Current Work on Advanced LIGO Seismic Isolation

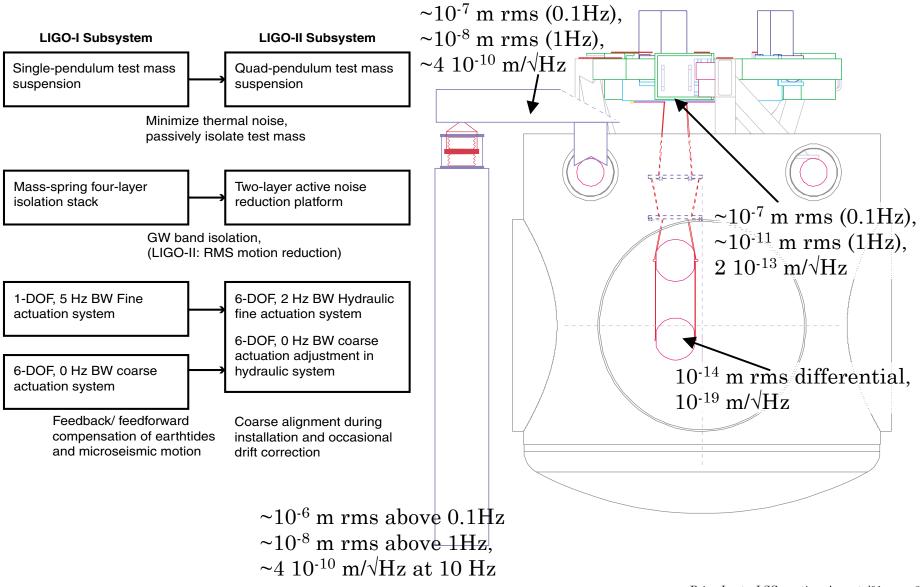
JILA, LLO, LSU, MIT, Stanford

Rich Abbott, Graham Allen, Daniel DeBra, Joe Giaime, Giles Hammond, Marcel Hammond, Corwin Hardham, Jonathan How, Wensheng Hua, Brian Lantz, Ken Mason, Rich Mittleman, Jamie Nichol, Joshua Phinney, Gerry Stapfer





Functional Description of the System

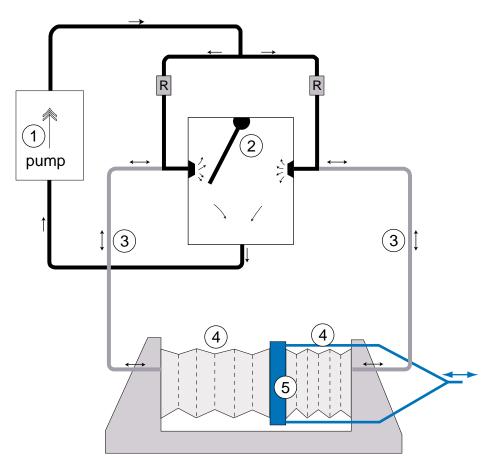


Currently, Work is Proceeding along Several Directions

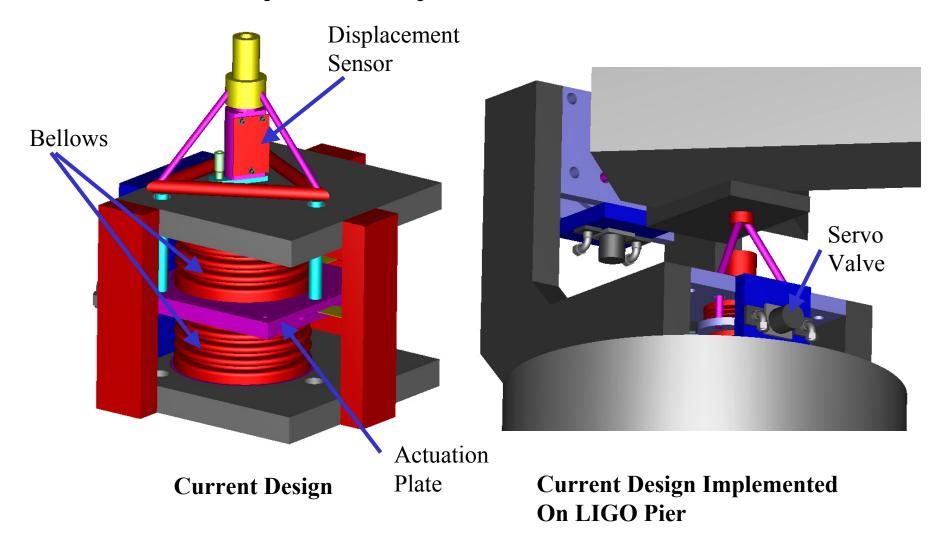
- External Hydraulics
- Continuing Studies of Existing Prototypes
- Design of the new ETF Technology Demonstration Prototype

