:	Date: 9/24/2009 Time:	Date: 9/15/2010 Time:	2:00 PM
	3:34 PM	3:52 PM	11:43 AM	Actuator Coil
	Actuator Coil	Actuator Coil	Actuator Coil	Resistance: 10.35
	Resistance: 6.34	Resistance: 6.32	Resistance: 10.23	Ohms, PASS
	Ohms, PASS	Ohms, PASS	Ohms, PASS	Ambient Temperature:
	Ambient Temperature:	Ambient Temperature:	Ambient Temperature:	78.8 F
	75.4 F	75.1 F	78.8 F	Hi Pot Test Results:
	Hi Pot Test Results:	Hi Pot Test Results:	Hi Pot Test Results:	1000 MOhms, PASS
	1000 MOhms, PASS	1000 MOhms, PASS	1000 MOhms, PASS	X Travel Limit (inches):
	X Travel Limit	X Travel Limit	X Travel Limit	0.676
	(inches): 0.523	(inches): 0.526	(inches): 0.679	Y Travel Limit (inches):
	Y Travel Limit	Y Travel Limit	Y Travel Limit	0.205
	(inches): 0.204	(inches): 0.205	(inches): 0.205	Z Travel Limit (inches):
	Z Travel Limit	Z Travel Limit	Z Travel Limit	0.515
	(inches): 0.504	(inches): 0.504	(inches): 0.516	
3	Actuator Serial #:	Actuator Serial #:	Actuator Serial #:	Actuator Serial #: S051
	L053	L046	S055	Operator Name:
	Operator Name:	Operator Name:	Operator Name:	Gordon, Matt
	Gordon, Matt	Gordon, Matt	Gordon, Matt	Date: 9/15/2010 Time:
	Date: 9/24/2009 Time:	Date: 9/23/2009 Time:	Date: 9/15/2010 Time:	11:11 AM
	4:23 PM	3:31 PM	1:44 PM	Actuator Coil
	Actuator Coil	Actuator Coil	Actuator Coil	Resistance: 10.18
	Resistance: 6.36	Resistance: 6.375	Resistance: 10.33	Ohms, PASS
	Ohms, PASS	Ohms, PASS	Ohms, PASS	Ambient Temperature:
	Ambient Temperature:	Ambient Temperature:	Ambient Temperature:	78.8 F
	76.0 F	74.0 F	78.8 F	Hi Pot Test Results:
	Hi Pot Test Results:	Hi Pot Test Results:	Hi Pot Test Results:	1000 MOhms, PASS
	1000 MOhms, PASS	1000 MOhms, PASS	1000 MOhms, PASS	X Travel Limit (inches):
	X Travel Limit	X Travel Limit	X Travel Limit	0.657
	(inches): 0.527	(inches): 0.526	(inches): 0.663	Y Travel Limit (inches):
	Y Travel Limit	Y Travel Limit	Y Travel Limit	0.205
	(inches): 0.205	(inches): 0.206	(inches): 0.206	Z Travel Limit (inches):
	Z Travel Limit	Z Travel Limit	Z Travel Limit	0.513
	(inches): 0.501	(inches): 0.505	(inches): 0.516	

 Table 1 - Actuator Testing results

Test result:

Passed: X Failed: ____



II. Tests to be performed during assembly

• Step 1 - Test stand level

Test result:

Passed: X Failed:

• Step 2 - Actuators Inventory

The actuators S/N are reported in the table below. Further information can be found in T0900564 and T1100234.

Sta	age 1	Sta	ge 2
Actuator	Actuator S/N	Actuator	Actuator S/N
H1	51	H1	54
H2	47	H2	53
H3	53	H3	55
V1	34	V1	50
V2	48	V2	56
V3	46	V3	51

 Table 2 - Actuators' inventory

Test result:

Passed: X Failed: ____

• Step 3 - Sensors Inventory

A first set of capacitive position sensors, initially installed was removed, due to questionable flux inside the sensor heads. The S/N of sensors and electronic boards of the final configuration are reported in the tables below.

CPS Stage 1	CPS S/N	ADE board serial #
H1	13576	15881
H2	13583	15854
H3	13180	13066
V1	13572	12831
V2	13620	13062
V3	13577	15860

 Table 3 - Capacitive position sensors' inventory – Stage 1



CPS Stage 2	CPS S/N	ADE board serial #
H1	13415	15874
H2	13575	15864
H3	12901	12427
V1	13573	15865
V2	13465	15867
V3	13578	15863

 Table 4 - Capacitive position sensors' inventory – Stage 2

A first set of GS13 installed in the ISI was replaced due to a wrong screw (length) installed in the feedthroughs. The S/N sensors of the final configuration are reported in the table below.

Location GS13	Serial Number	POD
H1	711	95
H2	839	101
H3	846	83
V1	746	100
V2	734	75
V3	743	102

Table 5 - GS13 Inventory

The S/N sensors of the final configuration are reported in the table below. During testing, two pods were replaced (non-working pressure sensor – non vacuum compatible)

Location L4C	Serial Number	POD
H1	1105	76
H2	970	30
H3	819	129
V1	1085	37
V2	1089	127
V3	929	17

Table 6 - L4C inventory

All T240s were replaced during testing to be fixed and retrofitted. On the initial set, two of the three pressure sensors were not working.

Note: Before retrofitting the T240 pods, if the seismometer were unplugged when the interface chassis was not turned off, the surge created by the inductance of the cable could damaged the pressure sensors. Surge protectors are now added on the seismometer pressure sensors.



