



Innovations in the LSC's Binary Inspiral Search Pipeline

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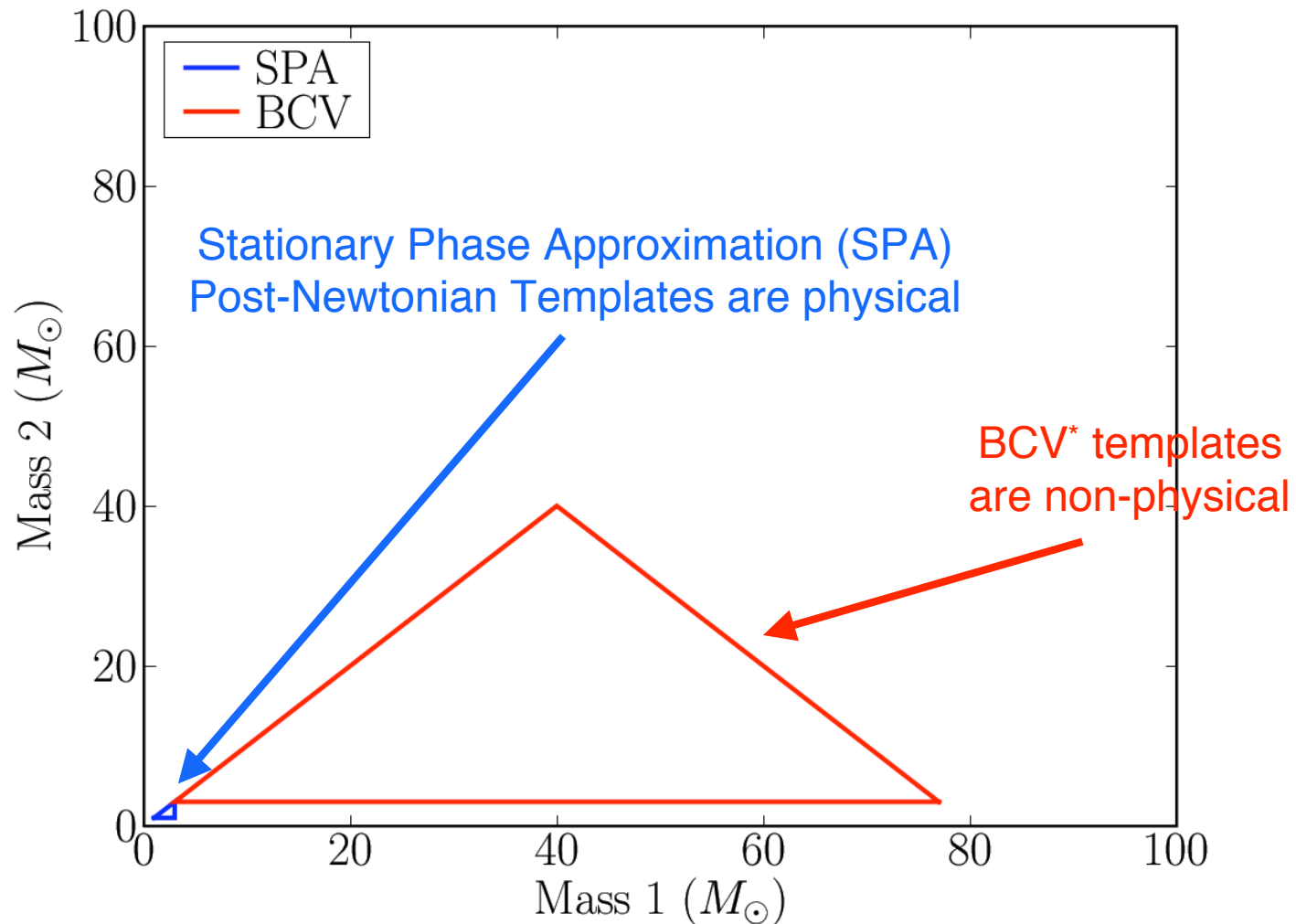
GWDW12
Boston, MA December 14th, 2007
LIGO-G070820-00-Z



Introduction

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- Differences in the template bank between the S3 & S4 Searches and the S5 Search
 - » Investigations that led to the differences
 - Estimated Background Trigger Investigations
 - Change in clustering / coincidence algorithm

S3 & S4 Searches



*A. Buonanno, Y. Chen, and M. Vallisneri, Phys. Rev. D **67**, 024016 (2003).



Template Bank Investigations



-
- Investigation of SPA templates in up to $35 M_{\odot}$
 - » Found to effectively capture these higher mass binaries
 - » Advantage of signal-based χ^2 test