Differential Bellows for Quiet Actuator

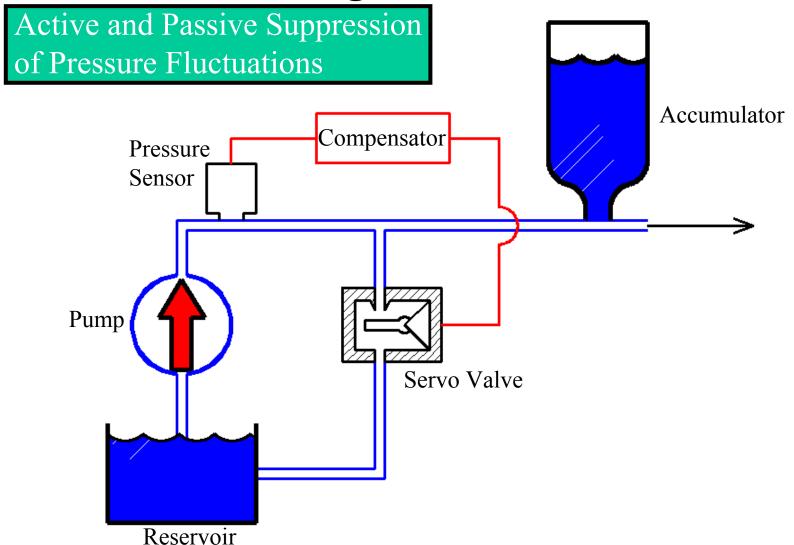
- 1) Pump
- 2) Differential Flapper Valve
- 3) Bellows Supply
- 4) Differential Bellows
- 5) Actuation Plate



