

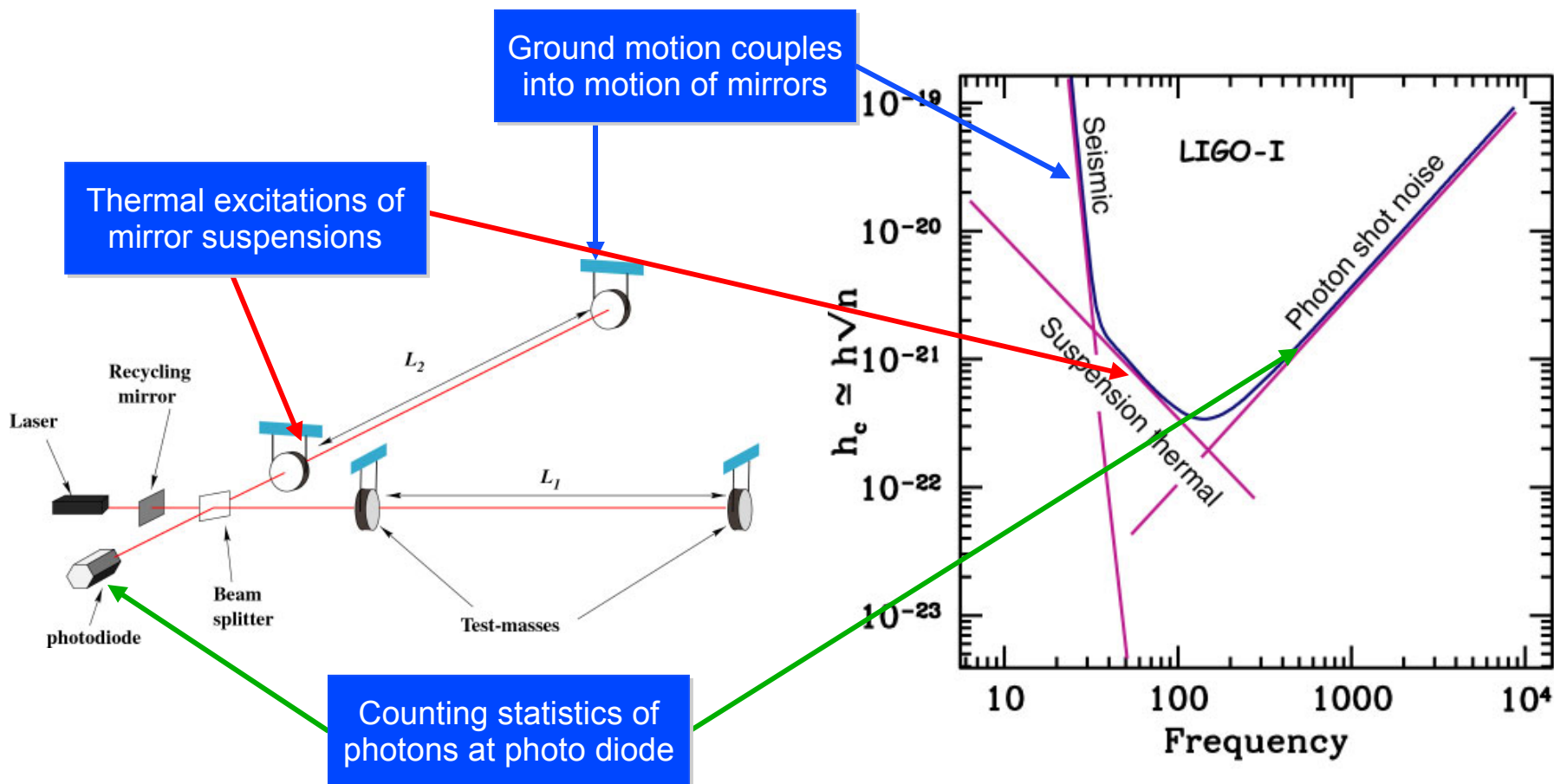
*Search for gravitational waves  
from inspiraling high-mass (non-spinning)  
compact binaries*

