

Length Control Modeling

Lisa Sievers

LIGO-G950036

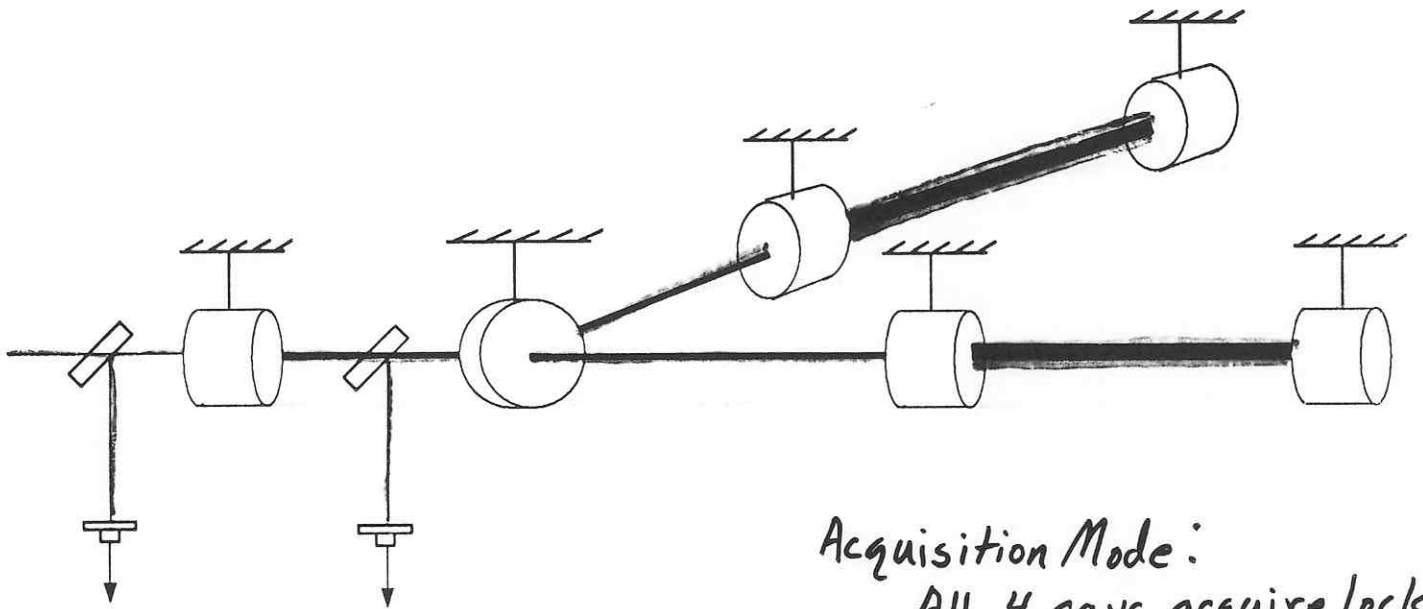
Length Control Modeling

Lisa Sievers 5/25/95

- What is It?
- What are we doing (“big picture” and “right now”)?
- What are the main technical issues?

Length Control System Modeling

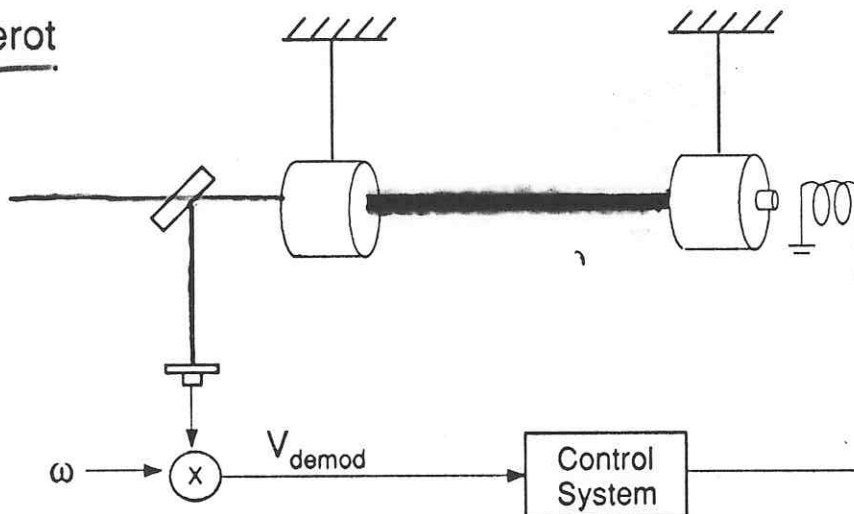
LIGO Recycled/Recombined Interferometer



Acquisition Mode:
All 4 cavs acquire lock

Operation Mode:
Keep cavs in lock, low noise

Single Fabry Perot



'Big Picture'

What Are We Doing?