The Quiet Hydraulic Actuator



Conditioning a Pressure Source



The Test Platform at Stanford

Horizontal

Actuator

Vertical Actuator

Displacement Sensor

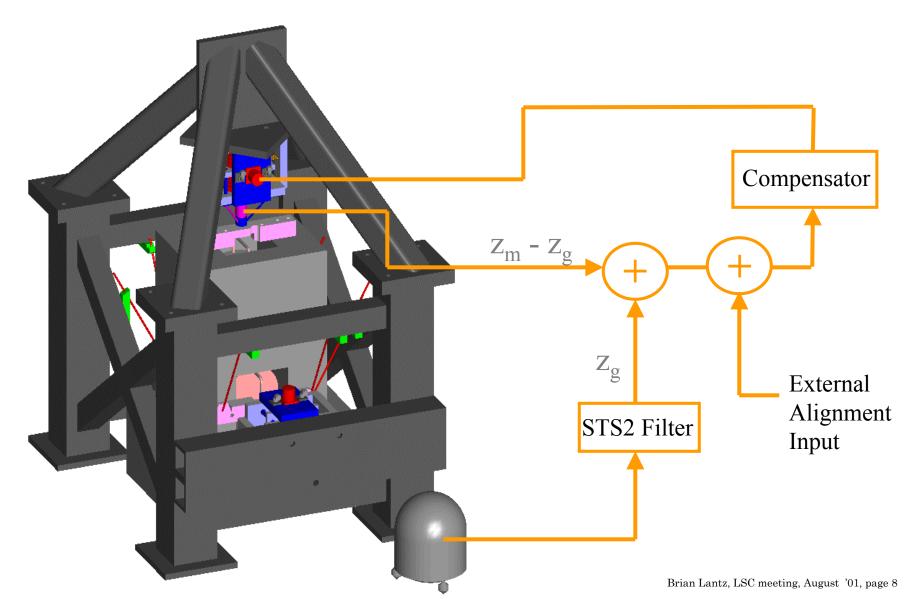
S-13 Seismometer

STS2 Seismometer

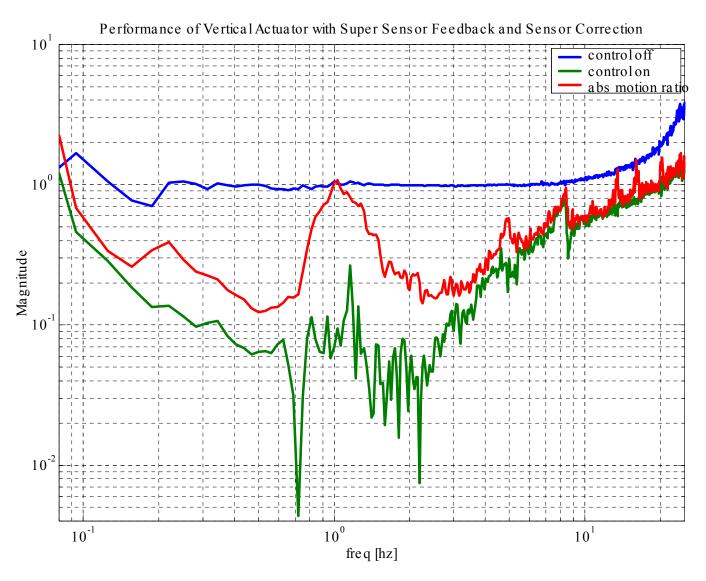
800 lb Test Mass

Brian Lantz, LSC meeting, August '01, page 7

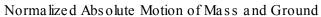
Sensor Correction

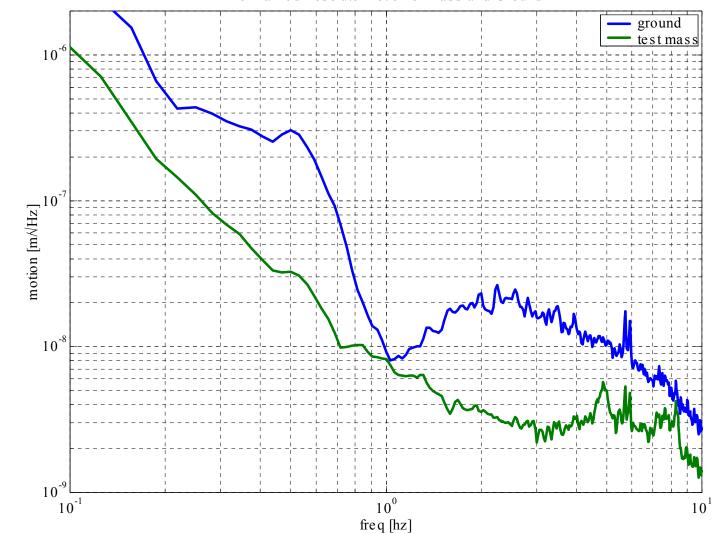


Vertical Isolation