Anand S Sengupta

LIGO Laboratory, California Institute of Technology  
on behalf of the  
LIGO Scientific Collaboration

# The LIGO Interferometers

- ▶ Broad-band detector to measure distortion of spatial geometry due to passing gravitational wave from astrophysical sources.
  - » Michelson interferometer with Fabry-Perot cavity optical storage arms



# Current LIGO Sensitivity



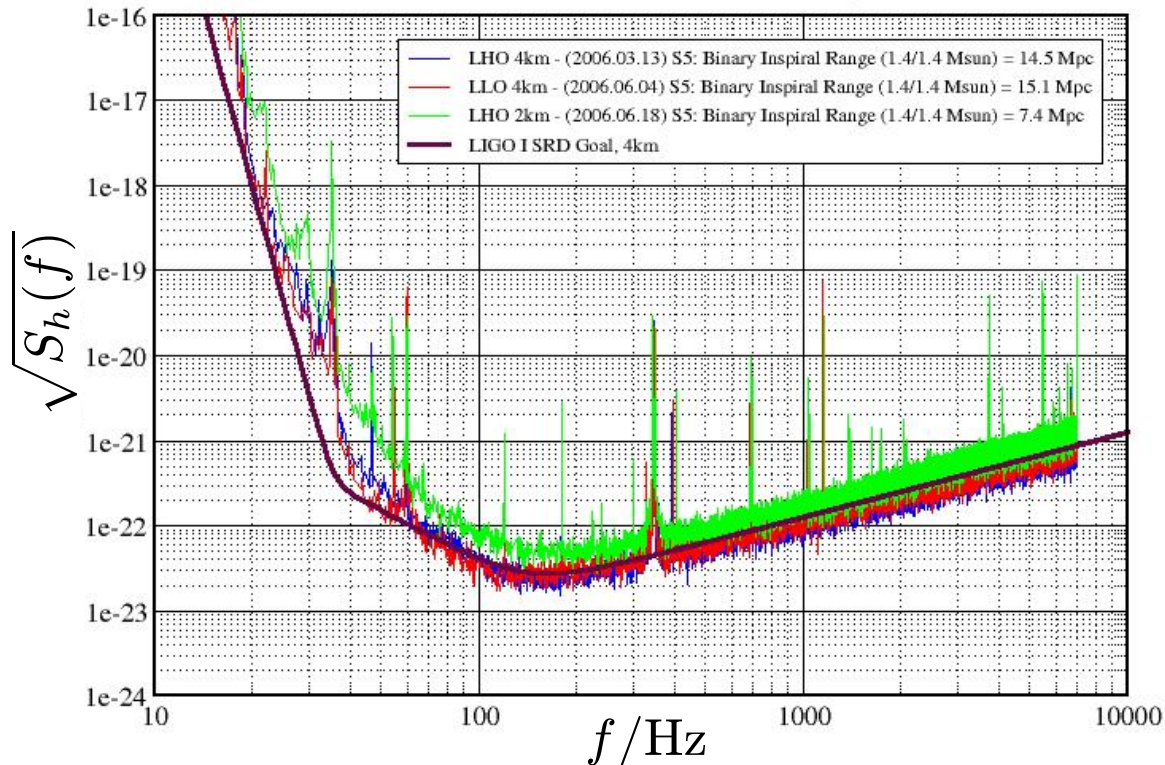
LIGO Livingston, LA



LIGO Hanford, WA

## Strain Sensitivity for the LIGO 4km Interferometers

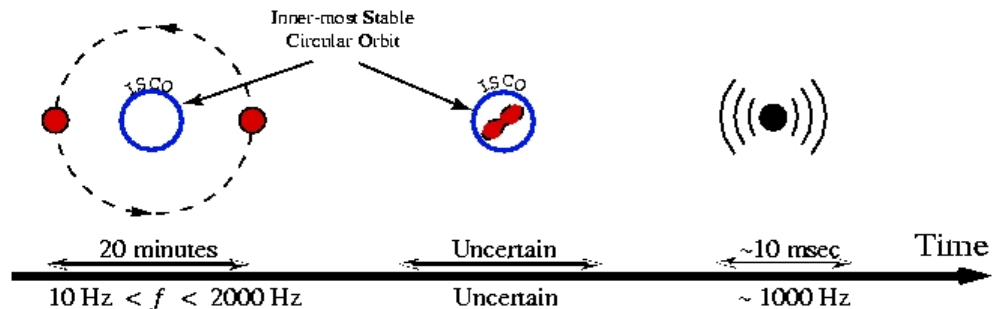
S5 Performance - June 2006 LIGO-G060293-01-Z



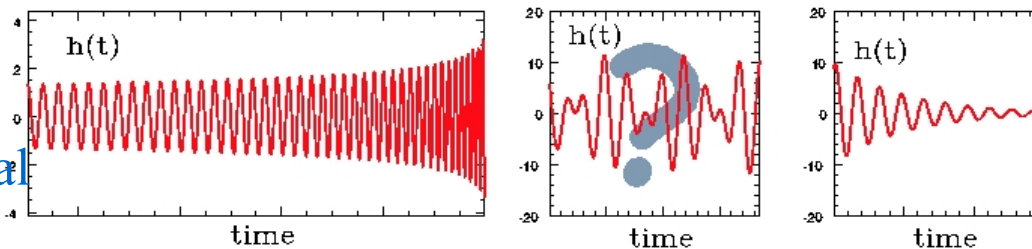
$$\langle n(f)n(f') \rangle = \frac{1}{2} S_h(f) \delta(f - f')$$

# Binary Coalescence Waveforms

- Assume inspiral signals are (reasonably) well modeled
  - standard matched filtering technique



- Post-Newtonian templates accurate for low mass systems in LIGO band but at higher masses post-Newtonian approximation breaks down.



- At still higher masses, inspiral searches transition into burst searches

- EOB waveforms hold good beyond ISCO upto  $r \sim 3 M_{\odot}$  (more bandwidth for high mass systems)

LIGO is sensitive to NS / BH inspirals  $M \leq 100 M_{\odot}$

# Matched Filtering with EOB templates

- ▶ Detector output contains noise and a possible inspiral signal  $x(t) = n(t) + h(t; \vec{\mu})$

- » Assume signal's functional form is known accurately : EOB waveforms
- » Signal's parameter is not known *a-priori*

- ▶ Matched filter

$$\rho(t; \mu_i) = 4 \left| \int_{f_l}^{f_u} \tilde{x}(f) \frac{\tilde{h}^*(f; \mu_i)}{S_h(f)} e^{2\pi i f t} df \right|$$