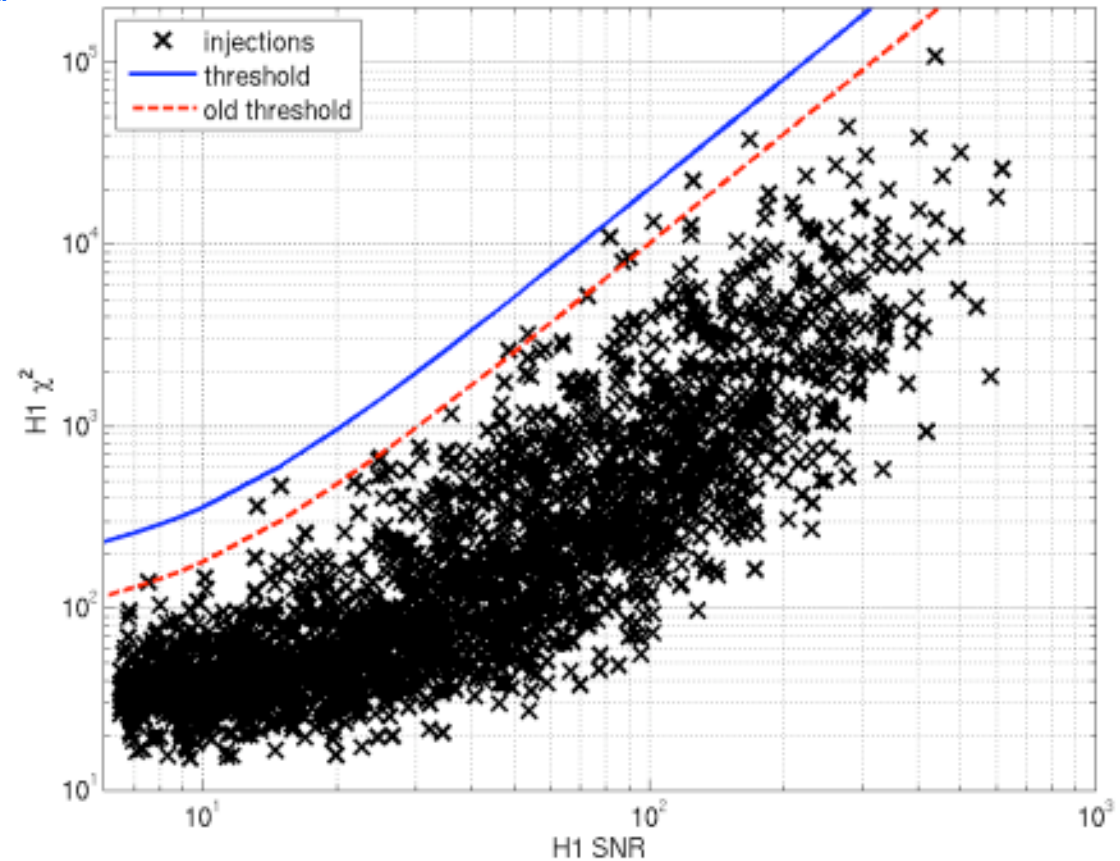
Template Bank Investigations



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 - Searching for non-spinning binaries where physical systems will have some amount of spin
 - » Investigation done to study searching for spinning injections with non-spinning templates

Injections with Spin

- Coalescence of spinning systems can be detected with non-spinning templates
 - » Loosen veto χ^2 threshold