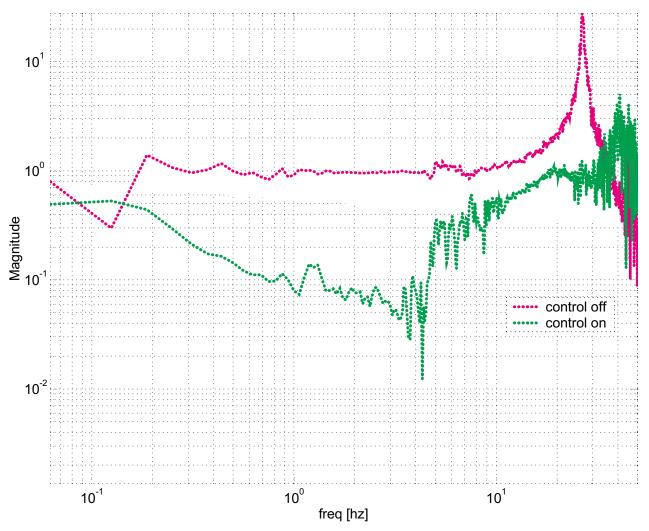
Vertical Motion



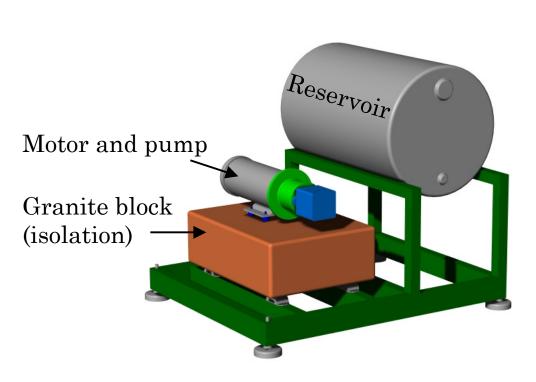


Horizontal Isolation

Transmission Between S13 horz and sts-2 on 14-May-2001

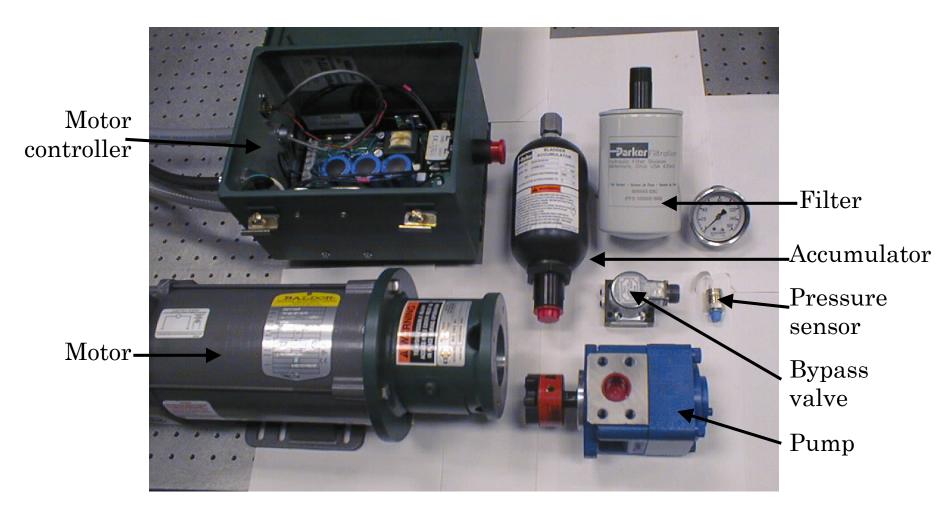


New Pumping Stand



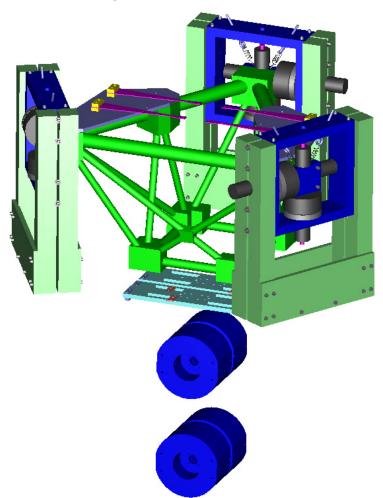
- Build new system with improved low freq range, and capacity to drive 8 actuators.
- Allow Stanford and LASTI to order identical stations (easier debugging).
- Assembled and instrumented by end of October.