OPERATIONS MODE MODELING (Mature State)

- Optical Modeling (MR,RW)
Model validation ongoing (HY)
- Control System Modeling (LS)
Work planned for late fall

ACQUISITION MODE MODELING (Infancy)

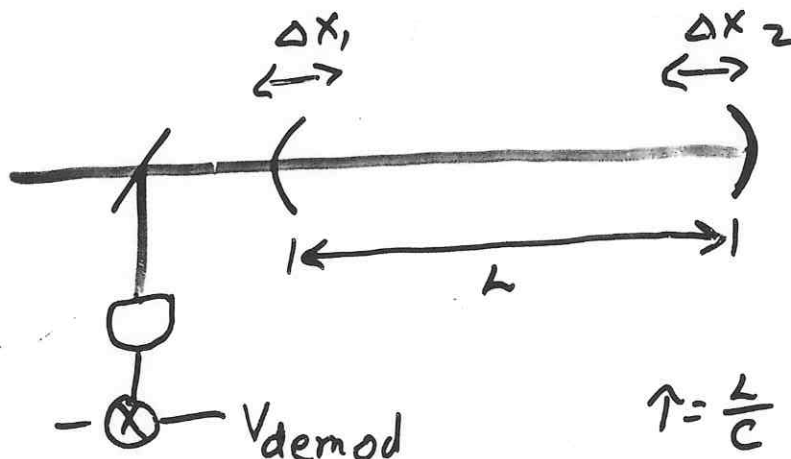
- SINGLE CAVITY
Work complete (JC, DR, MR, LS)
- COUPLED CAVITY
Optics Modeling work complete (DR solved technical challenges in writing modeling code with "fast" execution time). Control System model in progress (LS).
- RECOMBINED IFO
Optics Modeling work complete (DR). Control System model to be done.
- RECOMBINED/RECYCLED IFO
To be done (DR believes it will go quickly)

Recent Results From Operations Mode Modeling

- ALL Single Fabry Perot transfer function models (including those derived from acquisition model) match out to frequencies well above the free spectral range
(HY, DR, LS)
- Analytic Single Fabry Perot transfer functions derived that are valid well beyond FSR (Can apply same method to get analytic transfer function expressions for coupled cavity)

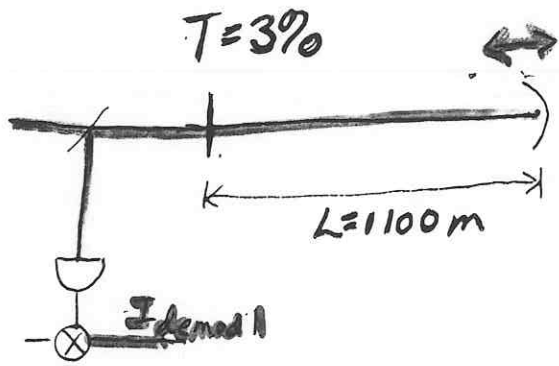
$$\frac{V_{demod}}{\Delta x_1} \propto \frac{1}{1 - r_1 r_2 e^{-2\tau s}}$$

$$\frac{V_{demod}}{\Delta x_2} \propto \frac{e^{-\tau s}}{1 - r_1 r_2 e^{-2\tau s}}$$