The S/N sensors of the final configuration are reported in the table below:

Geophones T240	Serial Number	POD
1	131	41
2	110	22
3	127	18

 Table 7 - T240 Geophones

Test result:

Passed: X

Failed: ____

• Step 4 - Electronics Inventory

Write down in the table below all serial numbers all the electronic equipment:

Hardware	Ligo reference	S/N
Interface Chassis - Corner 1		S1102223
Interface Chassis - Corner 2	D1002432	S1102224
Interface Chassis - Corner 3		S1102218
Anti-Alliasing Chassis - Corner 1		S1102693
Anti-Alliasing Chassis - Corner 2	D1002693	S1102694
Anti-Alliasing Chassis - Corner 3		S1102679
Anti-image Chassis	D070081	S1000250
Binary Input Chassis	D1001726	S1101309
Binary Input Chassis	D1001726	S1101300
Binary Output Chassis	D1001728	S1101347
T240 Interface - Corner 1		S1101840
T240 Interface - Corner 2	D1002694	S1101838
T240 Interface - Corner 3		S1101839
I/O Chassis	n/a	DTSFE0
Coil driver Pod 1		S1000266
Coil driver Pod 2	D0902744	S1000269
Coil driver Pod 3		S1102692

Table 8 - Electronic equipment

Note: During testing 2 geophone interface chassis (D1002432) were fixed (defect of operational amplifiers). The power regulator of one anti-aliasing chassis (D1002693) overheated. The location of the anti-aliasing chassis is modified to cool them down. We also took the lid off. The anti image chassis (D070081) was fixed twice. The coil drivers were retrofitted (new logic of the binary output).

Test result:

|--|

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Passed: ____

• Step 5 - Check level of Stage 0 after top-bottom plate assembly

Note : This test has not been performed

Test result:

• Step 6 - Check gaps under the blade posts

Test result:

• Step 7 - Blade post shim thickness

This table shows the shims thickness installed under the lockers.

Sta	ge 1	Stage 2		
Lockers	Shim thickness (mil)	Lockers	Shim thickness (mil)	
Α	0,128	Α	0,123	
В	0,121	В	0,129	
С	0,129	С	0,124	

 Table 9 - Shims thickness

Test result:

. . . .

Failed: ____

Step 8 - Blade 0-1 post launch angle

Note : This test was not performed.

Test result:

Passed: ____

Passed: X

Failed: X

• Step 9 - Gap checks on actuators

Test result:

Passed: X Failed:

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Passed: X F

Failed: ____

Failed: X



Step 10 - Mass budget

The mass budget is reported in the tables below. Locations of stage 1 masses are presented in the figure below.



Figure 1 - Mass location legend

Stage 1					
Location	Weight (lb)	Weight (Kg)			
C1-1	22	10			
C1-2	28	12.7			
C2-1	18	8.2			
C2-2	28	12.7			
C3-1	18	8.2			
C3-2	15	6.8			
Total	129	58.6			
	Table 10 - Pavload - S	togo 1			

Stage 1:

Table 10 - Payload - Stage 1

Nominal payload: 109Kg - 240lb Added masses are 50Kg – 23lb lighter than expected. Nominal mass of stage 1=912Kg - 2010lb Difference with the nominal mass: -5.4%



Stage 2:

Quantity	Weight (Kg)	Total Weight(Kg)
3	276.7	830.1
2	105.7	211.4
2	5.0	10.0
2	2.0	4.0
2	1.0	2.0
4	0.5	2.0
	Total :	1059.5

Table 11 - Payload - Stage 2

Nominal payload: 1185Kg - 2612lb The added masses is 125Kg lighter than expected.

Step 11 - Lockers adjustment

Total mass of Stage 2: 2830Kg - 6239lb Error on the nominal overall mass of stage 2: 125/2830=-4%

Acceptance Criteria

The Mass budget must be:

- Nominal payload on stage 1: 109Kg 240lb (-5% +/- 2% due to blade softness)
- Nominal payload on stage 2: 1185Kg 2612lb (-5% +/- 2% due to blade softness) -

Test result:

Passed: X

Failed:

	Stag	ge 1	Stag	ge 2
D.I at Lockers	Dial indicators V Dial indicators H		Dial indicators V	Dial indicators H
А	-2	0	-0,5	0
В	-2	0	-2	0
С	0	0	-0,5	-1

Table 12 - Dial indicators read-out (stage locked-unlocked independently)

Test result:

Passed: X Failed: ____

Step 12 - Cables inventory – E1100822

Initial testing was realized with a hybrid set of the HAM-ISI and BSC-ISI cables. After serializing and recleaning the cables, final testing was performed.

Test result:

Step 13 - Cable routing – E1101027

Cable routing is defined in E1101027.

Test result:

Passed: X

Passed:

Failed: ____

Failed: X



III. Tests to perform after assembly

• Step 1- Geophones pressure readout

During the first series of tests, we noticed 2 non working T240 and 1 non working L4C pressure sensors. After replacement of 3 T240s and 1 L4C, the pressure was measured on the input channels of the IOP.

