



Lasers Working Group - Summary

Benno Willke

LSC Meeting Livingston, March 2004 LIGO-G040184-00-Z

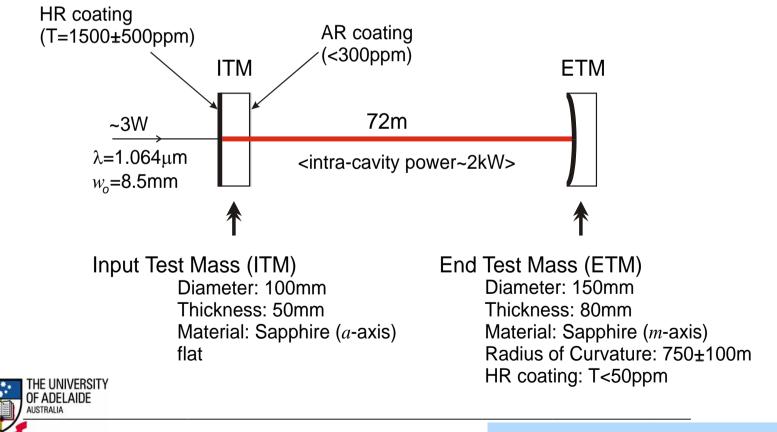
HPTF Test Objectives

- Measure optical distortions in ITM substrate and coatings, validate MELODY
 - Test 1: Substrate absorption as in Adv LIGO
 - Test 2: High Reflectivity ITM coating absorption
 - Test 3: Power recycled FP with unstable recycling cavity at low power as in AdvL
- Test wavefront sensors
- Test actuators for control in cavity
- Investigate control of power recycled FP cavities.



HPTF TEST 1: Measure wavefront distortion due to absorption in test mass substrate

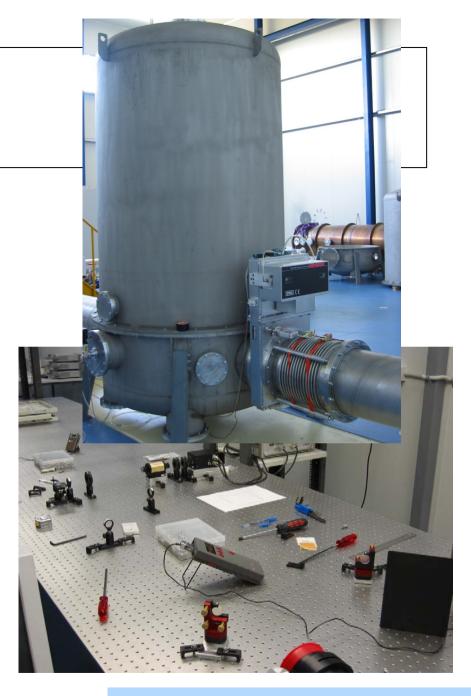
- Use rear surface ITM. Measure degradation of finesse with increasing stored power
- Use Hartmann wavefront sensor to characterize distortion.