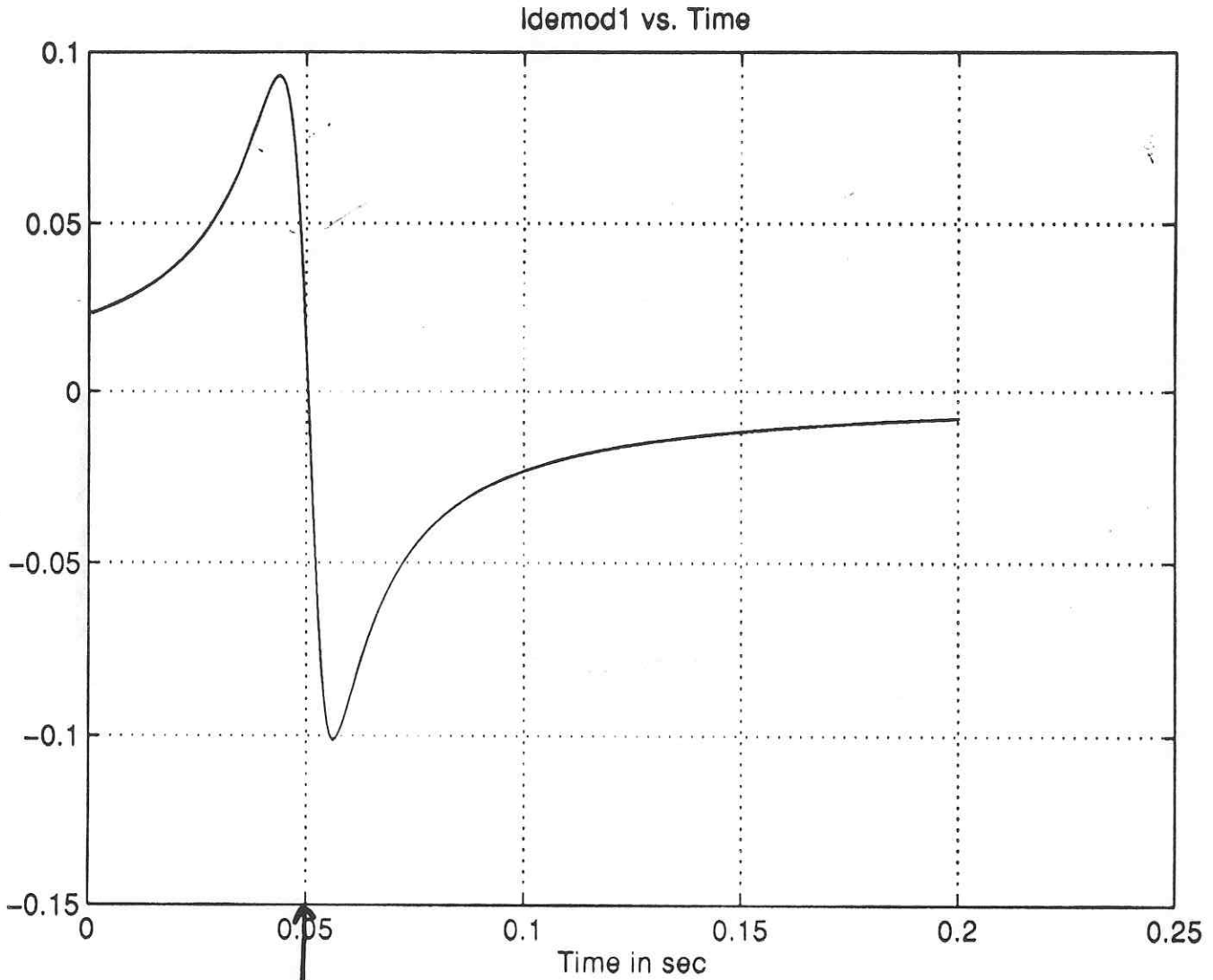


Recent Results from Acquisition Mode Modeling (Thoughts on Control Design for Coup Cavs)

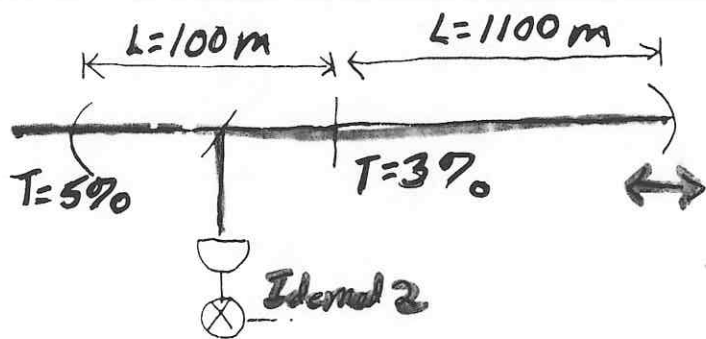
- Before design servo, need to know properties of signal to be controlled
 - Plotted 'fringes' (i.e. demodulator output as cavities move through resonance)
 - Insights, Insights, Insights
- (Too early to draw conclusions, though)*



Finesse = 200
 FSR = 136 KHz
 cavity pole = 333 Hz
 velocity = 0.1 $\mu\text{m}/\text{sec}$