	Raw pressure (count)					
Sensors	Corner 1	Corner 2	Corner 3			
ST1-L4C-D	-457	-813	-818			
ST1-L4C-P	24622	24701	24702			
ST1-GS13-D	716	-72	-87			
ST1-GS13-D	24502	24501	24503			
ST1-T240-P	13531	13140	13142			

Table 13 - Geophones pressure readout

Acceptance criteria:

- The absolute pressure on the L4Cs and the GS13s must be 24700 +/- 600 counts (100+/- 2 KPA)
- The differential pressure on the L4Cs and the GS13s must be <2400 counts (2 KPa)
- The absolute pressure on the T240 must be 14300 ± -300 counts (100 \pm 2 KPA)

Passed: X_

Failed: ____

Test result:

Step 2- Set up sensors gap – Locked vs unlocked position

During this step, sensors gap are adjusted. This step considers that the lockers have been finely set up during assembly.

Measurements for this test are in the SVN at:

svn/seismic/BSC-ISI/X1/Data/BSC6/Static_Tests/:

- LHO_ISI_BSC6_Locked_2011_10_27.mat
- LHO_ISI_BSC6_Unlocked_2011_10_27.mat

	ISI locked		ISI unlocked		Difference locked - unlocked	
Sensors	Offset (Mean)	Std deviation	Offset (Mean)	Std deviation	Offset (Mean)	mil
ST1 - H1	-175.7	18.4	-210.9	40.3	35	0.04
ST1 - H2	-14.6	12.7	-106.3	26.0	92	0.11
ST1 - H3	-130.1	11.5	-191.2	19.7	61	0.07
ST1 - V1	319.9	20.0	545.5	23.8	-226	-0.27
ST1 - V2	599.0	12.9	684.1	16.2	-85	-0.10
ST1 - V3	-398.8	21.4	394.2	30.9	-793	-0.94
ST2 - H1	470.3	55.1	407.4	16.2	63	0.02
ST2 - H2	1003.1	40.1	826.9	42.4	176	0.05
ST2 - H3	608.3	53.8	982.5	35.4	-374	-0.11
ST2 - V1	-478.3	46.3	-37.9	62.0	-440	-0.13
ST2 - V2	-466.2	52.1	-323.8	40.7	-142	-0.04
ST2 - V3	452.8	76.1	1289.1	71.0	-836	-0.25

Table 14 - Capacitive position sensors readout after gap set-up



Note:

On BSC8 in a "locked position", we noticed large shifts in the CPS offsets after changing the type of payload (Masses on top of stage 2 vs QUAD). Unfortunately, we didn't keep track of these shifts. During the preparation of the BSC6 move to the end station, we recorded the CPS offsets when the ISI was locked with two different payloads. We measured these CPS offsets before and after removing the masses on top of stage 2 (~1000Kg). After removing the payload, the ISI went up (up to 7 mils at the CPS locations on stage 2) without twist. Note that the CPSs are from the lockers and the clearance of the lockers in a "locked position" is 2mils.

Measurements for this test are in the SVN at svn/seismic/BSC-ISI/X1/Data/BSC6/Static_Tests/:

	ISI locked - loaded	ISI locked unloaded	Difference locked - loaded vs	unloaded	
Sensors	Offset (Mean)	Offset (Mean)	Offset (Mean)	mil	
ST1 - H1	-175.7	837.1	-1013	-1.21	
ST1 - H2	-14.6	1130.6	-1145	-1.36	
ST1 - H3	-130.1	1375.3	-1505	-1.79	
ST1 - V1	319.9	3406.6	-3087	-3.67	
ST1 - V2	599.0	3509.3	-2910	-3.46	
ST1 - V3	-398.8	2235.1	-2634	-3.14	
ST2 - H1	470.3	2227.3	-1757	-0.52	
ST2 - H2	1003.1	3300.7	-2298	-0.68	
ST2 - H3	608.3	1870.8	-1262	-0.38	
ST2 - V1	-478.3	20380.2	-20859	-6.21	
ST2 - V2	-466.2	23272.6	-23739	-7.07	
ST2 - V3	452.8	19366.8	-18914	-5.63	

- LHO_ISI_BSC6_Locked_Unloaded_2011_10_27.mat

Table 15 - CPS Offset - Locked - Loaded vs Unloaded



Figure 2 - BSC-ISI overview



Acceptance criteria:

- In the locked position, all mean values must be lower than 400 counts for stage 1 CPS and 1600 counts for stage 2 CPS on Dataviewer (a bit less than .0005").
- In the locked position, all standard deviations below 5 counts for stage 1, 20 counts for stage 2
- Absolute values of the difference between the unlocked and the locked table must be below: **Stage 1**
 - \circ 1600 cts for horizontal sensors (~0.002")
 - 1600 cts for vertical sensors (~0.002")

Stage 2

- \circ 6500 cts for horizontal sensors (~0.002")
- \circ 6500 cts for vertical sensors (~0.002")
- Considering the acceptance criteria of step 2, all mean values must be lower than **Stage 1**
 - \circ 2000 cts for horizontal sensors (~0.0025")
 - 2000 cts for vertical sensors (~0.0025")

Stage 2

- o 8000 cts for horizontal sensors (~0.0025")
- 8000 cts for vertical sensors (~0.0025")

Note: The locker offset is set to +2 mils in step I.11.

Test result:

Passed: X Failed:

• Step 3 - Measure the Sensor gap

This test was not performed. The sensors were checked at LASTI. Measuring the sensor gap using a Teflon shim may increase the risk of scratching the target.

Test result:

Passed: _____ Failed: _X__



• Step 4- Performance of the limiters

• Step 4.1 - Test N°1 - Push "in the general coordinates Z/RZ"

This test was not performed because it is redundant with the test in the local basis.