New Pump Station is Progressing

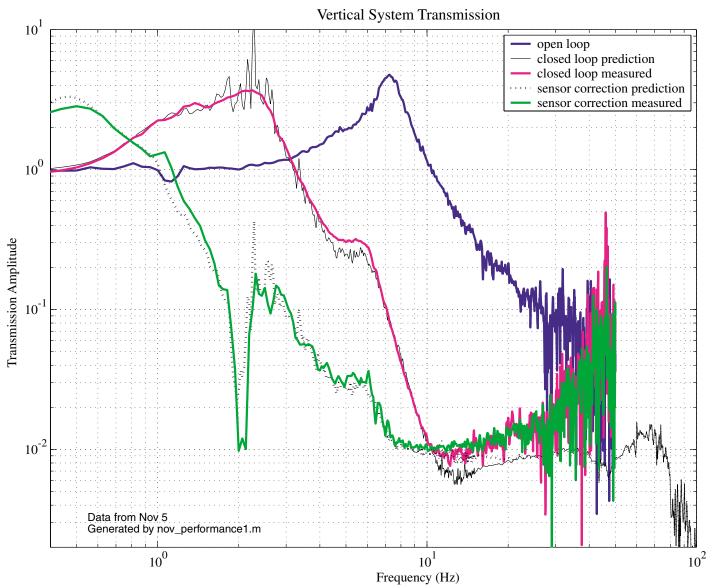


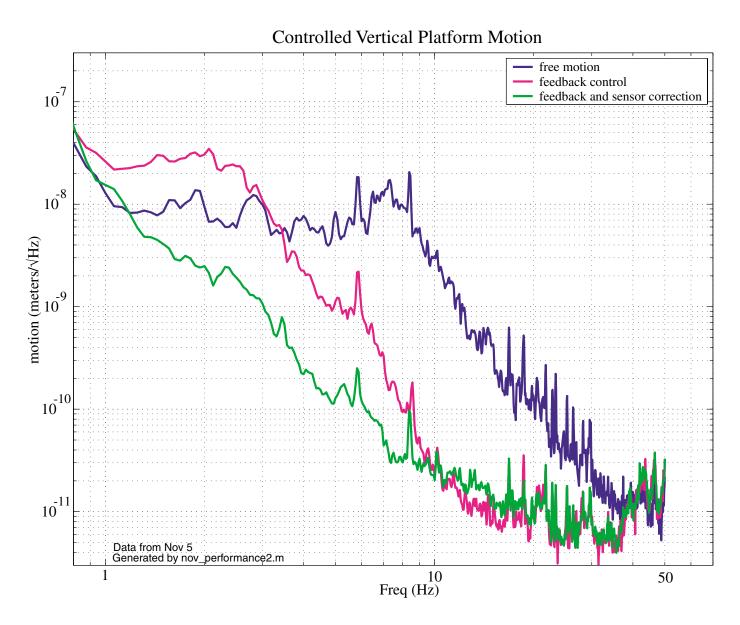
Single Layer Platform with Pendulums

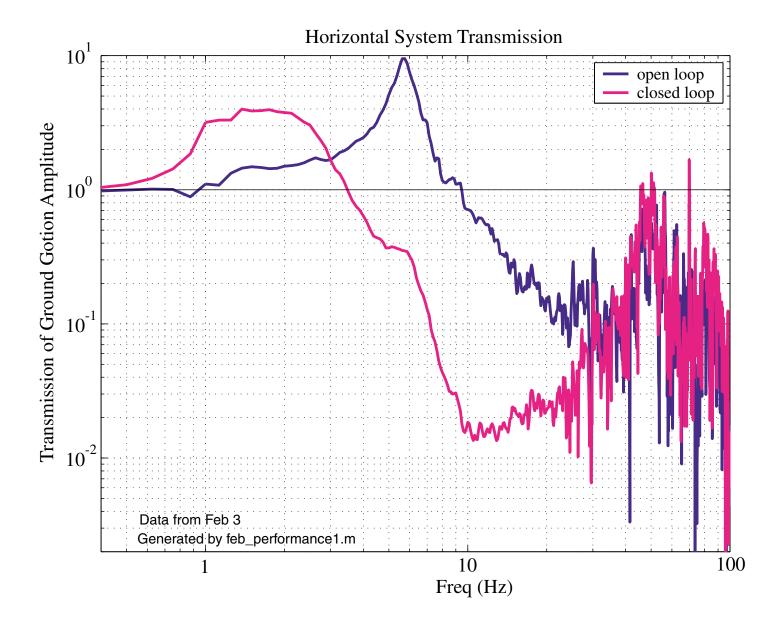
- Demonstrate 6 DOF active platform with collocated sensors and actuators.
- Demonstrate sensor blending.
- Validate computer model used to design LIGO system.
- Demonstrate sensor correction to reduce ground motion.
- Demonstrate reliable operation of stiff platform and pendulum working together.