Cavity goes through resonance



Back Cavity •

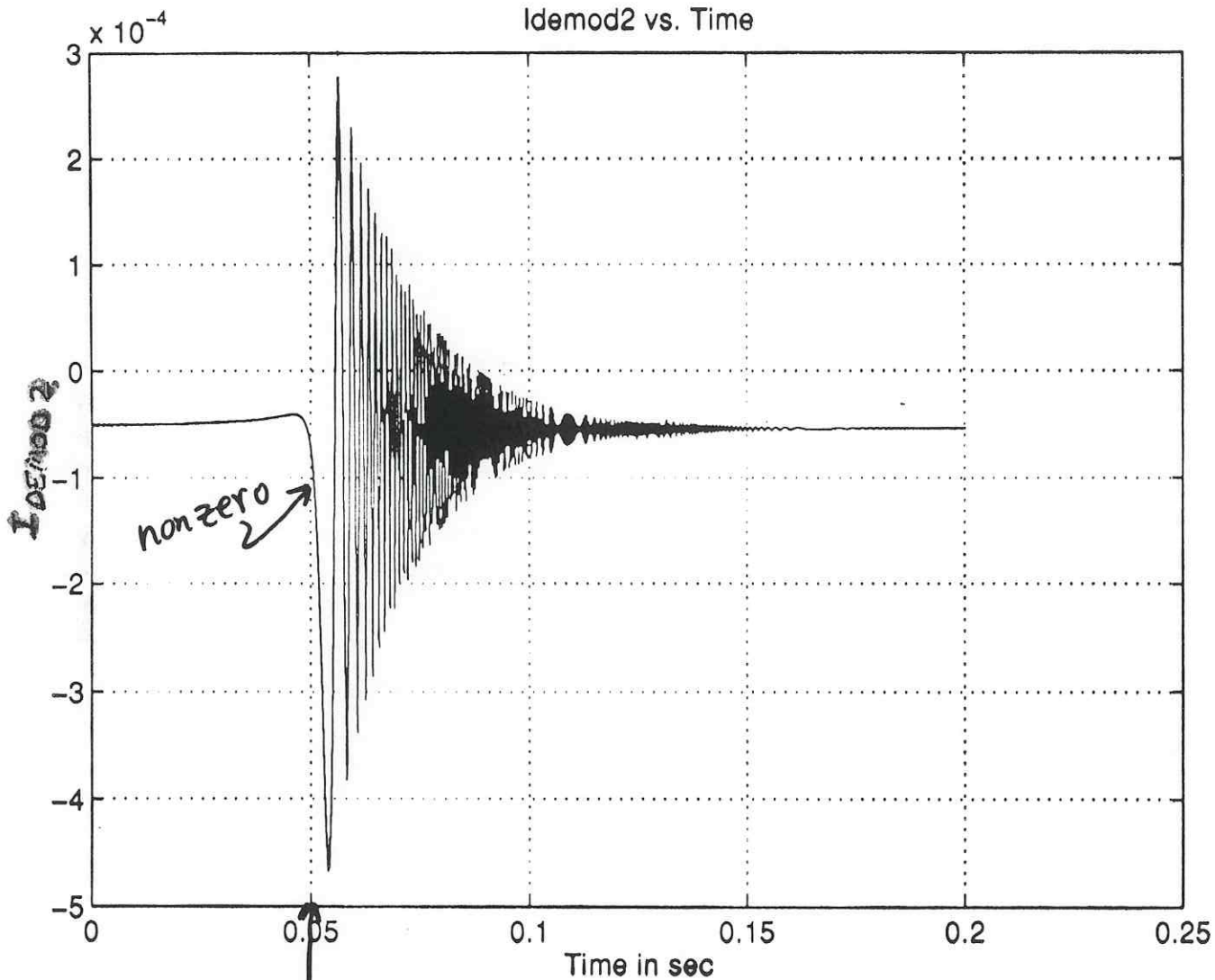
Finesse = 200

cavity pole = 333Hz

$V_{\text{BACK MIRROR}} = .1\text{mm/sec}$

Front Cavity :