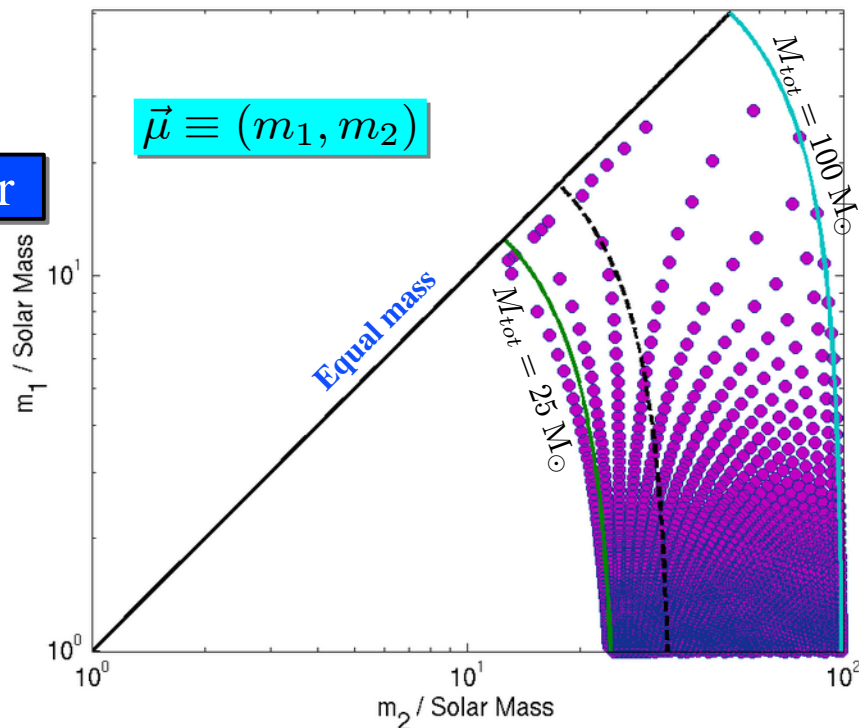
data

filter

- ▶ Maximize filter output over all parameters

$$\Lambda = \max_{t, \vec{\mu}} [\rho]$$

- » This is the detection statistic.
- » Threshold with care



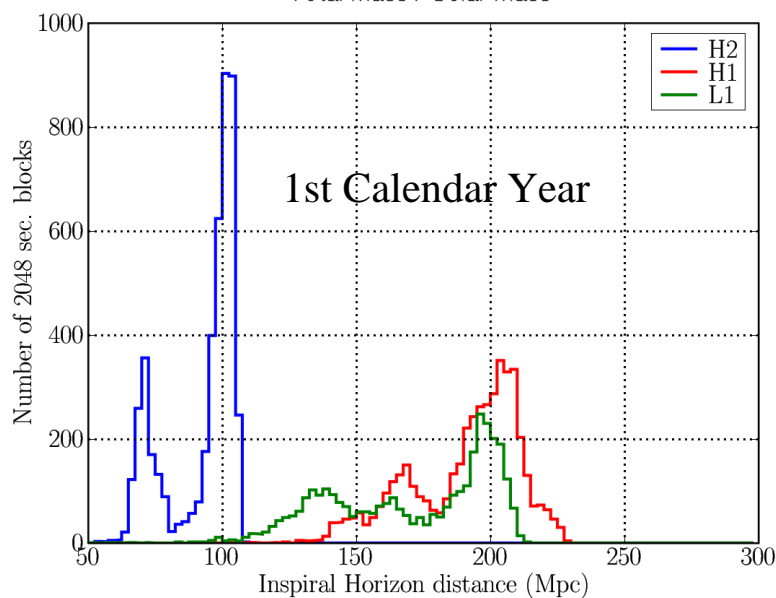
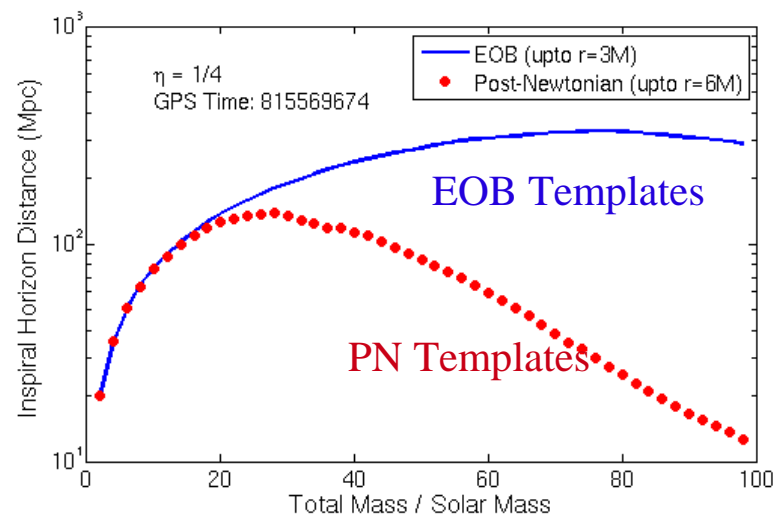
H1: Jul 2006 02:33:44 UTC

