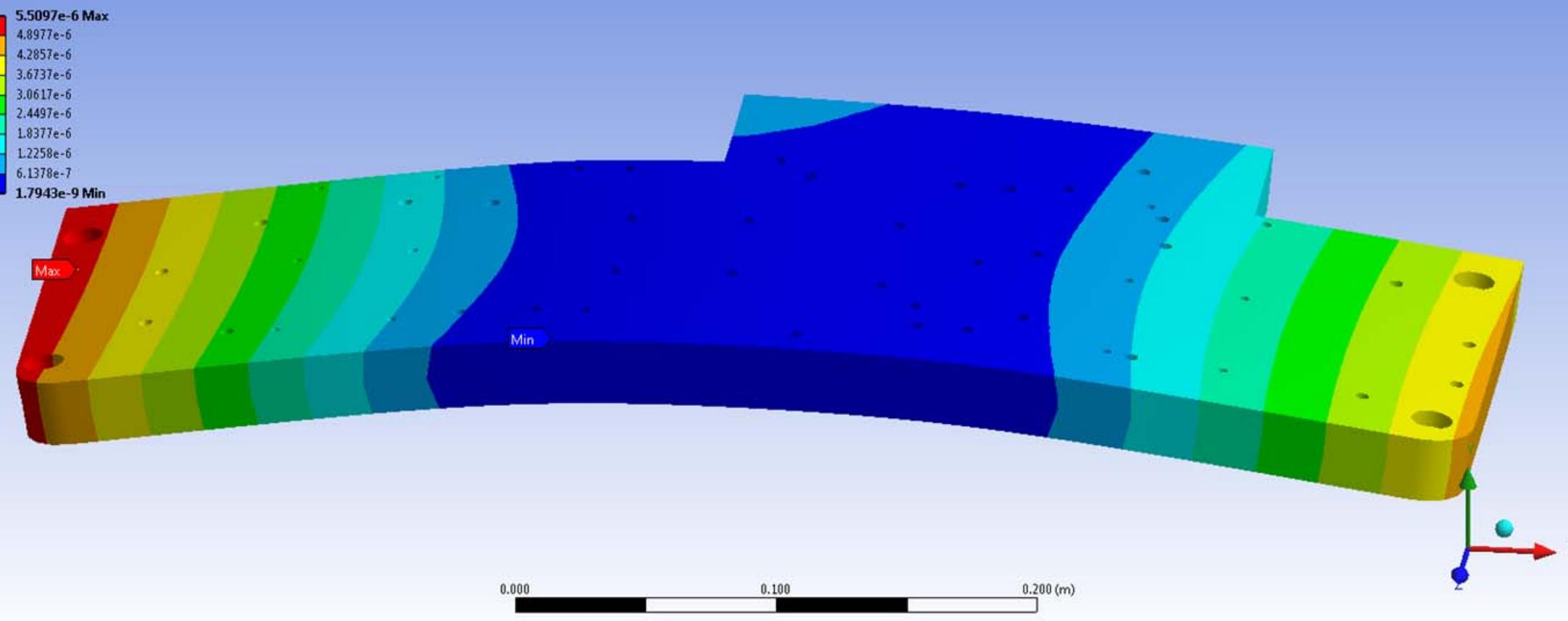


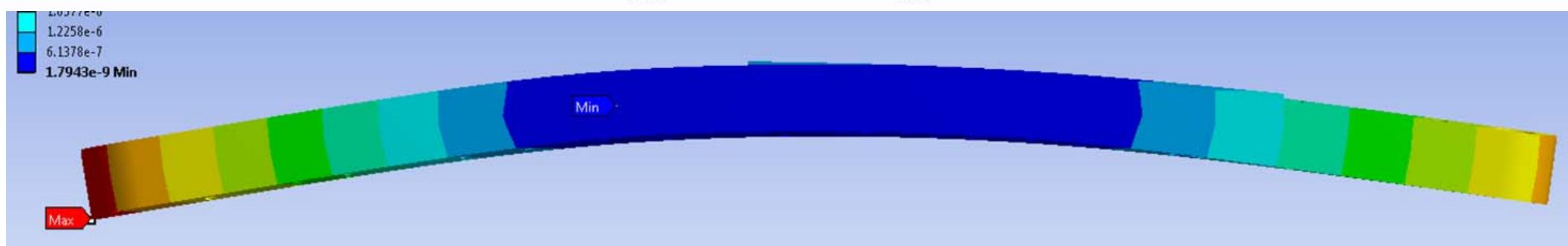
B: Static Structural (ANSYS)  
Total Deformation  
Type: Total Deformation  
Unit: m  
Time: 1  
9/23/2010 8:40 PM