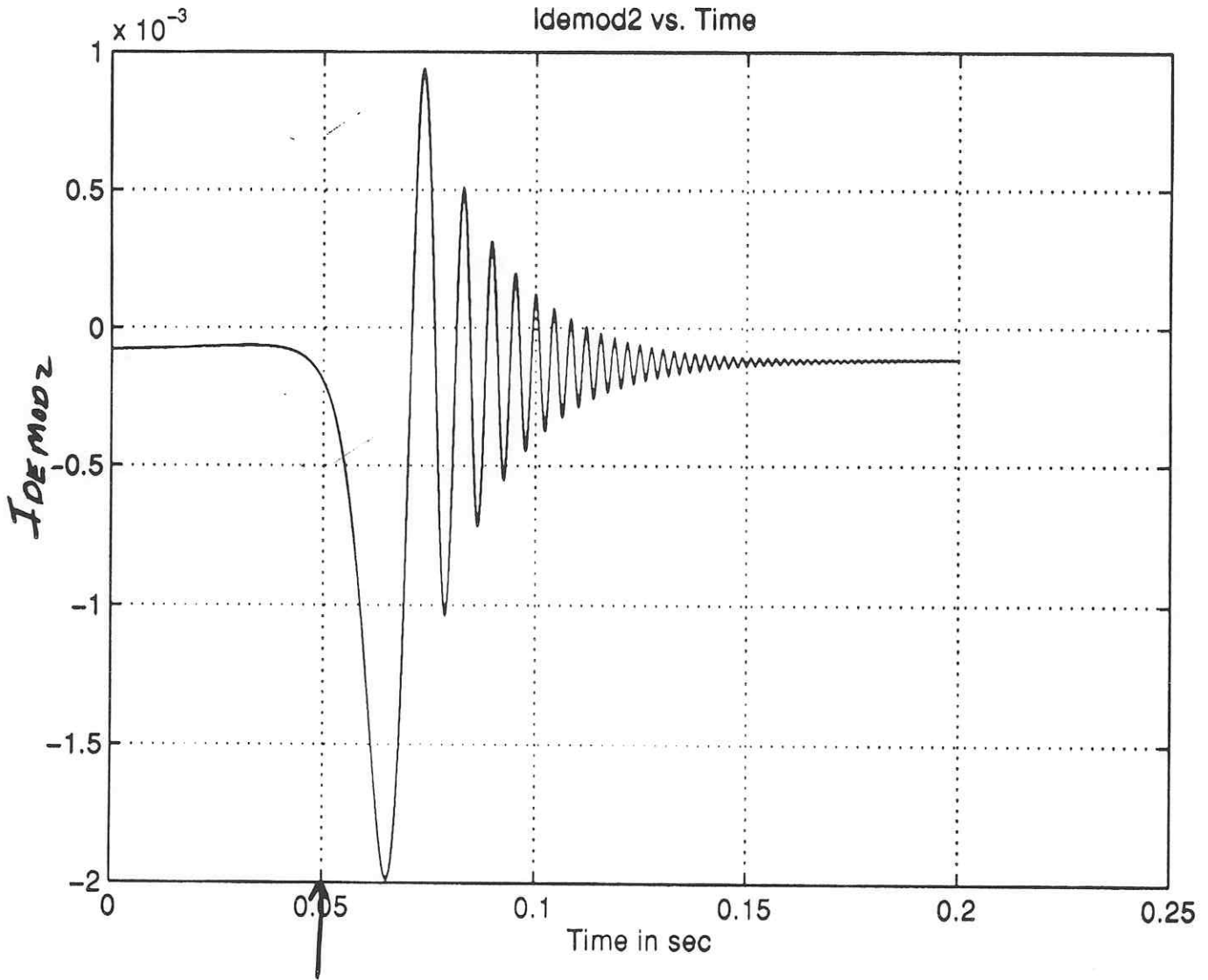
Fixed Distance of f
Resonance



Back cavity
goes through resonance