# EOB templates for high-mass systems

- ▶ EOB templates are well suited for high mass CBC search
  - » Higher bandwidth for high mass systems
  
- ▶ Larger band-width is good for inspiral search
  - » Inspiral Horizon Distance increases (improvement in mass reach)
  - » Useful for signal based consistency tests to reject false alarms

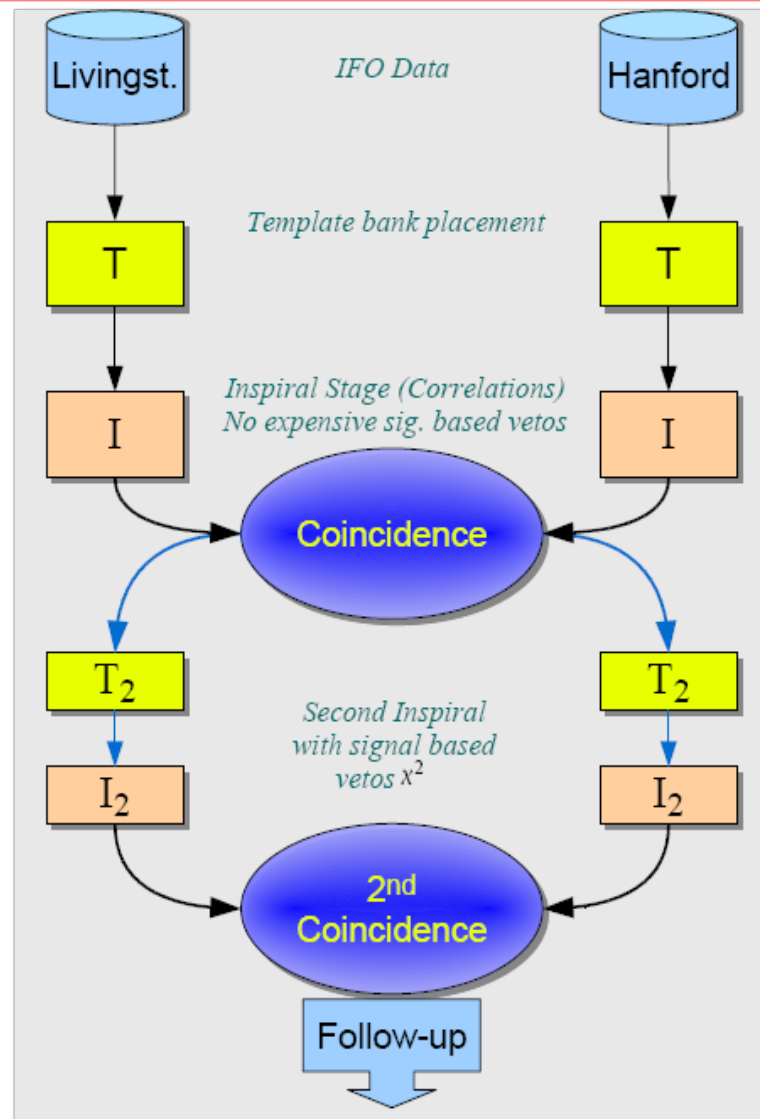
$$d \propto \frac{A(m_1, m_2)}{\rho} \times \int_{f_l}^{f_u} \frac{|\tilde{h}(f)|^2}{S_h(f)} df$$

- ▶ Optimally oriented binary
  - » snr fixed at 8
  - »  $|\tilde{h}(f)|^2 \sim f^{-7/3}$