Test result:

Passed: _____ Failed: _X__

	Push in positive	Push in negative	Mil	Mil		Actuator Gap
Sensors	direction	direction	(positive)	(negative)	Railing	Check
ST1 - H1	19152	-18114	23	-22		
ST1 - H2	15689	-17055	19	-20		
ST1 - H3	15151	-18768	18	-22		
ST1 - V1	24745	-27300	29	-33		
ST1 - V2	21456	20367	26	24		
ST1 - V3	26439	-25550	31	-30		
ST2 - H1	32767	-32767	Х	Х	Rail	
ST2 - H2	32767	-32768	Х	Х	Rail	
ST2 - H3	32767	-32768	Х	Х	Rail	
ST2 - V1	32767	-32768	X	Х	Rail	
ST2 - V2	32767	-32768	X	Х	Rail	
ST2 - V3	32767	-32768	Х	Х	Rail	

\circ Step 4.2 - Test N°2 – Push "locally"

Table 16 - Stages range of motion – "Push locally"

Acceptance criteria:

- The vertical sensor readout must be positive when the optic table is pushed in the +Z direction
- The horizontal sensor readout must be negative when the optic table is pushed in the +RZ direction

- Step 4.2

- Absolutes value of all estimated motions must be higher than 15000counts for stage 1 (~ 0.018 ")
- Absolutes value of all estimated motions must be higher than 32000counts for stage 2 (~ 0.010 ")

Test result:

Passed: X Failed:



• Step 5 - Sensors Powerspectra

All position sensors powerspectra have been measured can be found on the SVN:

/seismic/BSC-ISI/X1/Data/BSC6/Figures/Powerspectra/Undamped/

- LHO_ISI_BSC6_Powerspectra_m_ST1_Locked_ST2_Locked_2011_10_24.fig
- LHO_ISI_BSC6_Powerspectra_m_ST1_Unlocked_ST2_Unlocked_2011_10_24.fig
- LHO_ISI_BSC6_Tilted_Powerspectra_CT_ST1_L4C_2011_10_25.fig
- LHO_ISI_BSC6_Tilted_Powerspectra_CT_ST2_GS13_2011_10_25.fig

/seismic/BSC-ISI/X1/Data/BSC6/Powerspectra/Undamped/

- LHO_ISI_BSC6_Calibrated_PSD_CPS_T240_L4C_GS13_Unlocked_Locked_2011_10_24.mat
- LHO_ISI_BSC6_Calibrated_PSD_L4C_GS13_Stage_Tilted_2011_10_25.mat

Note :

The powerspectra presented hereinafter were measured with the last set of instruments.

Acceptance criteria:

- No cross talk on CPS (peaks at low frequencies + harmonics on measurements)
- All spectra must be similar per instrument type.
- Magnitudes of power spectra must be lower than the reference powerspectra above (not presented in the following plots)

Test result:

Passed: X Failed: ____



Stage locked – unlocked



Figure 3 – ST1 & ST2 Locked



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Stage Tilted









Figure 6 - ST1 GS13 - Tilted

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• Step 6 - Coil Driver, cabling and resistance check

The resistance of the actuator + power cables are reported in the table below:

Actuator	Coil driver name	Resistance (Ω)
ST1 H1	Coil1 Coarse 1	6.8
ST2 H1	Coil 1 Fine 1	10.7
ST2 V1	Coil 1 Fine 2	10.8
ST1 V1	Coil 1 Coarse 2	6.8
ST1 H2	Coil 2 Coarse 2	6.9
ST2 H2	Coil 2 Fine 1	10.7
ST2 V2	Coil 2 Fine 2	10.7
ST1 V2	Coil 2 Coarse 2	7
ST1 H3	Coil 3 Coarse 1	7
ST2 H3	Coil 3 Fine 1	10.7
ST2 V3	Coil 3 Fine 2	10.6
ST1 V3	Coil 3 Coarse 2	7

Acceptance criteria:

- For the actuators of stage 1, the measured resistance between the middle pin and one side pin must be 6.3 +/-0.5 ohms
- For the actuators of stage 2, the measured resistance between the middle pin and one side pin must be 10.3 +/-0.5 ohms
- Actuator neutral pins must be connected on pin #1 (left side pin of the plug)
- Actuator drive pins must be connected on pin #2 (middle pin of the plug)
- Actuator ground shield pins must be connected on pin #3 (right pin of the plug)
- All LEDs on the coil driver front panel must be green the binary input bit must be in the upper state.

Test result:

Passed:	Χ	Failed:	



Step 7- Actuators Sign and range of motion (Local drive) Step 7.1 - Actuators sign

Acceptance criteria:

- A positive offset drive on one actuator must give positive sensor readout on the collocated sensor. Signs will also be tested when measuring local to local transfer functions.

Test result:

Passed: X Failed:

• Step 7.2 - Range of motion - Local drive

In this step, range of motion of the two stages is checked when applying a local drive on actuators.