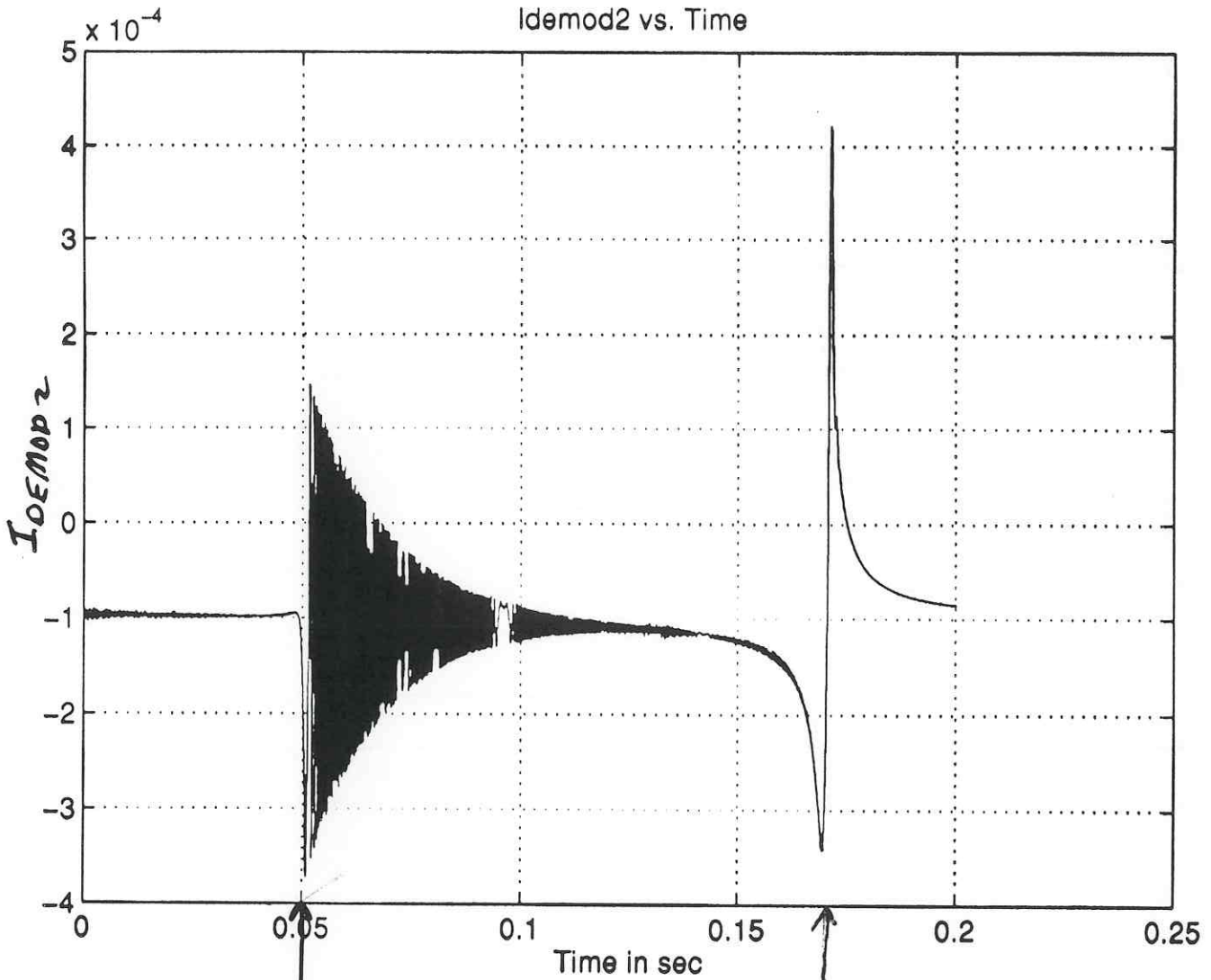
BACK Cavity:

$$V_{\text{BACK MIRROR}} = -0.01 \text{ mm/sec}$$



Back Cavity:

$$V_{\text{BACK MIRROR}} = 1 \text{ m/sec}$$

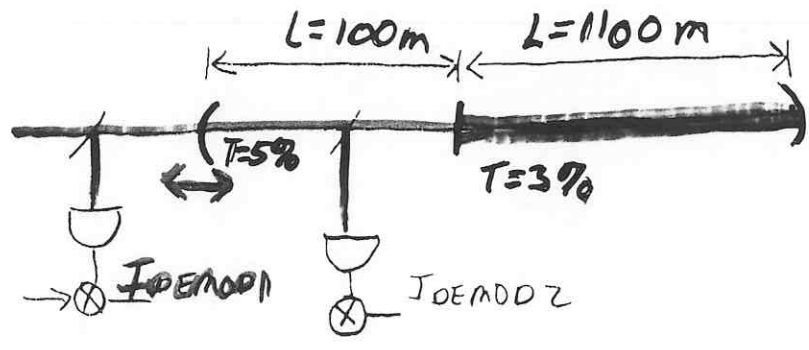


CARRIER RESONANT
IN BACK CAVITY

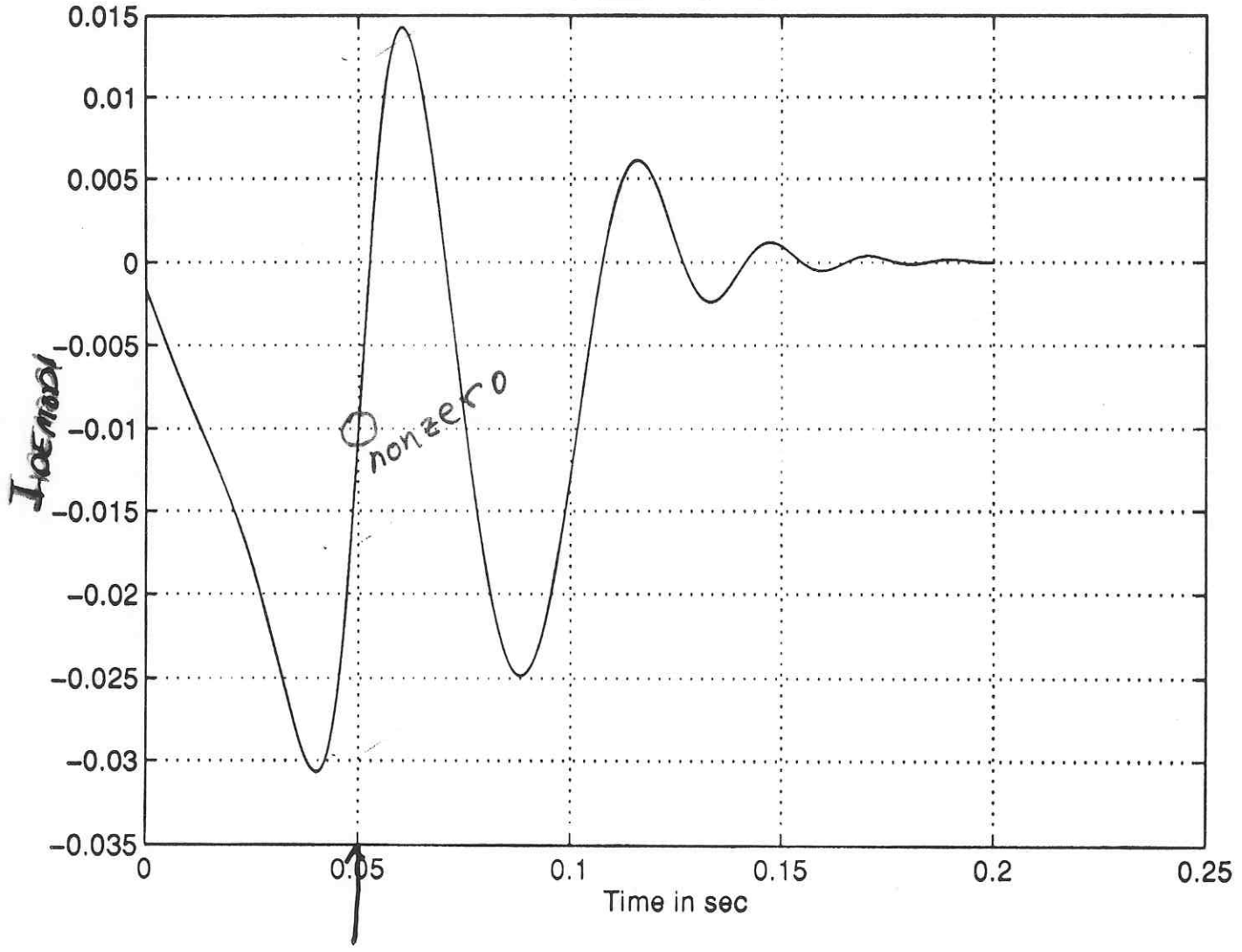
SIDEBAND RESONANT
IN BACK CAVITY
(Interesting Control)
Issues

Back cavity:

Finesse = 200
Cavity pole = 333 Hz
ON RESONANCE



I demod1 vs. Time



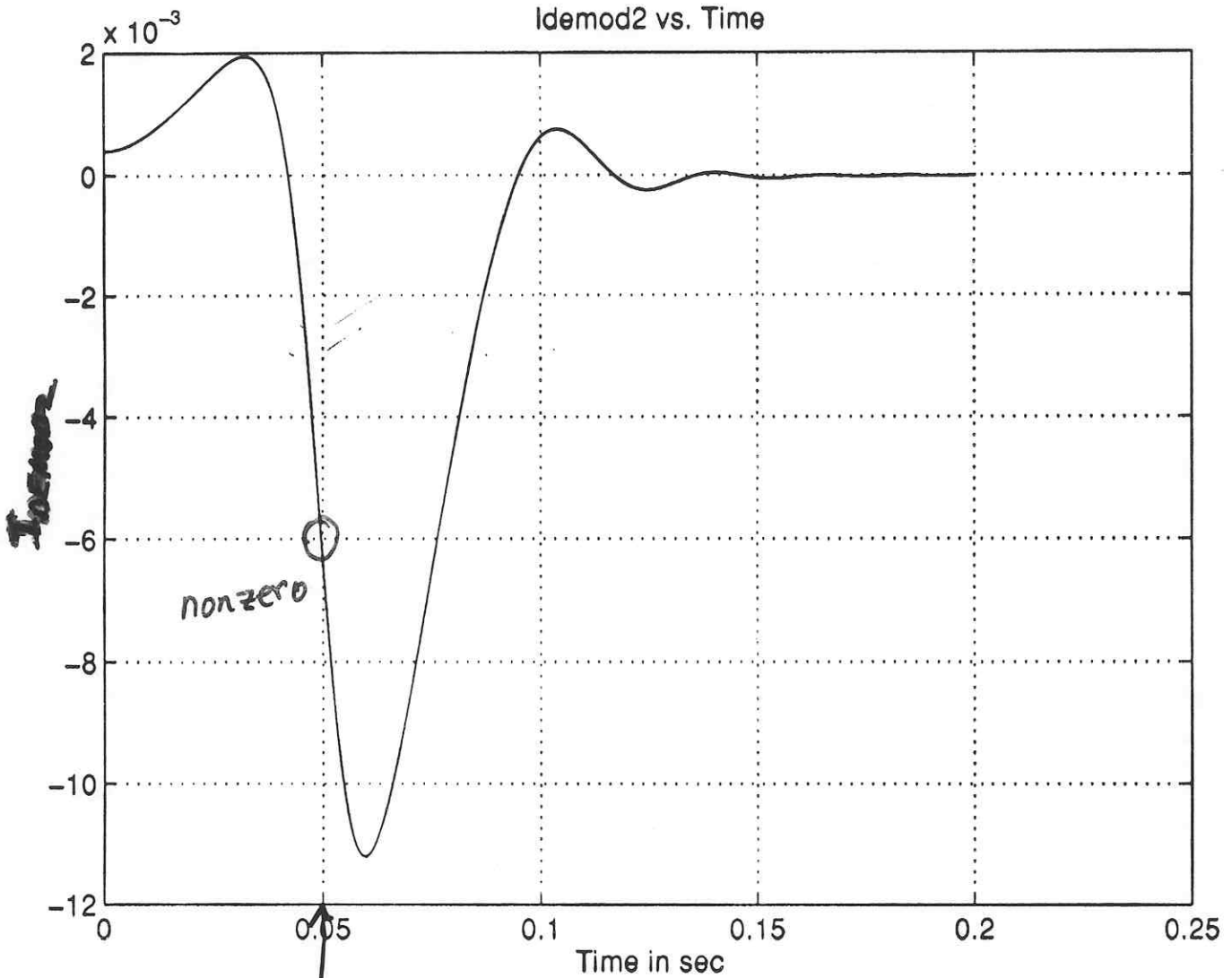
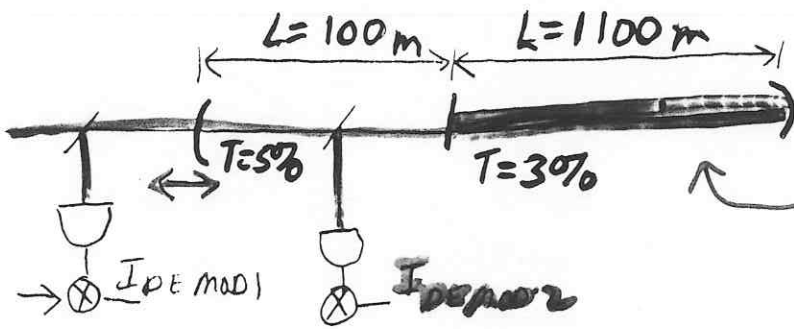
Front Cavity,
Goes Through Resonance

Back Cavity:

Finesse = 200

Cavity pole = 333 Hz

ON RESONANCE



Front Cavity Goes Through Resonance

What Are the Main Technical Issues?

- Model Validation
- Computational Speed of Modeling Code
- Control Design?