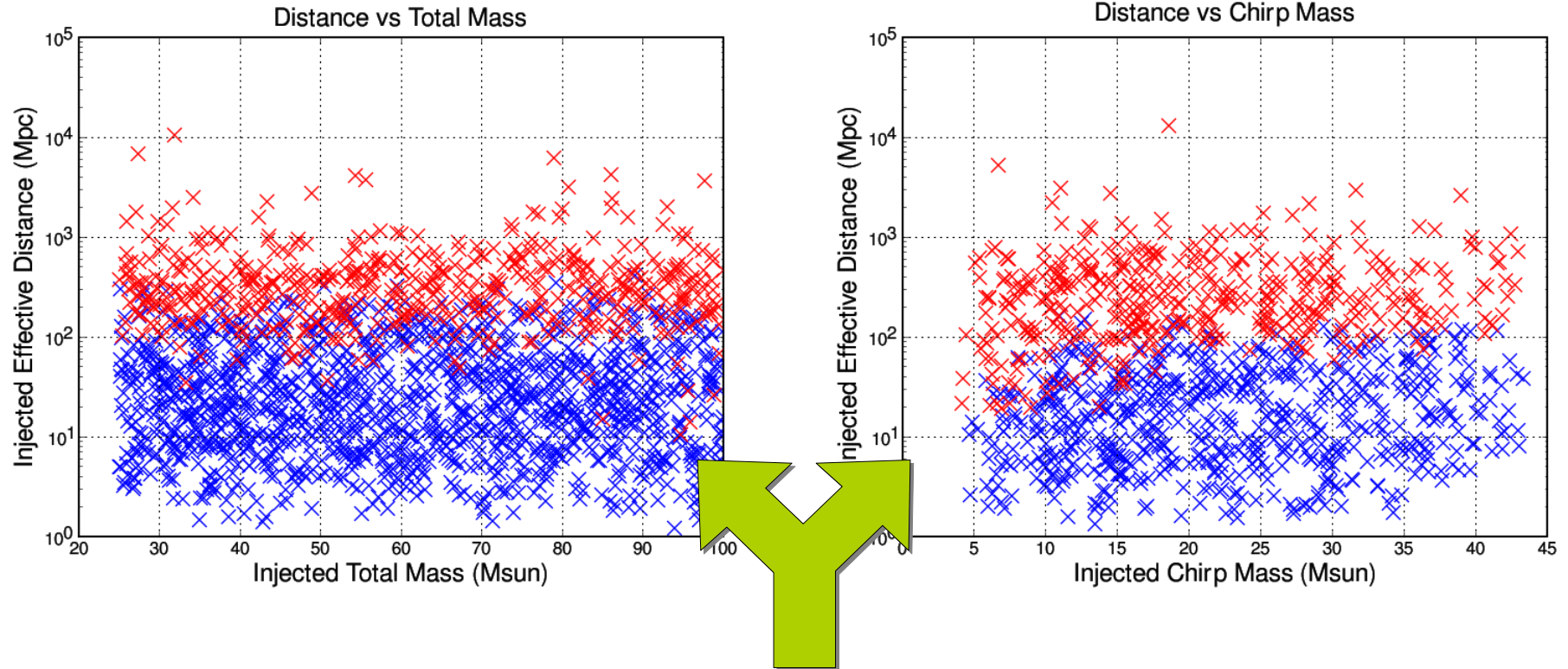


# Monte-Carlo Injection Studies

- ▶ A large number of software injections are injected in data which are then parsed through the data-analysis pipeline.
  - » Helps us tune the optimum value of the pipeline parameters
  - » Understand pathologies of the data and/or detection algorithm (from the missed injection)
  - » Quantify the efficiency of the pipeline as a function of distance to the compact binary systems.
  - » Pipeline has many tunable parameters
- ▶ Try to optimize on
  - » Detection efficiency
    - Compare injected / reconstructed signal
  - » Reduction in false alarm probability
  - » Arrive at the optimum value of parameters