Jesper Munch

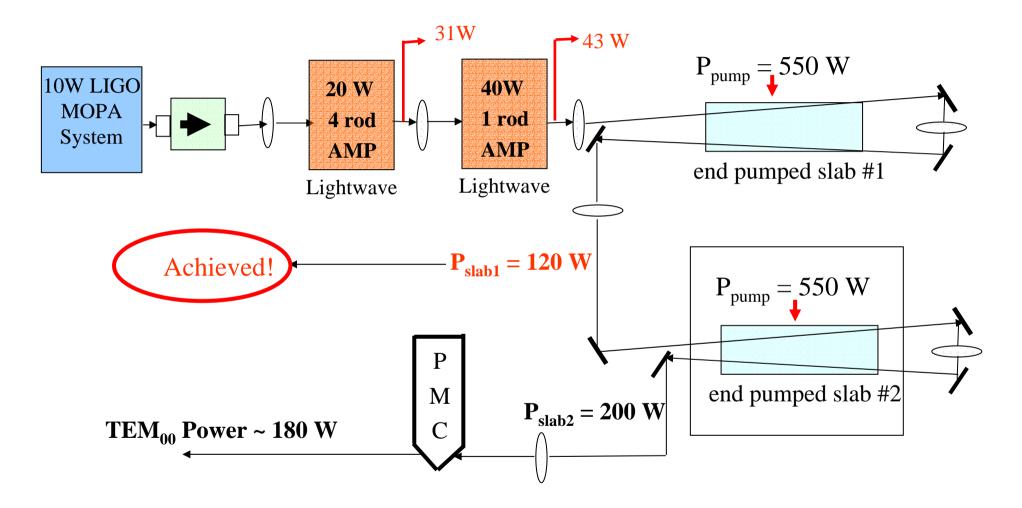






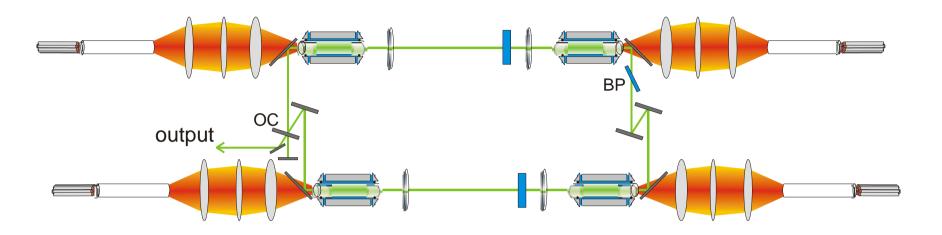
Jesper Munch

Scaling to 200 W : Experimental Plan



Shally Saraf

LZH - High Power Stage

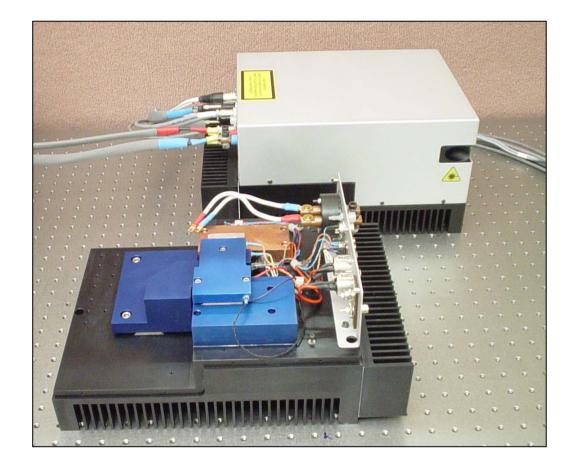


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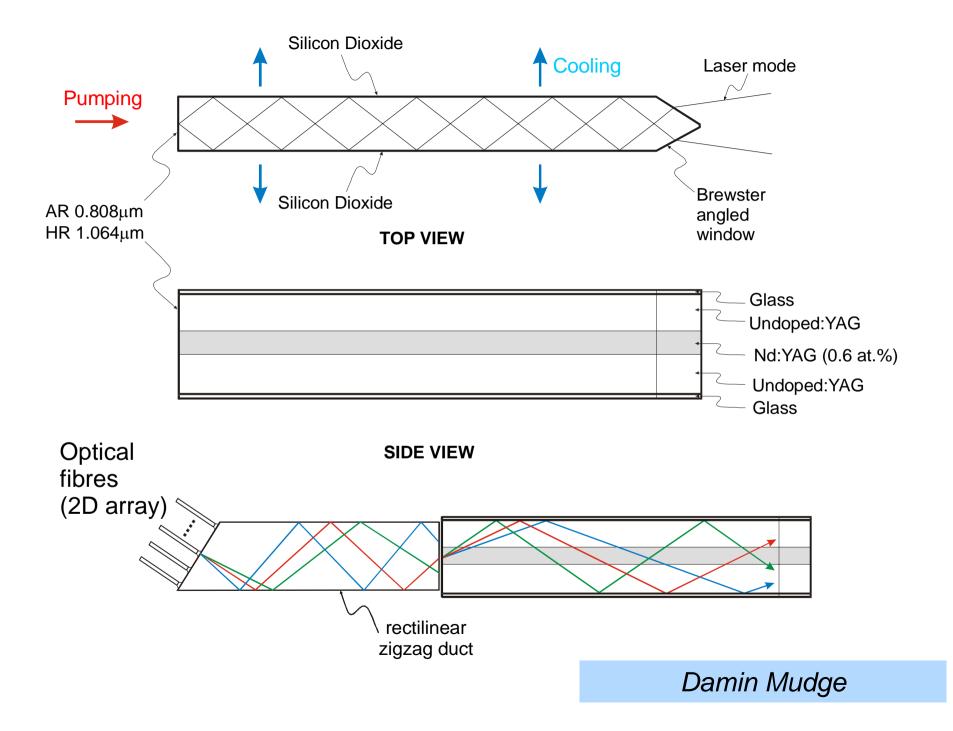
- high power slave-laser
 - output power: 213 W
 - beam quality, M²: < 1.15
 - polarization: > 100:1
 - optical efficiency:
- front end
 - components in place

Maike Frede

ACIGA HPTF and TAMA Lasers



David Hosken



Laser Working Group Breakout Session

- Peter King: LIGOI prestabilized laser system
 - Hanford 2k PSL: 37k
 - RIN behind MC: 2E-8 / sqrt(Hz) @10Hz
- David Ottaway: MIT power stabilization experiment
- Frank Seifert: AEI power stabilization experiment
 - RIN: 6E-9 / sqrt(Hz) @ 100Hz
 - not clear what limits out-of-loop performance
- Dennis Ugolini: Trinity power stabilization experiment
 - correlation between NPRO current and RIN
 - once noise eater was turned on correlation disappears

PSL – Conceptual Design