LIGO-T1000558-v1

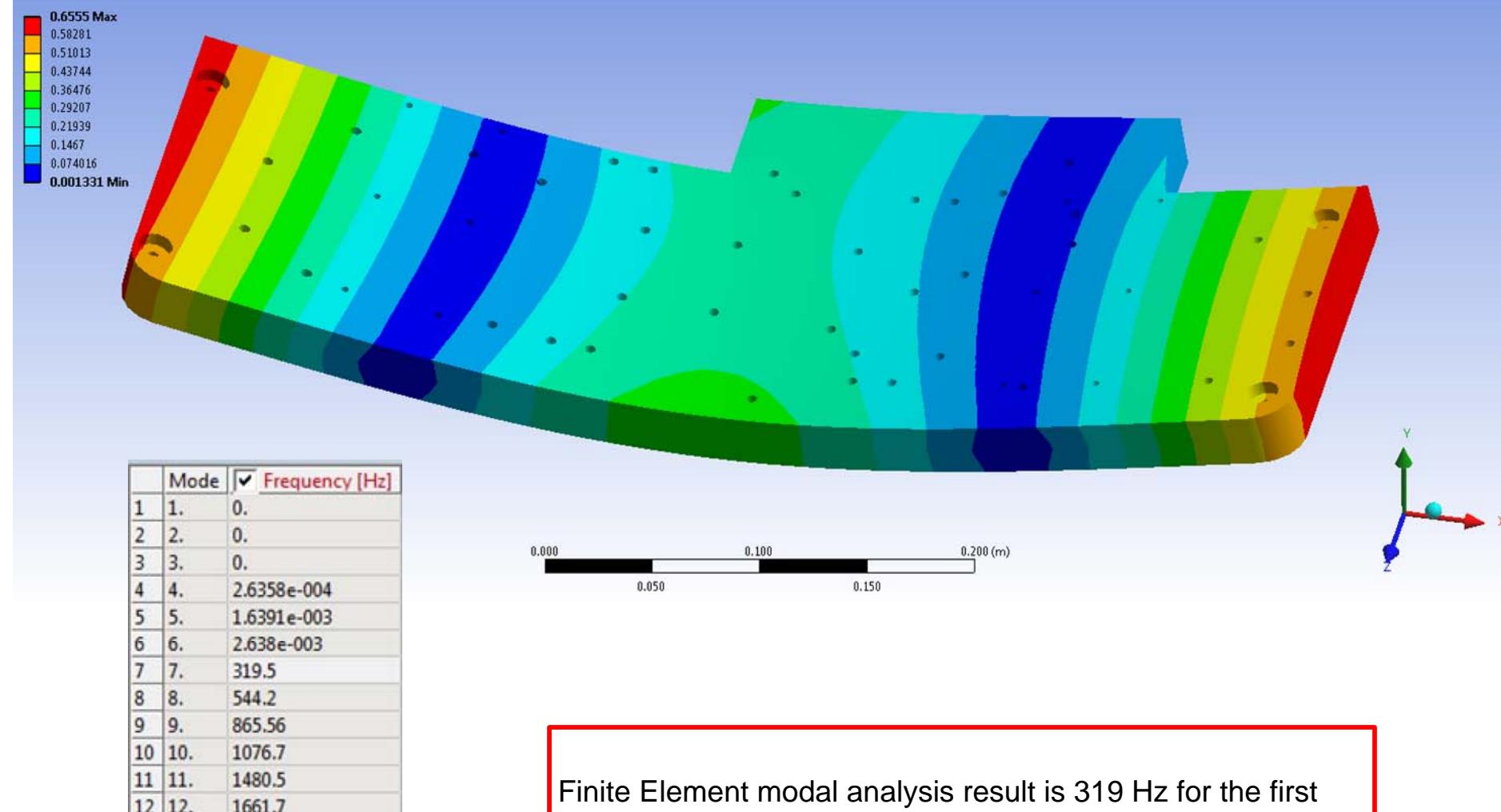


STATIC DEFLECTION UNDER GRAVITATIONAL LOAD WITH THE 4 WIRE SUPPORT POINTS PINNED. THE MAXIMUM DEFLECTION IS 6 MICRONS. FAR LESS THAN THE 1 MM ALIGNMENT TOLERANCE. ALIGNMENT ON A BENCH WILL NOT CHANGE SIGNIFICANTLY WHEN SUSPENDED DUE TO TRANSLATIONAL DEFLECTION.



ANGULAR DEFLECTION (approximate, based on FEA deflection, assuming deflection of plate to an arc)

6.00E-06	deflection, d	m
6.51E+03	radius, r	m
8.59E-05	angle, $\Theta$	rad
1.72E-04	reflected angle	rad
2	maximum lever arm	m
3.44E-04	maximum reflected beam shift	m



Finite Element modal analysis result is 319 Hz for the first frequency. This is close to simple analytical calculations for the first frequency assuming uniform distribution of the mass on a beam (280 Hz) and a rectangular plate (292 Hz).

Analytical formulas are from R. Blevins, Formulas for Natural Frequency and Mode Shape, Krieger Pub., cr 1979.

## OUTPUT FARADAY ISOLATOR TABLE

### RECTANGULAR PLATE (all edges free)

22	0.5588	plate length, a	in, m
7	0.1778	plate width, b	in, m
	3.142857143	plate aspect ratio, a/b	--
	22	approx. eigenvalue $\lambda^2$ for a/b=3	--
1	0.0254	plate thickness, h	in, m
	0.33	Poisson's ratio, v	--
	6.89E+10	elastic modulus, E	Pa
	7.56	plate mass	kg
	7.94	payload mass	kg
	15.5	total mass	kg
	156.0068055	areal density, $\gamma$	kg/m <sup>2</sup>
<b>292</b>	<b>1st frequency</b>		<b>Hz</b>

### BEAM (free-free boundary conditions)

2.42802E-07	moment of inertia, $I=bh^3/12$	$m^4$
27.73801002	lineal density, m	kg/m
4.73	eigenvalue, $\lambda$	--
<b>280</b>	<b>1st frequency</b>	<b>Hz</b>