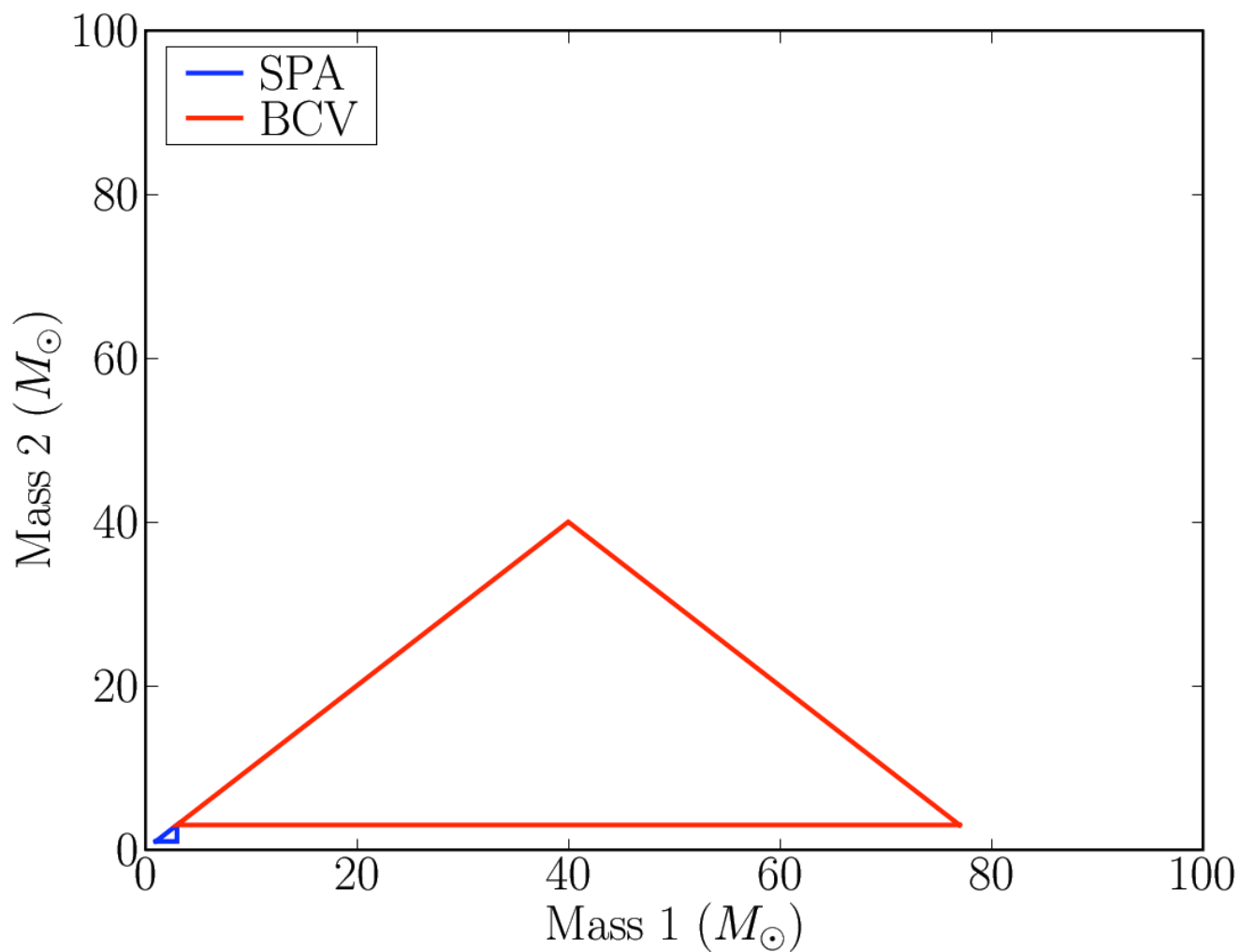


Template Bank Investigations

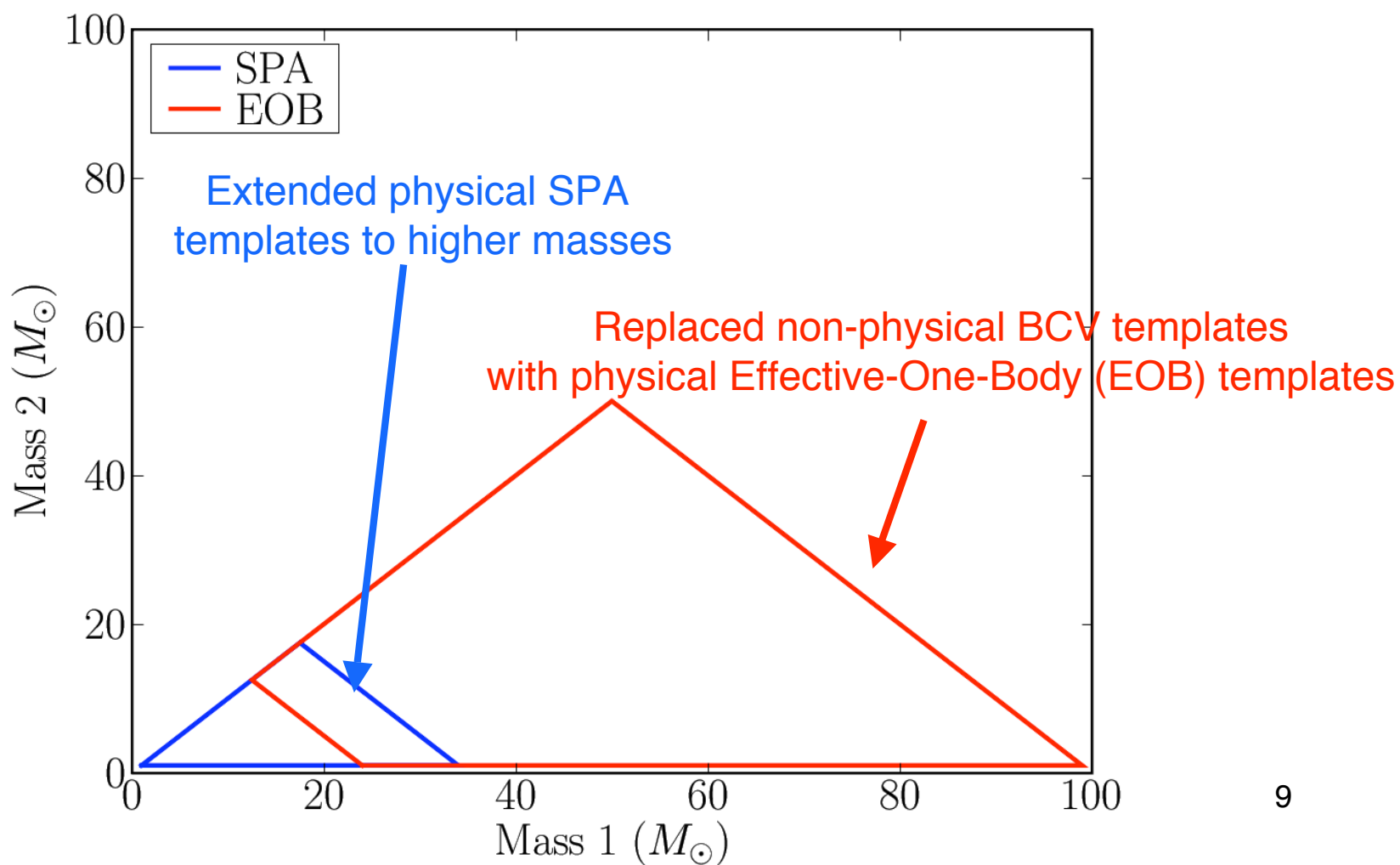


- Investigation of SPA templates in up to $35 M_{\odot}$
 - » Found to effectively capture these higher mass binaries
 - » Advantage of signal-based χ^2 test
- Searching for non-spinning binaries where physical systems will have some amount of spin
 - » Investigation done to study searching for spinning injections with non-spinning templates
- Searching for quasi-circular binaries even though real binaries will have residual eccentricity
 - » Investigation done to study effects of eccentricity on our detection efficiency