Sensor readout (counts)	Negative drive	no drive	Positive drive	Amplitude count	mil
ST1 - H1	-15290	250	16742	31956	38
ST1 - H2	-15809	-232	16818	32596	39
ST1 - H3	-17450	-2162	15166	32596	39
ST1 - V1	-17349	-2538	12273	29645	35
ST1 - V2	-13821	667	15166	29078	35
ST1 - V3	-16626	-2209	12080	28596	34
ST2 - H1	-8849.4	1252	11227	20155	6
ST2 - H2	-6770.2	3067	12951	19970	6
ST2 - H3	-9649.6	333	10313	19970	6
ST2 - V1	-9051.7	3449	15996	24973	7
ST2 - V2	-13136	-787	11423	24696	7
ST2 - V3	-10954	1231	13426	24338	7

Table 17 - Range of motion - Local drive

Acceptance criteria:

- Amplitude must be at least 32000 counts (+/-0.02") for Stage 1 CPS
- Amplitude must be at least 32000 counts (+/-0.003") for Stage 2 CPS
- Signs of actuators drive and sensors read out have to be the same

Test result:

Passed: X Failed:

Step 8 - Vertical Sensor Calibration

This test was not performed because sensors are tested at LASTI.

Test result:

Passed: ____ Failed: X



Step 9 - Vertical Spring Constant

The stiffness measurements of the spring are reported in the tables below. The nominal blade stiffness are:

- Stage 1: 12411b/in
- Stage 2: 1465lb/in

	Unloaded				Loade	d 3x5kg		
Stage1	Meas 1	Meas 2	Meas 3	Average	Meas 1	Meas 2	Meas 3	Average
V1	4014,1	4015,1	4014,6	-22524	-22751	-22685	-22637	4014,1
V2	561,94	-560,94	-561,44	-24389	-26052	-26762	-25220	-561,94
V3	1962,8	1963,8	1963,3	-23471	-24027	-24769	-23749	1962,8

			Load 3x10kg						
	Diff 2	Diff 1	Average	Meas 3	Meas 2	Meas 1			
-14504	-14	-7624	-16980	-17025	-17008	-16906			
-15569	-15	-7572	-14817	-14807	-14808	-14835			
-13897	-13	-7793	-15686	-15691	-15686	-15681			
-14657 c	-14	-7663							
-17,45 n	-17	-9,12							
-1262 ll	-1	-1207							
-1235	-1	Average :							
-0,50	-(

The blades from stage 0 to stage 1 are too soft by 0.50%.

Note:

The stage 1 payload is too light by 5% which is not consistent with the measured blade stiffness. The blade stiffness is a tricky measurement. Some errors and approximation may have been done during these measurements. However, we can consider that the unit passed the test.

Acceptance criteria:

- Spring constant of stage 0-1 blades must be 229KN/m (T0900569) +/- 2%

Test result:

Passed: <u>X</u>

Failed: ____



		No load			Lo	ad	
Stage 2	Meas 1	Meas 2	Average	Meas 1	Meas 2	Meas 3	Average
V1	4014,1	4015,1	4014,6	-22524	-22751	-22685	-22637,5
V2	-561,94	-560,94	-561,44	-24389	-26052	-26762	-25220,5
V3	1962,8	1963,8	1963,3	-23471	-24027	-24769	-23749,0

Diff
-26652,1
-24659,06
-25712,3

-25674 count

-7,64 mil

-1429 lb/in

-2,48 %

The blades from stage 0 to stage 1 are too soft by 2.48%.

Note:

The stage 2 payload is too light by 4% which is not consistent with the measured blade stiffness. The blade stiffness is a tricky measurement. Some errors and approximation may have been done during these measurements.

Acceptance criteria:

- Spring constant of stage 1-2 blades must be 257KN/m (T0900569) +/- 2%

Test result:

Passed: <u>X</u> Failed: ____



• Step 10 - Static Testing (Tests in the local basis)

The table below shows the main and the cross-coupling when the actuators are driven in the local basis:

		Sensors					
		ST1 - H1	ST1 - H2	ST1 - H3	ST1 - V1	ST1 - V2	ST1 - V3
	ST1 - H1	4333	1716	1756	-15	-7	14
٤	ST1 - H2	1715	4224	1705	-10	-15	6
ato	ST1 - H3	1745	1716	4246	2	1	30
ctu	ST1 - V1	38	-164	101	3481	-665	-588
Ā	ST1 - V2	132	87	-135	-609	3385	-615
	ST1 - V3	-102	128	76	-591	-570	3347

 Table 18 - Static test - Local to local - Stage 1

			Sensors						
		ST2 - H1	ST2 - H2	ST2 - H3	ST2 - V1	ST2 - V2	ST2 - V3		
	ST2 - H1	2316	351	337	8	-4	11		
rs	ST2 - H2	324	2338	349	7	3	-12		
ato	ST2 - H3	311	375	2332	3	27	-11		
ctu:	ST2 - V1	65	122	-220	2942	331	-28		
Ā	ST2 - V2	-244	101	94	-12	2901	297		
	ST2 - V3	86	-167	41	349	-31	2846		

Table 19 - Static test - Local to local - Stage 2

The static tests results are reported in the SVN at : /seismic/BSC-ISI/X1/Data/BSC6/Static_Tests/

- LHO_ISI_BSC6_Offset_Local_Drive_20110805.mat

Acceptance criteria:

- Main couplings readout must be positive
- Comparison with the reference table:
 - Main coupling differences mustn't exceed 200 counts
 - Cross coupling differences mustn't exceed 50 counts

Test result:

Passed: X

Failed: ____



-

Step 11- Static Testing - In the general coordinate basis (Static test - CPS) Step 11.1 – Base change matrices from Cartesian to Local

The table below shows the main and the cross-coupling when the actuators are driven in the local basis:

			Sensors					
		ST1 - H1	ST1 - H2	ST1 - H3	ST1 - V1	ST1 - V2	ST1 - V3	
2	ST1 - X	1752	-839	-812	-26	0	-8	
	ST1 - Y	-32	1493	-1469	6	-5	-14	
	ST1 - Z	-33	-14	3	753	709	711	
CLU.	ST1 - RX	40	189	-137	-2877	2408	422	
τ.	ST1 - RY	-162	77	86	-1119	-1871	2959	
	ST1 - RZ	3162	3124	3166	-13	-23	-5	

				Sens	sors		
		ST2 - H1	ST2 - H2	ST2 - H3	ST2 - V1	ST2 - V2	ST2 - V3
	ST2 - X	670	-1312	653	-25	-79	-42
rs	ST2 - Y	1144	-20	-1162	-33	-136	-62
ctuato	ST2 - Z	17	-9	-33	1059	939	993
	ST2 - RX	-312	-3	270	-2572	2352	-125
Ā	ST2 - RY	151	-303	116	-1558	-1486	2792
	ST2 - RZ	1738	1715	1728	-69	-122	-64

 Table 20 - Static test cartesian drive – Cartesian to local

The static tests results are reported in the SVN at : /seismic/BSC-ISI/X1/Data/BSC6/Static_Tests/

LHO_ISI_BSC6_Offset_Local_Drive_20110805.mat



• Step 11.2 – Base change matrices from Cartesian to Cartesian

The static tests results are reported in the SVN at :

/seismic/BSC-ISI/X1/Data/BSC6/Static_Tests/

- LHO_ISI_BSC6_Offset_Cartesian_Drive_20110811.mat

			Sensors					
		ST1 - X	ST1 - Y	ST1 - Z	ST1 – RX	ST1 - RY	ST1 - RZ	
S	ST1 - X	1715	9	6	6	1	39	
	ST1 - Y	-2	1720	-3	-10	3	-4	
ato	ST1 - Z	-15	17	729	-25	-9	-14	
Actua	ST1 - RX	9	380	-25	2985	-6	29	
	ST1 - RY	-342	16	-6	-5	2901	6	
	ST1 - RZ	24	-4	-21	-6	20	3276	

		Sensors						
		ST2 - X	ST2 - Y	ST2 - Z	ST2 – RX	ST2 - RY	ST2 - RZ	
	ST2 - X	1317	25	-31	-22	21	24	
S	ST2 - Y	13	1331	-36	-53	55	-13	
ato	ST2 - Z	-6	-1	1030	-91	28	-9	
Actua	ST2 - RX	-5	-22	-98	4223	58	-14	
	ST2 - RY	-8	30	-44	15	4247	-3	
	ST2 - RZ	21	6	-42	-35	52	2509	

 Table 21 - Static Test - Cartesian to Cartesian

Acceptance criteria:

- Main couplings readout must be positive
- Comparison with the reference table:
 - Main coupling differences mustn't exceed 200 counts
 - Cross coupling differences mustn't exceed 50 counts

Test result:

Passed: X

Failed: ____

Step 12 - Linearity test

The linearity test results are reported in the SVN at: /seismic/BSC-ISI/X1/Data/BSC6/Linearity_Test/

- LHO_ISI_BSC6_Linearity_test_20111025.mat

The linearity test figure are reported in the SVN at:

/seismic/BSC-ISI/X1/Data/BSC6/Figures/Linearity_Test/

- LHO_ISI_BSC6_Linearity_test_20111025.fig





Figure 7 - Linearity Test

		Slope	Offset	Average slope	Variation from average(%)
	ST1 - H1	0.628	-170		1.06
	ST1 - H2	0.616	-85	0.6214	-0.89
ge 1	ST1 - H3	0.620	-618		-0.17
Sta	ST1 - V1	0.501	252		0.86
-	ST1 - V2	0.498	433	0.4972	0.11
	ST1 - V3	0.492	320		-0.98
	ST2 - H1	0.347	466		0.96
	ST2 - H2	0.344	903	0.3439	-0.04
ge 2	ST2 - H3	0.341	1039		-0.91
Sta	ST2 - V1	0.428	-166		1.30
-	ST2 - V2	0.422	-403	0.4225	-0.09
Ī	ST2 - V3	0.417	1248		-1.21

The slopes and the slopes are reported in the table below:

Table - Slopes and offset of the triplet Actuators - BSC-ISI - Sensors

Acceptance criteria:

- Horizontal and vertical slopes of the triplet actuators x BSC-ISI x sensors: Average slope +/- 3%

Test result:

Passed:	Χ	Failed:



• Step 13 – Transfer functions – Local to Local

Data files measurement of local to local transfer functions in SVN at:

/svncommon/seisvn/seismic/BSC-ISI/X1//Data/BSC6/Transfer_Functions/Measurements/Undamped

- LHO_ISI_BSC6_Data_L2L_10mHz_100mHz_ST1_ST2_20111025-185345.mat
- LHO_ISI_BSC6_Data_L2L_100mHz_700mHz_ST1_ST2_20111026-033627.mat
- LHO_ISI_BSC6_Data_L2L_700mHz_10Hz_ST1_ST2_20111025-203718.mat
- LHO_ISI_BSC6_Data_L2L_10Hz_100Hz_ST1_ST2_20111025-034700.mat
- LHO_ISI_BSC6_Data_L2L_100Hz_500Hz_ST1_ST2_20111024-174439.mat
- LHO_ISI_BSC6_Data_L2L_500Hz_1000Hz_ST1_ST2_20111025-105701.mat

Script file for processing and plotting local to local transfer functions in SVN at:

/seisvn/seismic/BSC-ISI/X1/Data/BSC6/Transfer_Functions/Measurements/Undamped

- Plot_TF_L2L_10mHz_1000Hz_LHO_BSC6.m

Figures of local to local transfer functions (Main couplings) in SVN at:

 $seisvn/seismic/BSCISI/X1/Data/BSC6/Figures/Transfer_Functions/Measurements/Undamped$

- LHO_BSC6_TF_L2L_Raw_from_ST1_ACT_to_ST1_CPS_2011_10_24.fig
- LHO_BSC6_TF_L2L_Raw_from_ST1_ACT_to_ST1_CPS_2011_10_24.fig
- LHO_BSC6_TF_L2L_Raw_from_ST2_ACT_to_ST2_CPS_2011_10_24.fig
- LHO_BSC6_TF_L2L_Raw_from_ST2_ACT_to_ST2_GS13_2011_10_24.fig

Measured of local to local transfer functions in the SVN at:

/svncommon/seisvn/seismic/BSC-ISI/X1//Data/BSC6/Transfer_Functions/Measurements/Undamped

- LHO_BSC6_TF_L2L_Raw_10mHz_1000Hz_2011_10_25.mat

Note 1: The transfer functions are measured from the Output filter bank (excitation variable) to the input (IN1) of the input filter bank. The transfer functions presented below are raw transfer functions without any electronic compensation of the sensor electronic. The actuator and the coil driver electronic compensation are introduced in these transfer functions.

Note 2: The L4Cs are out of phase (should be -90 before 1Hz). A minus sign is added in the calibration filters that convert count to nm/s.

Note 3: The resonance observed at 33Hz is the resonance of the teststand. When the transfer functions will be measured in the LVEA, this resonance will be observed at lower frequency (19Hz). The staging building teststand has short feet in comparison with the LVEA teststand (some comparison plots will be presented the testing report – phase II).

Note 4: The first high frequency resonance observed on stage 1 by the L4C is at 196Hz. The next resonance is observed at 248Hz. The first mode of the blade has been measured at ~250Hz at LASTI.

Note 5: There is a poor coherence on the GS13 transfer functions. It can be explained by the weak drive of the fine actuators. Moreover, the stage 2 of the ISI is strongly excited by the fans of the clean rooms. These two factors strongly affect the quality of the measurements.

Note 6: On the ST2-ACT to ST2-GS13 transfer functions, the first high frequency resonances are observed at 150Hz and 185Hz.

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Note: The structural resonance frequency of stage 1 are pretty low in comparison with BSC8.



Comparison BSC6 vs BSC8 in the staging building

The figures that show the comparisons between the BSC6 and the BSC8 transfer functions can be found in the SVN at:

seismic/BSC-ISI/X1/Comparison/BSC6_vs_BSC8/

- LHO_ISI_BSC6_vs_BSC8_Comparison_ST1_ACT_H_to_ST1_CPS_H_20110622_vs_20111025.fig
- LHO_ISI_BSC6_vs_BSC8_Comparison_ST1_ACT_H_to_ST1_L4C_H_20110622_vs_20111025.fig
- LHO_ISI_BSC6_vs_BSC8_Comparison_ST1_ACT_V_to_ST1_CPS_V_20110622_vs_20111025.fig
- LHO_ISI_BSC6_vs_BSC8_Comparison_ST1_ACT_V_to_ST1_L4C_V_20110622_vs_20111025.fig
- LHO_ISI_BSC6_vs_BSC8_Comparison_ST2_ACT_H_to_ST2_CPS_H_20110622_vs_20111025.fig
- LHO_ISI_BSC6_vs_BSC8_Comparison_ST2_ACT_H_to_ST2_GS13_H_20110622_vs_20111025.fig
- LHO_ISI_BSC6_vs_BSC8_Comparison_ST2_ACT_V_to_ST2_CPS_V_20110622_vs_20111025.fig
- LHO_ISI_BSC6_vs_BSC8_Comparison_ST2_ACT_V_to_ST2_GS13_V_20110622_vs_20111025.fig

List of differences:

- ST1 ACT H to ST1 CPS H: Transfer functions of BSC6 and BSC8 look identical
- ST1 ACT H to ST1 L4C H: The first resonance measured on horizontal L4C is measured at 196Hz on BSC6 and 214Hz on BSC8 (-9% from BSC8 to BSC6)
- ST1 ACT V to ST1 CPS V: The transfer functions are similar up to 100Hz. But the first important resonance is observed at 133Hz on BSC6 whereas this resonance is observed at 154Hz on BSC8 (-15% from BSC8 to BSC6).
- ST1 ACT V to ST1 L4C V: The transfer functions are similar up to 180Hz. The first resonance of stage is observed at 196Hz on BSC6 and 214Hx on BSC8 (-15% from BSC8 to BSC6)
- ST2 ACT H to ST2 CPS H: Transfer functions of BSC6 and BSC8 look identical up to 30Hz. The first zero is observed at 58Hz on BSC6 and 64Hz on BSC8. The high frequency resonances are respectively measured at 255Hz and 322Hz on BSC6 and BSC8.
- ST2 ACT H to ST2 GS13 H: Transfer functions of BSC6 and BSC8 look identical
- ST2 ACT V to ST2 CPS V: These transfer functions shows the resonances of stage 1 when stage 2 is excited by ST2 actuators. These resonances are 196Hz for BSC6 and 214Hz for BSC8.
- ST2 ACT V to ST2 GS13 V: Transfer functions of BSC6 and BSC8 look identical

Differences sum-up:

The suspension resonances are identical on BSC6 and BSC8. However, it seems that BSC6 is softer than BSC8. It is mainly visible on stage 1 (both on CPS and L4C transfer functions) and it is particularly true on the vertical transfer functions where the first structural resonances of BSC6 are observed at frequencies 15% lower than BSC8 resonance frequencies.