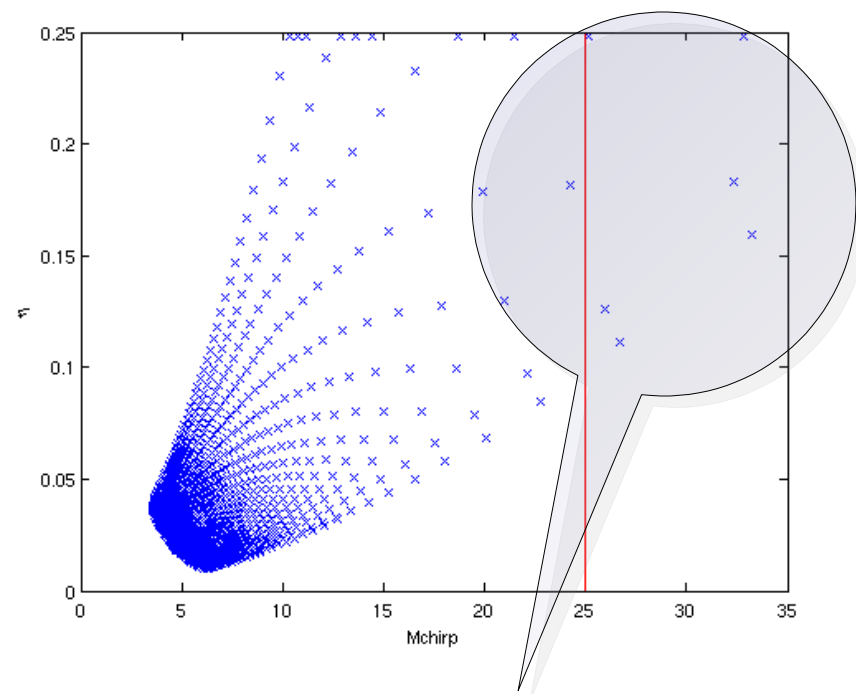
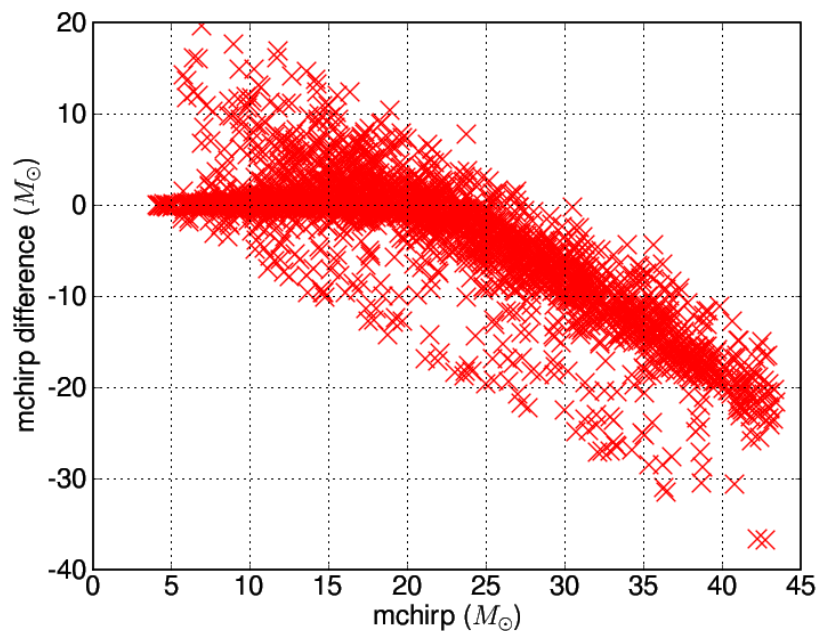
# Distance Reach