S3 & S4 Searches



S5 Searches



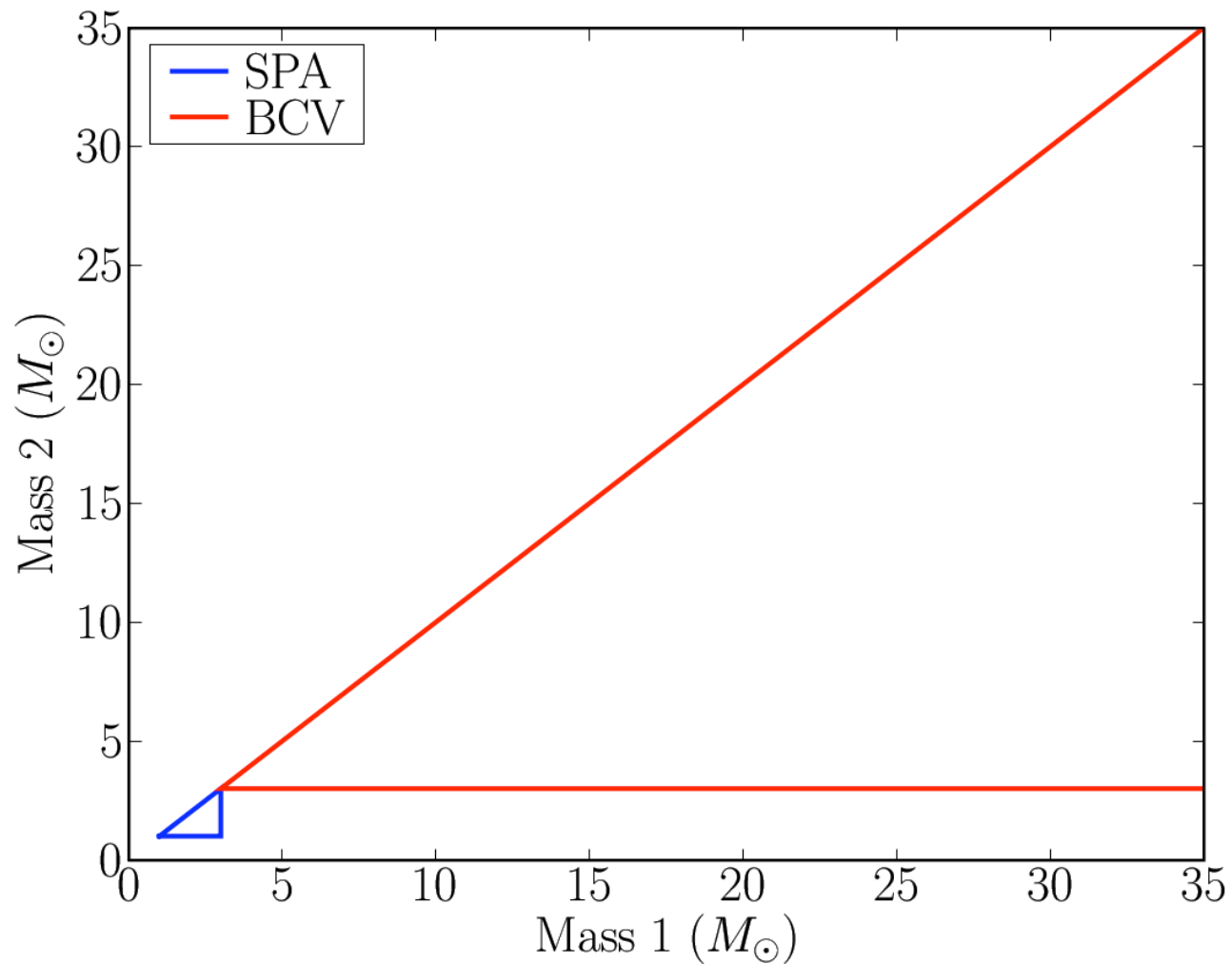


S5 Searches

- Low Mass Region
 - » Use (0.0, 2.0) PN in (amplitude, phase) SPA templates
 - » Cutoff frequency at Innermost Stable Circular Orbit
 - » Component masses from 1 - 34 M_{\odot}
 - » Maximum total mass of 35 M_{\odot}
- High Mass Region
 - » Use (0.0, 2.0) PN in (amplitude, phase) EOB Time Domain templates
 - » Cutoff frequency at Light Ring
 - » Component masses from 1 - 99 M_{\odot}
 - » Total mass of 25 - 100 M_{\odot}