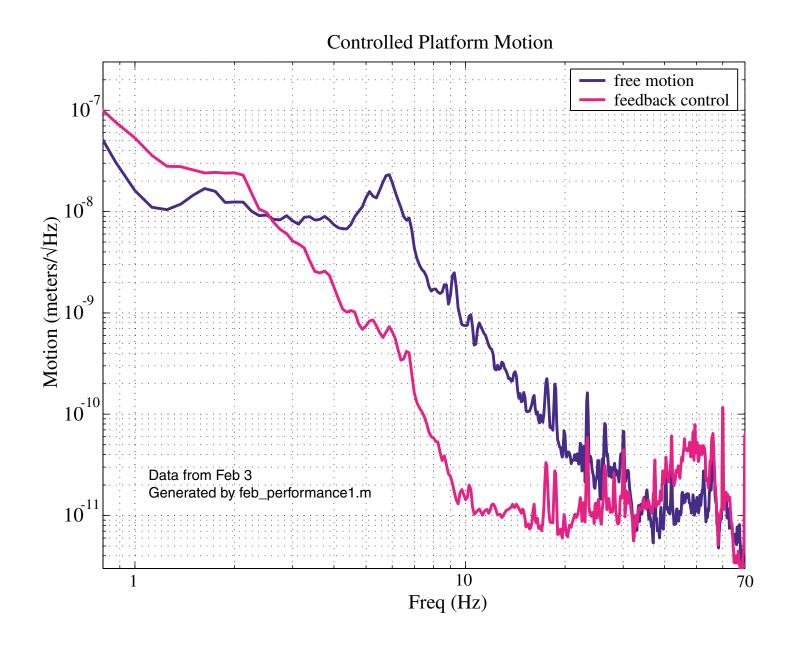


Results from Single Layer Platform

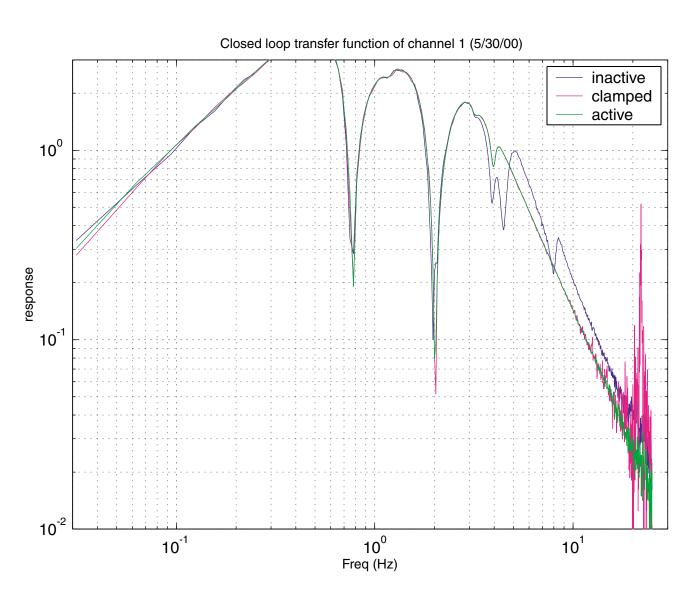




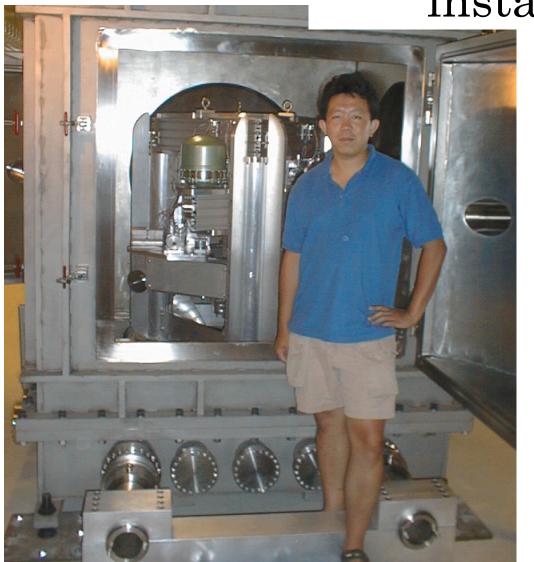




Pendulum Interactions



Rapid Prototype (mostly) installed in ETF



Improve performance

New flexures to reduce T/H coupling

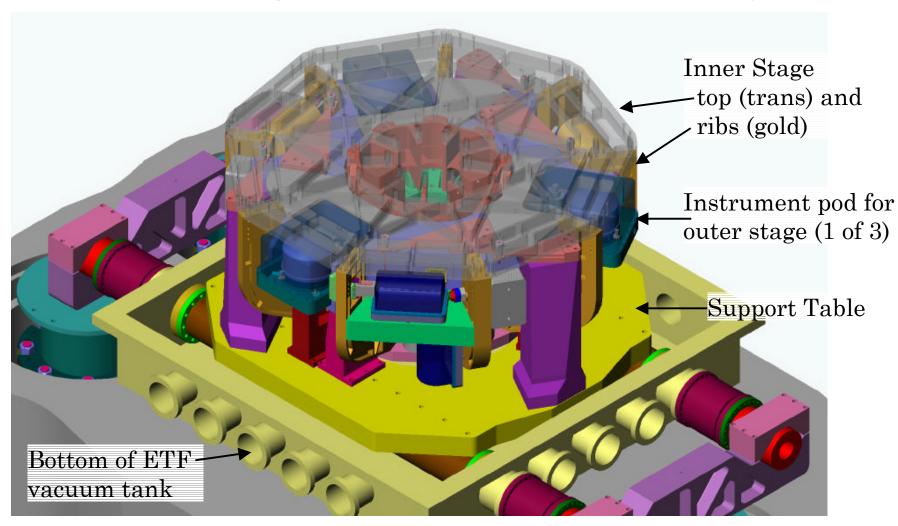
Study ways to combat tilt

Improved System ID

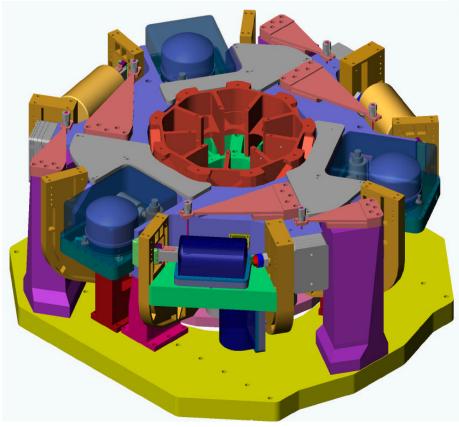
Next Step: Two Stage Prototype for Advanced LIGO

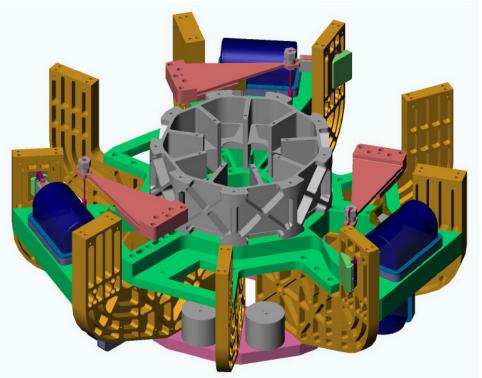
- Prototype for the HAM chamber system, to be installed in vacuum at the Stanford ETF.
- Same sensors, similar actuators as the Advanced LIGO system.
- Same dynamics as the Advanced LIGO system.
- Centers of mass of two stages at the same location.
- Sensors and actuators well aligned.
- How well does it work? Feed design information to the Pathfinder design at LASTI.

HPD Design for the New Prototype



Views of the Prototype Design

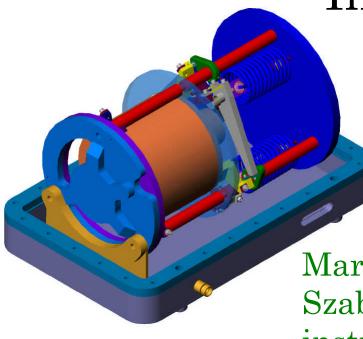




Inner Stage w/o table top

Both stages and support table

In the Labs...