Nearby asymmetric high-mass injections  
are missed by our pipeline



# Parameter Estimation



Systematic bias  
in reconstructed parameters



Sparse density of templates  
in parameter space

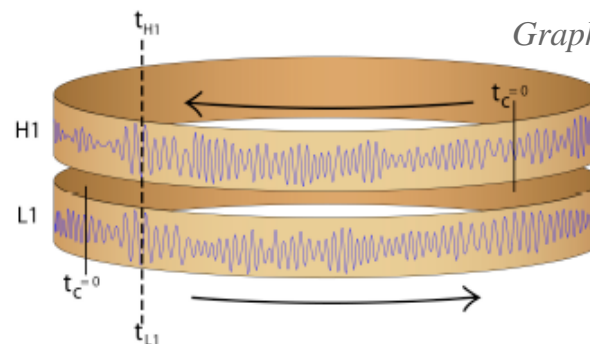
# Signal based veto

- ▶ Triggers from separate instruments are slid wrt each other

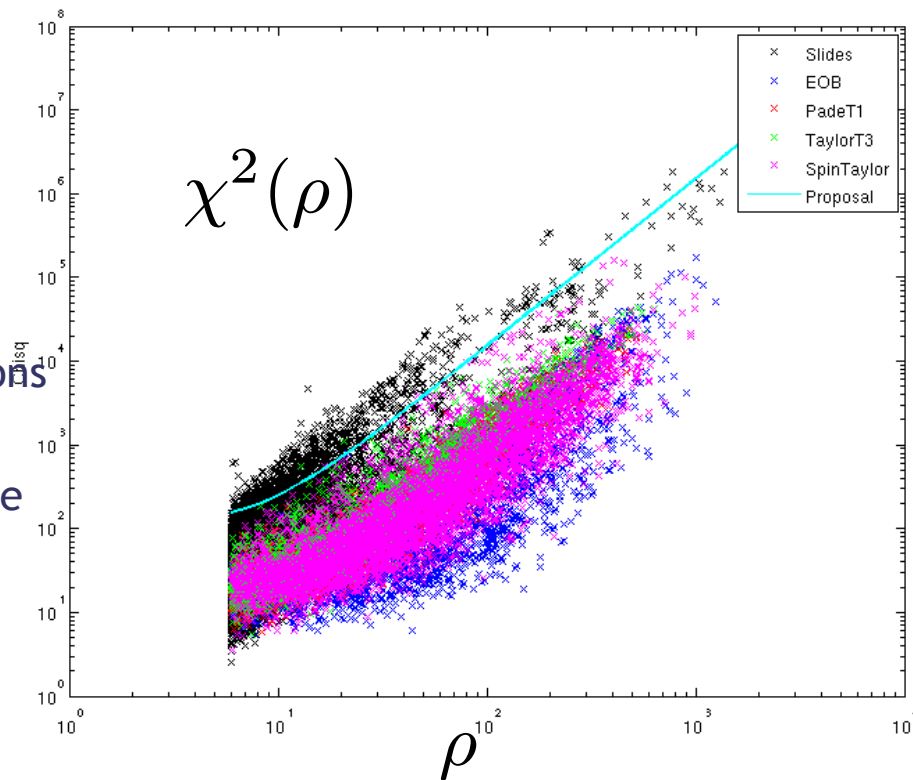
- » Accidental coincidences
- » Could not have arisen due to true gravitational wave event
- » Estimate of our background

- ▶ Signal based vetoes help us reduce accidental coincidences

- » Separate background from injections
- » Improve confidence of detection
- » Monte-Carlo injections help us tune the pipeline to reject accidental coincidences



Graphics: Becky Tucker



# Conclusion

- ▶ Mature inspiral data analysis pipeline
  - » Science runs S1 through S4 analyzed
  - » Astrophysical upper-limit results have been published.
  - » S5 1 year analysis in progress
    - Low mass search
    - High mass search
  
- ▶ High mass search employing EOB templates
  - » Can be integrated up-to light ring (beyond standard PN templates)
  - » Injection studies under way to tune the pipeline to be most efficient for high-mass systems.
  
- ▶ Pipeline tuning under way
  - » Unprecedented data quality in terms of band-width and integration time
  - » New search, new methods, new problems ?
    - Apply lessons learnt in the low mass search to this new search
  - » Rapid progress to automate the procedure