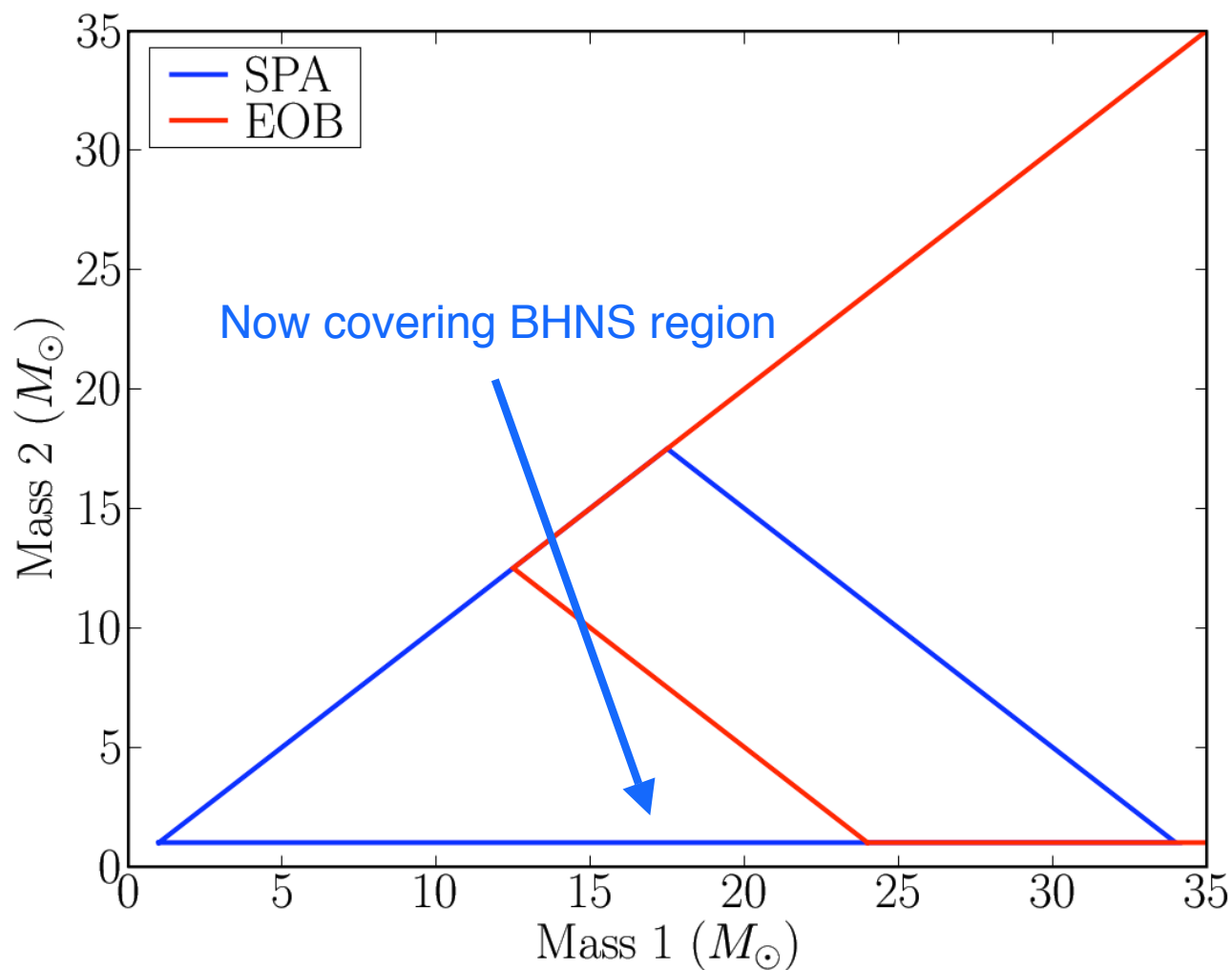


Low Mass Region S3 & S4 Searches



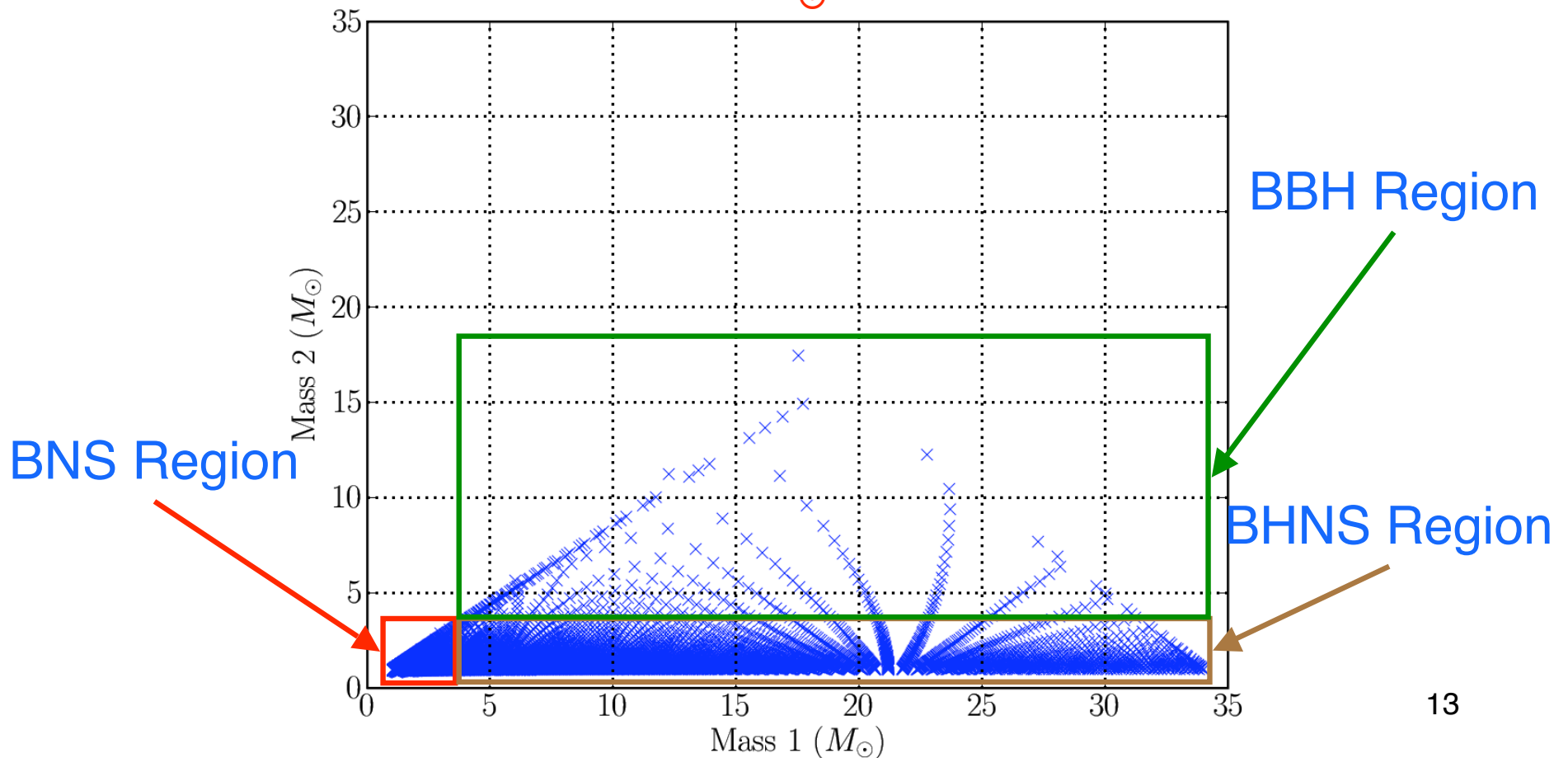


Low Mass Region S5 Search



S5 SPA Template Bank

- Component masses from 1 - 34 M_{\odot}
- Maximum total mass of 35 M_{\odot}





Background Investigations

-
- Estimate background using non-physical time-slide coincidences



Background Investigations

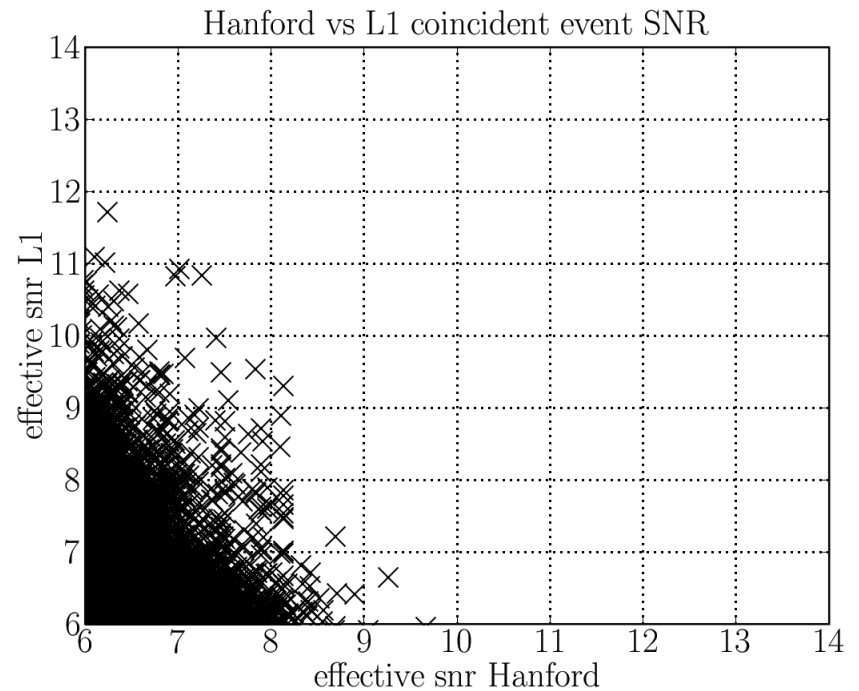
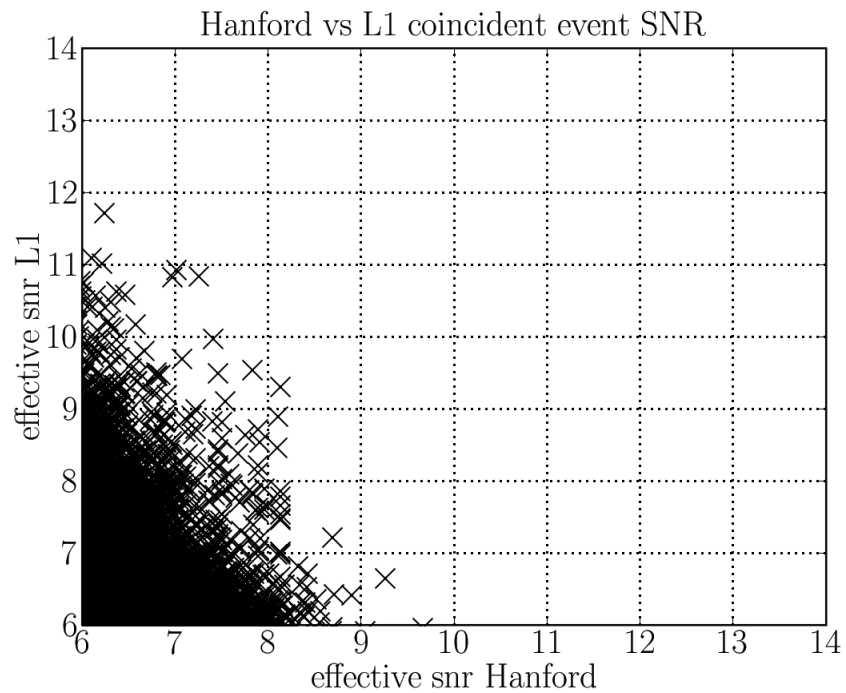
- Estimate background using non-physical time-slide coincidences
- Different background distributions for different portions of the mass region
 - » Higher mass region has shorter templates and higher effective SNR estimated background triggers
 - » Lower mass region has longer templates and lower effective SNR estimated background triggers