Stage 2 of BSC6 and BSC8 seem more similar. A light difference is observed ST2 ACT H to ST2 CPS H transfer functions. Note that the resonances of stage 1 are visible in stage 2 transfer functions (ST2 ACT V to ST2 GS13 V).

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Figure 8 – Comparison BSC6 vs BSC8 - ST1 ACT H to ST1 CPS H



Figure 9 - Comparison BSC6 vs BSC8 - ST1 ACT H to ST1 L4C H

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LIGO

Figure 10 - Comparison BSC6 vs BSC8 - ST1 ACT V to ST1 CPS V



Figure 11 - Comparison BSC6 vs BSC8 - ST1 ACT V to L4C V

IGO **TEST REPORT – STAGING BUILDING – ISI-BSC6** LIGO-E1100295 X1 - ISI-BSC8 - Undamped - In the air-20110622 X1 - ISI-BSC6 - Undamped - In the air - Staging Comparison transfer functions20110622vs20111025 10² ing-20111025 Magnitude (count/count) ST2 ACT H1 toST2 CPS H1 :20110622 ST2 ACT H1 toST2 CPS H1 :20111025 ST2 ACT H2 toST2 CPS H2 :20110622 ST2 ACT H2 to ST2 CPS H2 :20111025 ST2 ACT H3 to ST2 CPS H3 :20110622 ST2 ACT H3 toST2 CPS H3 :20111025 10 10 10 10⁰ 10 10² 103 180 135 90 45 Angle(°) 0 -45 -90 -135 -180 10 10 10 10 10 Coherence 11 0.5 0^L 10 10 10 10 10 10 Frequency (Hz)

Figure 12 - Comparison BSC6 vs BSC8 - ST2 ACT H to ST2 CPS H



Figure 13 - Comparison BSC6 vs BSC8 - ST2 ACT H to ST2 GS13 H

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Figure 14 - Comparison BSC6 vs BSC8 - ST2 ACT V to ST2 CPS V



Figure 15 - Comparison BSC6 vs BSC8 - ST2 ACT V to ST2 GS13 V



Acceptance criteria: - All sensors must be plugged - First structural resonance of stage 1 must be above 200Hz - First structural resonance of stage 2 must be above 200Hz Passed: X Failed: ____ **Test result:** • Step 14 - Symmetrization – Calibration Not performed **Test result:** Passed: Failed: X Step 15 - Basis change – Cartesian to Local - Simulations Not performed **Test result:** Passed: ____ Failed: X Step 16- Transfer functions - Cartesian to Cartesian - Measurements Not performed Step 17 - Lower Zero Moment Plan • Step 17.1 - Stage 1 - LZMP **Test result:** Passed: ____ Failed: X • Step 17.2 - Stage 2 - LZMP **Test result:** Passed: ____ Failed: X Step 18- Damping Loops – Transfer function – Simulations • Step 18.1 - Damping Loops – Stage 2 Passed: ___ **Test result:** Failed: X • Step 18.2 - Damping Loops – Stage 1 Passed: _ **Test result:** Failed: X Step 19- Damping Loops – Powerspectra

All damping loops were turned on and were stable. No powerspectra was measured.



• Step 20- Isolation Loops – for one unit per site

This test was performed on unit # 1 (BSC 8).

IV. BSC-ISI testing Summary

This is the second "aLigo BSC-ISI" tested at LHO. The testing procedure document E1000483-v3 was used. Due to lack of time or availability of the BSC-ISI, some tests have been waived. All results are posted on the SVN at:

https://svn.ligo.caltech.edu/svn/seismic/BSC-ISI/X1/Data/BSC6/

- 1- List of tests that failed and won't be redone
- 2- List of tests that failed, that need to be re-done during phase 2
 - **Step II.12** Cables inventory
- **3-** List of tests skipped that won't be performed because not feasable during phase II (i.e. stage 0 leveling)
 - **Step I.5** Check level of Stage 0 after top-bottom plate assembly
- 4- List of tests skipped that we won't do because they are not essential (i.e. redundant with another test)
 - Step II.3 Measure the Sensor gap This test was not performed. The sensor gaps have not been measured. These sensors have already been checked at LASTI. Moreover, risks of scratching the target are so high that we preferred not performing this test. In the future, this test will be removed from the testing procedure.
 - **Step II.4.1 Push "in the general coordinate Z/RZ" -** This test was not performed due to lack of time. This test is redundant with step 4.2.
 - Step II.8 Vertical sensor calibration
- 5- Lists of tests skipped that needs to be done during phase II.
 - Step II.14 Symmetrization Calibration
 - Step II.15 Change of bases Cartesian to local Simulations
 - Step II.16 Transfer functions Cartesian to Cartesian Simulations
 - Step II.17 Lower Zero Moment Plan
 - Step II.18.1 Damping Loops Stage 2
 - Step II.18.2 Damping Loops Stage 1
 - Step II.19 Damping loops Powerspectra
 - Step II.20 Isolation loops

The ISI-BSC6 was moved from the Staging building to the LVEA test stand on October 31, 2011.