Marcel Hammond and Szabi Marka adapt instruments to vacuum



Model: 3800 version one Rich Abbott qualifies capacitive sensors

Sensor Gain - 1V/100um

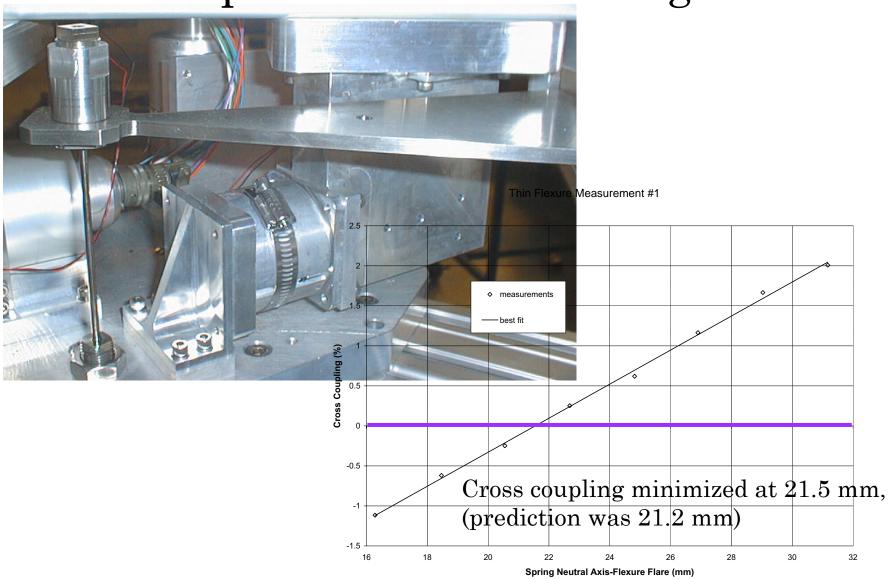
Sensor dynamic range - +/- 500um about a 1000um mean yields 0 to 10 volts

Observed frequency range for noise analysis - 0 to 100 Hz

Output when attached to standard target supplied by manufacturer - 5.39 VDC

Magnitude of observed power spectral density of sensor - 2.5e-6 V/rtHz

Improved Flexure Design



Magnetic coupling of Actuator / Geophone - Giles

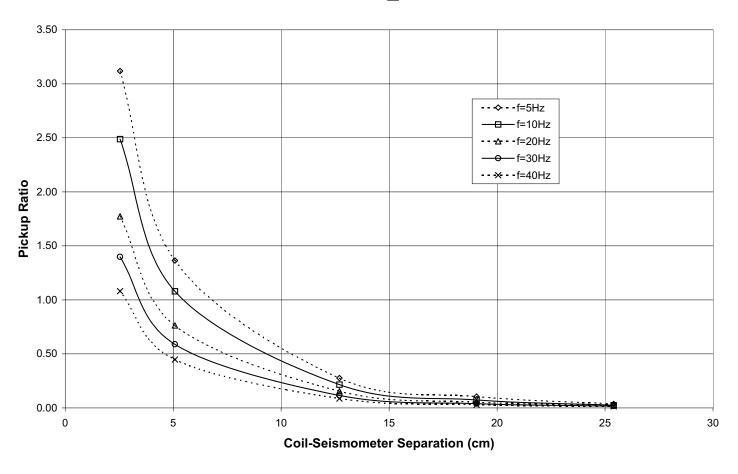


Figure 2. Pickup ratio versus coil-seismometer separation

Summary

Hydraulics work well – working to install the next version in LASTI.

Learned much from the prototypes – hardest problem is tilt/ horizontal coupling.

New prototype is underway, due for delivery in November!

Candidate Actuators Dispacement THAT EST ST Silies Stiction Agoith &otce Hydraulic High Med Med Low Low Low Low Ball Screw High High Low High Low High High Linear Motor High High Low High Low Low Low Piezo or High High Low Low High Low Magnetostriction