Estimated Background Triggers

Full Mass Region

Full Mass Region

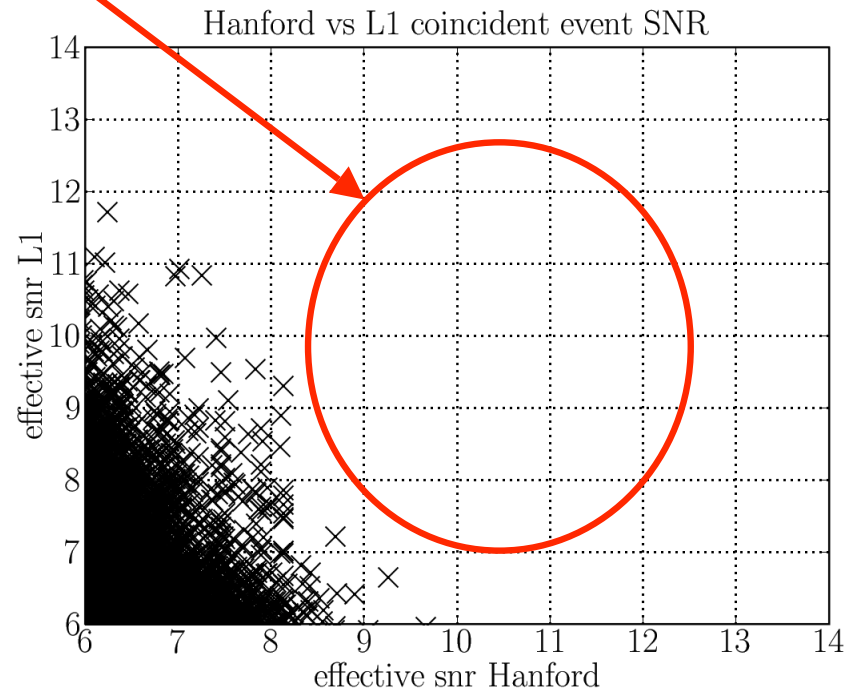
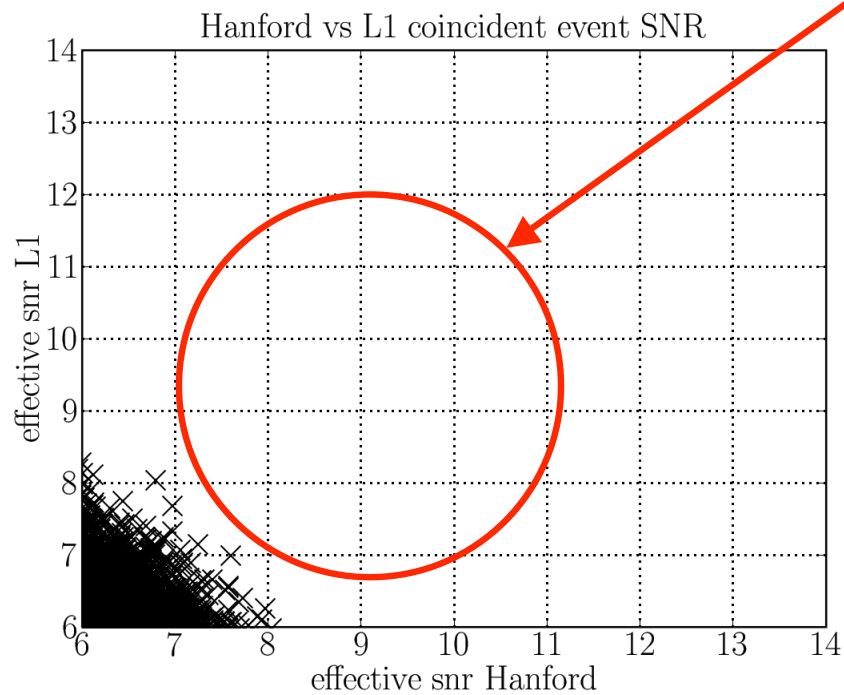


Estimated Background Triggers

BNS Mass Region

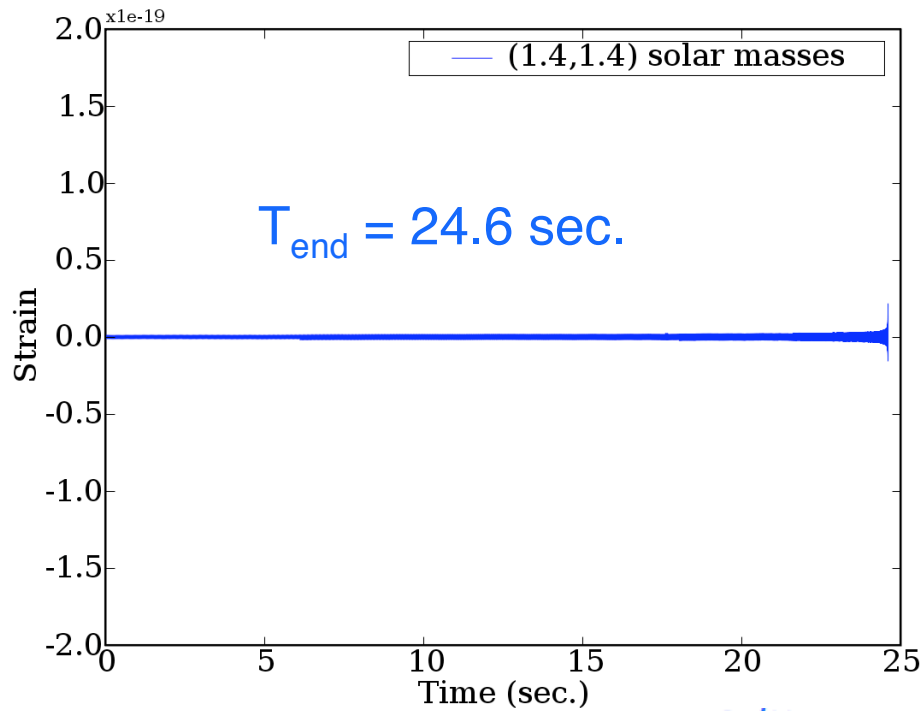
No Background!

BBH Mass Region

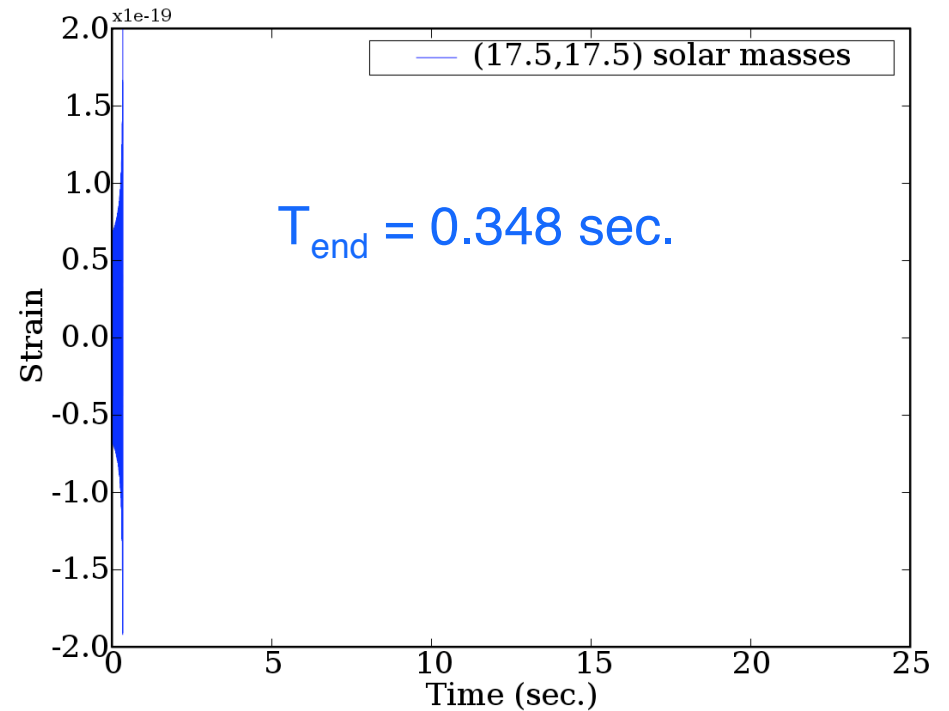


Template Length

BNS Mass Region



BBH Mass Region



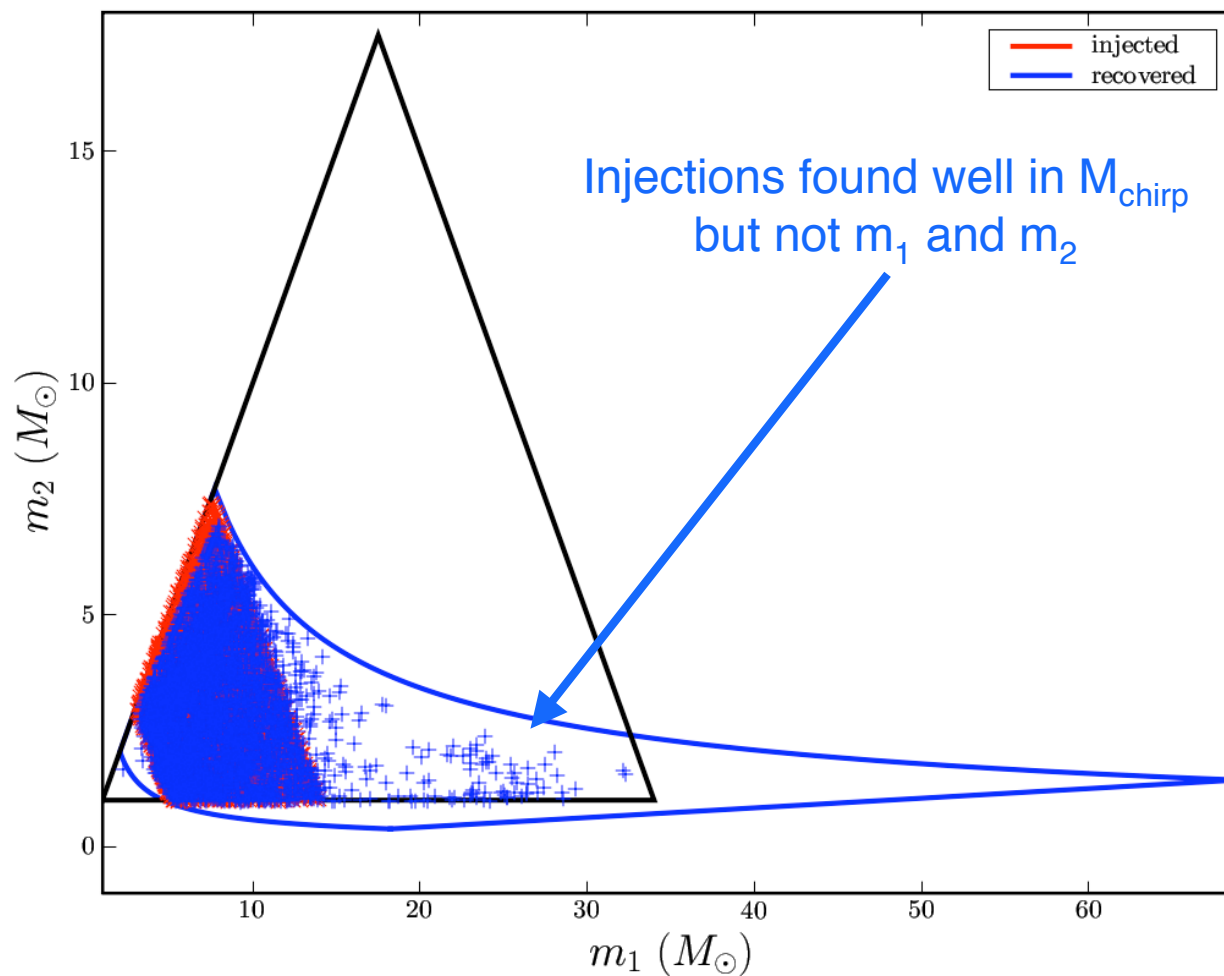
$$M_{\text{chirp}} = \eta^{3/5} M_{\text{total}} \quad \eta = \frac{m_1 m_2}{(m_1 + m_2)^2}$$



Background Investigations

- Estimate background using non-physical time-slide coincidences
- Different background distributions for different portions of the mass region
 - » Higher mass region has shorter templates and higher effective SNR estimated background triggers
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 - » Group triggers by where software injections are found in template space

Background Investigations



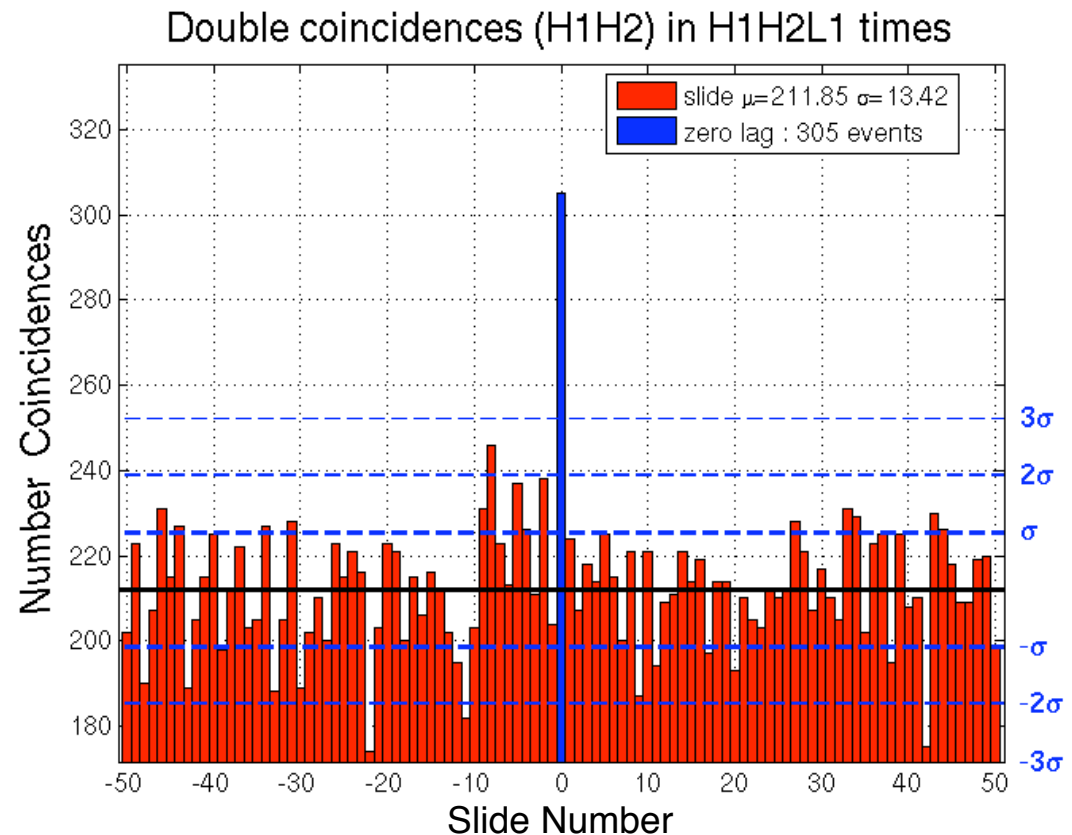


Background Investigations

- Estimate background using non-physical time-slide coincidences
- Different background distributions for different portions of the mass region
 - » Higher mass region has shorter templates and higher effective SNR estimated background triggers
 - » Lower mass region has longer templates and lower effective SNR estimated background triggers
 - » Group triggers by where software injections are found in template space
- Investigation of excess of H1H2L1 triggers at low SNRs
 - » Time-slides done by sliding H1, H2 and L1 separately
 - » Sliding H1 and H2 together against L1 gives correct background estimation
 - Known excess of H1H2 triggers compared to expected H1H2 background

Background Investigations

- Estimate background using
- Different background distribution region
 - » Higher mass region has shorter background triggers
 - » Lower mass region has longer background triggers
 - » Group triggers by where software
- Investigation of excess of H1H2
 - » Time-slides done by sliding H1
 - » Sliding H1 and H2 together against background
 - Known excess of H1H2 triggers



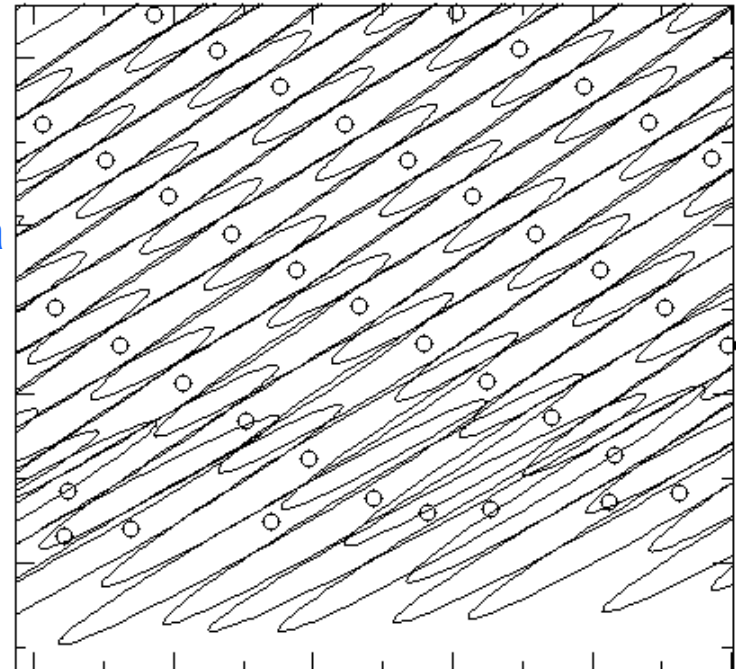
- Future investigation of H1H2 estimated background
 - » Slide H1 and H2 by a few hundred milliseconds instead of tens of seconds
 - » Supporting plot from S4 BBH Search (gr-qc/0704.3368)



Clustering / Coincidence Calculation



- Previous searches used clustering and coincidence algorithms that were fixed over the mass space
 - » Used windows on the values of M_{chirp} , η , $t_{\text{coalescence}}$
- New coincidence based on metric used for template placement
 - » Variable across mass space
 - » Error ellipsoids in M_{chirp} , η , and $t_{\text{coalescence}}$
 - » Coincidence step in pipeline called e-thinca





The End



Search Pipeline Overview

- Search for binaries with components between 1 and 35 solar masses
 - » Maximum total mass of 35 solar masses
 - » Use data from three LIGO detectors
- Matched filter search using second order post-Newtonian templates
 - » Generates first stage triggers
- Apply time, mass, (amplitude) coincidence
 - » Ensure trigger is present in at least 2 LIGO detectors
- Apply signal based vetoes e.g. χ^2
 - » Vetoes are expensive: applying after first coincidence saves CPU
- Re-apply coincidence to get candidate triggers
- Construct coherent inspiral statistic
- Follow up event candidates remaining at end of pipeline

